Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, JANUARY 18, 1869. NUMBER 18.

FIRST EDITION.

TWELVE O'CLOCK; M.

THE CAPITAL.

The Convention of Colored Men—Satisfactory Interview with the Judiciary Committees—Treaties Submitted by the President—The Georgia Investigation—River and Harbor Appropriations—Bricklayers and the Eight Hour Law—Mississippi Levees.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, January 16, 1869.

NATIONAL CONVENTION OF COLORED MEN.

In the National Convention of Colored Men, to-day, H. C. Robson offered a resolution, which was adopted, reciting the grievances of the colored people and requesting that a law be passed by Congress securing the right to vote without distinction of race or color. Among the business suggested is, that a national paper be published in the District of Columbia, and that a Committee for the better education of the colored people be appointed and instructed to call a colored educational Convention at Raleigh on the 22d February.

BRICKLAYERS' CONVENTION.

The Convention of the National Bricklayers' Union adopted a resolution to-day which legalizes the adoption of the eight hour law, the subordinate Unions to inaugurate strikes whenever, in their opinion, occasion requires; provided they do so in conformity with the constitution of the National Union. The matter of raising funds to sustain strikes was left to voluntary contribution, as heretofore.

OUTRAGES UPON TENNESSEE REVENUE OFFICERS.

A letter was received to-day by the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Department in Tuliahoma county, Tennessee, giving an account of outrages perpetrated upon revenue officers in that section for performing their duty. He states that a few nights ago he was taken from his bed by a party of masked desperadoes, who threatened to blow his brains out if he attempted to enforce the revenue laws. They then fired a number of shots at his house, but released him after extracting a promise that he would not attempt to enforce the law. The matter has been referred to the United States Attorney of Tennessee, with instructions to request the assistance of a military force to aid the revenue officers to perform their duty.

TREATIES SUBMITTED.

Specials state that on Friday last the President sent to the Senate the treaties between the Government and that of Great Britain on the Alabama claims, the rights of naturalized citizens, and the questions arising out of the joint occupation of San Juan.

The Alabama treaty is concluded substantially in the original terms presented by our Government. As soon as the treaty was received in the Senate it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations and ordered printed, in confidence, for the use of the Senate. The Committee meets on Tuesday next, when the matter will be considered.

The naturalization treaty, it is understood, concedes on the part of Great Britain that naturalized citizens shall enjoy the same rights in that country as native American citizens.

MISSISSIPPI LEVEES.

On Monday Senator Kellogg will introduce a resolution asking the government to endorse bonds of Louisiana for rebuilding the Mississippi levees, and offering, in trust, for the liquidation of the bonds the seven million acres of swamp lands originally granted by the general government to the State, and also proposing that every section of alluvial land reclaimed from overflow shall at once be sold and the proceeds applied to the liquidation of the bonds.

THE GEORGIA INVESTIGATION.

The Reconstruction Committee have closed the Georgia investigation, and yesterday sent a large amount of testimony to be printed. As soon as this is done the Committee will prepare a report. It is understood the Committee will report against the disturbance of the present state of affairs in Georgia, leaving the question of the eligibility of negroes to hold office to be settled by the Courts.

RIVERS AND HARBORS.

The Senate Committee on Commerce yesterday agreed to report the House bill of last session, with slight modifications, making appropriations of five millions of dollars for improvements of rivers and harbors. An appropriation of $250,000 for the removal of the obstructions in Hell Gate, in the New York harbor, is also included.

THE SILK SEIZURE.

The firm owning the silks seized in New York, a short time ago, for an attempt to evade duties, has offered $50,000 to have the goods returned to them. The Secretary of the Treasury has the matter under consideration.

CURRENCY.

The receipts of fractional currency for the week were, $945,000; shipments, $361,660; National Bank currency issued, $111,430; actual circulation, $293,794,283; fractional currency redeemed, $351,200.

WASHINGTON, January 17, 1869.

HAD AN INTERVIEW.

The Committee appointed by the Colored Men's National Convention, to wait upon the Judiciary Committee of the House, had an interview with the Committee, yesterday, and were received in the most cordial manner. Mr. Weir addressed the Committee at length, stating fully the wishes of the Convention and people he represented relative to their condition, and most respectfully urged upon them the importance of taking speedy action in the matter of the enfranchisement of the colored population North and West. Mr. Downing respectfully urged upon the Committee the necessity of Congress passing an act providing that in payment of bounties to colored soldiers no distinction on account of former condition shall be made, but those borne on the muster roll as slaves shall receive the same bounty allowed to other soldiers for the same period and term of service. The Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, in replying to the address of Mr. Weir, assured them that Congress was fully alive to the question of equal rights and would not fail to take action in the matter in a short time. Regarding the bounty question, they were instructed to seek an interview with the Committee on Military Affairs whom, they were assured, would render satisfaction. The interview was a pleasant one, lasting about an hour, and concluded evidently satisfactory to all.

CROP ESTIMATES.

The Agricultural Department furnishes the following estimates of the Corn and Cotton crops of the past year:

In *Corn* there has been an increase of 137,000,000 bushels over last year, and an aggregate increase of 67,000,000 bushels larger than 1859. This does not include the Pacific States, which are not favorable to the production of Corn, but is a decrease in proportion to the population. The total product is 905,178,000.

Cotton.—Since the October returns were received, local reports from the Cotton sections have been much more favorable, especially in the southwest, where the result, in comparison with the acreage planted, is better than in any preceding year, since the adoption of labor. Picking had been unexpectedly prolonged and the autumn was favorable. The estimate gives a total product of 2,380,000 bales, and this is believed to be below rather than above the actual yield.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, January 16, 1869.

A number of gentlemen met last evening and formed a General Association of Engineers in America. Branches are to be established in every State in the Union, the object being to improve all engineering trades and professions.

Rev. Dr. Littlejohn is to be consecrated Bishop of Long Island next Wednesday.

Rev. Frederick D. Huntington, of Boston, has accepted the Bishoprick of Central New York.

Judge Dickey, as Sub-Committee of the Congressional Committee of Investigation into the alleged election frauds, is engaged in the prosecution of inquiries in the interior.

The Albany *Argus* says the failure of Parker, Brooks & Co., of New York, and Pier, Brooks & Co., of Springfield Centre, is announced. The liabilities are stated to be upwards of four hundred thousand dollars, and it is claimed they have assets which will considerably more than meet their indebtedness.

Judge Ingraham to-day granted an order in the case of Blatchford vs. officers of the Merchants Union Express Company, that defendants show cause before him on Monday why a receiver should not be appointed. In another case, James H. McVickar vs. same Co., Judge Brady issued an interlocutory injunction, restraining them from transferring any property and from collecting the assessment recently levied in view of the consolidation injunction. A dispatch from Albany says the Assembly once more, by a vote of forty-six to thirty-three, tabled the resolution providing for an investigation into the affairs of the Merchants Union Company.

NEW YORK, January 17.—A meeting of the 9th army corps officers and officers of the Burnside expedition into North Carolina has been called by Gen. Burnside to meet in New York on February 8th, the anniversary of the capture of Roanoke Island, for the purpose of making a permanent organization, and taking measures for a general meeting at an early day.

Handbills were extensively posted up about the city to-day with a *fac simile* of the envelope found in the coat pocket of the murderer of Mr. Rogers, and offering a reward of $150 to $1,000 for information as to who wrote it and by whom sent, to be communicated confidentially to the District Attorney, and guaranteeing the party so communicating protection from arrest or detention in consequence; also offering to the man who was with the murderer, but did not participate therein, a reward of $3,000 and a guarantee against prosecution as an accessory, if he will come forward and give up the murderer to justice.

The afternoon express train on the Harlem Railroad from Albany was thrown from the track at Towner's station, thirty miles from this city, about half-past seven o'clock last evening, by the breaking of a rail. The two rear cars were thrown from the track and one overturned. Great excitement and consternation prevailed, but fortunately only one passenger, Mrs. Earle, wife of the proprietor of Earle's Hotel, in this city, was seriously hurt. A number of other passengers were cut and bruised, but were able to come to the city on a relief train about 11:30 P. M.

Outrages by Arkansas Militia.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, January 16.—Last night nine militia men, from the force at Marion, Ark., went to the house of a widow lady, whose name is withheld at the request of numerous relatives here, and outraged her three daughters, aged sixteen, eighteen and twenty, after helping themselves to what things they wanted. Information of the affair was given to Col. Watson, commanding the militia, who this afternoon succeeded in arresting all the guilty parties. The greatest excitement exists at Marion, and but for the promise of Col. Watson that the villains shall have stern justice meted them, doubtless the community would now be in arms.

Another party also went to the house of Jefferson Reeves, near the same place, and outraged his wife. They then went to the house of Mr. Skipson, county clerk, and maltreated Mrs. Watson, an elderly lady from New York, living with him. This party has not been arrested as yet.

Louisiana Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, January 16.—There was a lively debate in the House to-day over the Governor's veto of the joint resolution authorizing the payment per diem and mileage of members of the Committees authorized to sit during the recess, but the House sustained the veto. Thirty-four out of thirty-six Senators were on these Committees. The Senate has passed the bill over the veto.

Notice of contest has been served on all new Louisiana Congressmen to whom certificates have been issued, except that of L. A. Sheldon. The contestants are busily engaged in hunting up evidence to support their claims. General Sheldon has a letter from Hon. Henry L. Dawes, stating that the thirty days for notice of contest having expired without notice being served, he considers the case settled, as he has never known an instance where the House allowed a contest to proceed after such failure.

Affairs in Virginia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, Jan. 16.—The Republican State Central Committee has been called to meet January 27th, to consider the propriety of calling a new State Convention. It is understood the new Convention is to consider the nomination of new candidate, for Governor and other offices.

Death Sentence.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA, January 16.—Gerald Eaton was to-day sentenced to death in the court of Oyer and Terminer for the murder of Heenan.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Eastern Question—Result of the Paris Conference—Postoffice Money Order System in Germany—Cortes Elections in Spain—Denial from Charles Dickens of the Death of His Brother's Wife—The Alabama Claims—The Adoption of the Ballot at Parliamentary Elections Considered in Public Meeting—Trouble Between Turkey and Persia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREECE AND TURKEY.

PARIS, January 16.—Another session of the Conference was held to-day for the purpose of affording an opportunity for the members to sign the declaration of its opinions.

The public newspapers of this evening say the declaration asks of Greece, in the interest of European peace, to suppress the bands and vessels intended for incursions into the neighboring States of the Ottoman Empire, and counsels Turkey to withdraw her ultimatum. It concludes by expressing hopes of the speedy renewal of diplomatic relations between Turkey and Greece.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—Dispatches from the East report that a difficulty has arisen between Turkey and Persia. Disturbances broke out upon the eastern frontier of Asiatic Turkey, between the Persians and the Turks, which have led to the withdrawal of the Embassador of the Porte from Teheran. Since these occurrences Persia has been massing troops on her northwestern frontier.

PARIS, January 17.—The Turkish Minister has agreed to the main points of the settlement proposed by the Conference, but awaits instructions from Constantinople before signing the resolves of that body. M. Rangabe, representative of Greece, has informed M. Lavette, the British Minister of Foreign Affairs, that instructions from the Government, at Athens, are delayed in consequence of the interruption of the telegraph.

PARIS, January 17.—*Evening.*—The Conference on the Eastern question is on the point of closing its sessions. It recommends Greece to accept so much of the Turkish ultimatum as relates to Cretan affairs, and to refer the case of the officer at Syria to the decision of the Courts, and promises that Turkey will withdraw the last point of her ultimatum touching the observation of international law. The Conference maintains the policy of strict non-intervention.

The latest advices from Athens show that preparations for war are actively going on in all parts of Greece. The Banks of Athens have loaned the Government $20,000,000 for war purposes.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, January 16.—Charles Dickens publishes a card in the London papers to-day, denying the story of the recent death of his brother's widow in Chicago. He says that the lady is still alive and well, and that he is trustee of her estate, under settlement.

The signing of the treaty for settlement of the Alabama claims has elicited favorable comments from all the London papers.

A meeting of those favoring the ballot in Parliamentary elections was held here last evening. Able speeches were made by Milner, Gibson, Charles Baxter and others. The assemblage was large.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Jan., 16.—The elections in this city and a great majority of the provincial towns have been carried by the Government candidates.

MADRID, Jan. 17.—Additional reinforcements for the army in Cuba will soon sail under Gen. Pelez.

Returns from the provinces increase the overwhelming majority of the government candidates elected.

GERMANY.

BREMEN, January 16.—On the first of February, prox., the money order system between large towns of North Germany and the United States will be inaugurated. The plan is, to receive payment at Postoffices in the North German Union and the United States and issue orders for the same on agents of North Germany, the amounts to be limited to about fifty dollars.

MARINE NEWS.

SOUTHAMPTON, January 17.—The steamer Weser, from New York, arrived to-day.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

FRANKFORT, January 16.—U. S Bonds 79¼@79¼.

LONDON, January 16,—Consols 93; Five-Twenty Bonds 75½. Stocks higher; Erie, 26¼; Illinois 93.

LONDON, January 16.—Tallow, 37s. 3d. Sugar quiet and steady. Calcutta Linseed 57s. 6d. Petroleum at Antwerp 56@56½ francs.

LIVERPOOL, January 16,—Cotton firmer but not higher; middling uplands 11¾; Orleans 11¾; sales 15,000 bales. California White Wheat, 11s. 8d@9d.; Red Western, 9s. 8d@9s. 10d. Flour, 26s. 6d, Corn, 36s.@36s. 6d.; old, 34s. 3d. Oats, 35s. 6d. Barley, 55s. Peas, 44s. 6d. Pork, 92s. 6d. Beef, 105s. Lard. 72s. Cheese, 71s. Bacon, 57s. Petroleum unchanged. Tallow, 46s. Turpentine, 30s.

HAVRE, January 17.—Cotton market yesterday closed unchanged.

Fires in Nashville.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NASHVILLE, January 17.—A fire broke out this morning between five and six o'clock in the store of A. Memfee, in the block on the northwest corner of Cherry and Broad streets, and before it could be stopped the whole block was burned, together with the roof of a dwelling house adjoining and a stable. The entire loss is estimated at forty thousand dollars, the greater portion of which is covered by insurance. The stores were owned by Reed, Morris, Lumsden, Bloomstein and Ellis. Two were vacant. A portion only of the goods in the others were saved. The dwelling house is owned by Mrs. Jas. Johnson and is fully insured. Its occupants lost a portion of their furniture and two mules in the stable. The fire was accidental.

Another fire occurred last night on the southwest corner of College and Broad, in the store of Mr. Samuels. It was extinguished with about $1,500 damage; covered by insurance.

WEST INDIES.

Reciprocity—Rumored Designs of Grant on Cuba—Commerce Languishing—Progress of the Insurrection—Preparation for an Attack on Puerto Principe.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, January 17.—The neglect of the American and English Ministers at Madrid to arrange a Reciprocity treaty concerning the tonnage dues which Spain conceded last year to all nations, and the advantages of which is at present enjoyed by all except American and English vessels, causes American ships an additional expense of one dollar per ton, thus injuring American commerce.

Letters received here state that General Grant and President Johnson are both positively in favor of Cuban independence, and that General Grant promises to aid in securing that end after his inauguration.

Commerce is languishing and mistrust and suspicion of the stability of certain houses is increasing. The notes of the Spanish bank are quoted at four per cent. discount. The bank is daily besieged by the populace attempting to obtain specie. The President of the Bank died yesterday.

News has been received from Nuevitas to the 14th inst. A detachment of fifteen hundred regular troops arrived there on the 13th, and would soon leave for Puerto Principe. Heavy rains had fallen, and the roads were in a bad condition.

The rebels say they are concentrating ten thousand men, with plenty of arms and ammunition, and eight cannon, to attack Puerto Principe. The commander of that post was well aware of their intentions. He had a garrison of thirty-five hundred men, and had set laborers to work fortifying and barricading the city.

The Peace Commissioners from Havana had arrived at Nuevitas and sent a messenger to the rebel lines, who will in all probability be unsuccessful.

Woman's Suffrage Association.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, January 16.—At a meeting of the Woman's Suffrage Association, this afternoon, a good deal of business was transacted and increased interest in the cause manifested. The attendance was large. Mrs. John S. Phelps was added to the delegation to the Washington Convention, and a large delegation was appointed to visit Jefferson city and lay the subject of female suffrage before the Legislature, with the view of obtaining an amendment to the Constitution striking out the word "male." They also amended their own Constitution by striking out the word "female," and a number of gentlemen joined the Association. Letters were read from the Hon. S. C. Pomeroy, United Sates Senator from Kansas, Mrs. J. S. Griffin, President of the the Suffrage Association of the District of Columbia, Judge Krum, Rev. J. L. Montieth of St. Louis, and others, all giving words of encouragement.

Kansas Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

ST. LOUIS, January 17.—In the Kansas Legislature yesterday a concurrent resolution was introduced in the House asking Congress to submit an amendment to the Constitution giving suffrage without regard to sex or color; also, a concurrent resolution memorializing Congress to grant further aid to the Central Branch of the Pacific Railroad, and asking Congress to preserve the public domain for actual settlers; also a concurrent resolution submitting to the voters of the State an amendment allowing the Legislature hereafter to adopt amendments to the State Constitution.

Maine United States Senator.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUGUSTA, Jan. 17.—The Senators and Representatives in the Maine Legislature from Kennebec county, Mr. Morrill's county, who voted for Morrill at the caucus to nominate a candidate for U. S. Senator, publish a card in which they say as Mr. Hamlin received seventy-five out of 149 votes in caucus, they regard his nomination as valid and binding, and shall vote for him. Senator Morrill arrived here on Saturday night, accompanied by Senator Sprague and his wife.

California Fenian Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 17.—A State Convention of the Fenian Brotherhood has been in session for the past three days. A Committee of Conference was appointed for the purpose of effecting a union of both branches of the Brotherhood on this coast. The action of the Philadelphia Congress of the Fenian Brotherhood was approved and John Hamill elected State Centre for the ensuing year.

Fire at Cincinnati—Two Men Fatally Stabbed at a Wedding.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, January 17.—This morning De Galier & Richen, manufacturers of printing ink and varnishes, lost $8,000 in stock by a fire; insured for $6,000.

Last night Charles Harmer and Otto Hare were fatally stabbed in a row in a boarding house at Hare's wedding. The perpetrators were arrested.

New York United States Senator.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, January 16.—At the Republican Legislative caucus, held to-night, there was a full attendance, and Reuben E. Fenton was nominated for United States Senator on the second ballot, receiving fifty-two two votes against forty for Edwin D. Morgan.

Fire in Savannah, Ga.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAVANNAH, January 17.—A fire this morning destroyed W. D. B. Williams' oil and paint store, and Hutchins' grain and feed store, on Bay street. Loss, $24,000; partially insured.

Georgia Legislature.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ATLANTA, January 16.—In the House today a motion to rescind the act unseating the colored members, and that they be reseated, was lost by a large majority.

—Thirteen members of the Wisconsin Legislature signed the call on the candidates for the United States Senatorship to define their political views on Monday night. Carpenter is expected to vindicate his character and political reputation. He and Washburne have determined to fight the battle squarely, preferring that either should be elected than either of the other two candidates. Washburne's friends claim forty votes, sure. On Tuesday night the question will probably be decided.

—London papers announce that the agent of the Ohio and Mississippi Railway Company has issued a prospectus of a small loan of 200,000 pounds sterling mortgage bonds at 75 per cent., bearing six per cent. interest principal and interest payable in gold in London. The money, it is stated, is required for the adoption of the gauge connecting the Company with the Illinois Central.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The Dominion (Canada) Parliament has been prorouged until the 25th of next February.

—At Louisville, Ky., the brute who partly roasted his child a few days since, was committed to jail in default of $2,000 bail.

—The Legislative Council of British Columbia is discussing the question of reciprocity with the United States with closed doors.

—Mr. T. Carder, of Marion, Williamson county, Ill., was shot and killed by Samuel Cover, of the same place. No particulars received.

—The Nebraska Republican Legislative caucus, on Friday night last, resulted in no choice for United States Senator, but Mr. Tipton had the highest vote.

—Fairbanks large planing, saw and grist mill, at Keene, N. H., was mostly destroyed by fire on Friday night last. Loss is estimated at $50,000; partially insured.

—The Board of Trade of Portland passed strong resolutions in favor of a reciprocity treaty with Canada; also, favoring appropriations by the government for the Niagara Ship Canal.

—Dr. W. H. M. Howard, of West Fairlee, Vt., was robbed on Friday night last, in the New Haven Depot, of $22,500, $14,000 in bonds and $8,500 in greenbacks, while getting on the train for Boston.

—At Halifax the impression prevails that the Dominion Government will agree to pay Nova Scotia for the railway from Halifax to Truro, on the ground that it is a portion of the Inter-Colonial railroad.

—Another prize fight between Chicago roughs is being arranged. Jerry Donovan has challenged and Fred. Bassey accepted. The stake is to be $2,000, and the mill is to come off within six weeks after the signing of the articles, in Canada.

—In Decatur, Illinois, on Friday night, after a fancy ball, Mahar, Melvillee and Dunnivan, three rowdies, assaulted and killed James Chapman, the result of a feud between Dunnivan and Chapman. The murderers were arrested.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judges Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

In this Court, on Saturday, a Committee was appointed to fix upon a system of taxing costs to provide for the payment of a Stenographer for the Court.

THE TRIAL LIST.

The following is the trial list of the District Court for to-day:

No. 131. Hagerman for use vs. Schadd.
No. 49. Cochran heirs vs. Auld.
No. 62. Burbridge vs. McDevitt.
No. 72. Dollar Savings Bank vs. Aschelman.
No. 73. Finney vs. Bradley.
No. 79. Nicholson vs. Boyd.
No. 81. Cornley & Frisket vs. Eichner Bros.
No. 142. Ardesco Oil Co. vs. Fleming et al.
No. 120. Owners of the towboat Neville vs. Edgerton.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

The following sentences were passed in the Criminal Court on Saturday:

Edward Nau, convicted of stealing a horse from a Mr. Smith, on Troy Hill, was sentenced to one year and six months in the Penitentiary. Wm. Mahl, implicated in the same transaction, was sentenced to two years and nine months in the same institution.

Wm. Edgerly, one of the parties engaged in the riot at O'Neil's coal works, was sentenced to an imprisonment of one year and three months in the Penitentiary.

Joseph Patterson, convicted of assault and battery, was sentenced to pay a fine of twenty dollars and costs.

Reilly Jackson, colored, convicted of unlawfully cutting Albert Cooper, also colored, was sentenced to pay a fine of twenty dollars and undergo three months' imprisonment in the county jail.

C. R. Davidson, charged with false pretences, and arrested on a requisition, was brought into Court, and bail fixed at $2,000, to be approved by the clerk.

In the case of Daniel Mehan and others, convicted of malicious mischief, the motion for a new trial was over-ruled.

An argument was heard, but no decision made, in the case of Mrs. Eliza Sholo, convicted of burning the barn of a Mr. Crawford, in McKeesport.

Court adjourned to meet at the usual hour this morning.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY, JANUARY 18, 1869.

Com. vs. John Blakely.
Com. vs. Ernest Dengal.
Com. vs. John Bird.
Com. vs. Rachel Kinney.
Com. vs. Mary Johnson.
Com. vs. Robert Holmes.
Com. vs. Rudolph Prysi.
Com. vs. Daniel Williams.
Com. vs. John A. Kohrson.
Com. vs. Frank Toner.
Com. vs. Patrick Hogan.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1869.

Com. vs. Robert Campbell, et al.
Com. vs. Ann Campbell.
Com. vs. Solomon R. Spradling.
Com. vs. Francis Hahn and Gottleib Wooster.
Com. vs. Joseph McCann.
Com. vs. Ellen Williams.
Com. vs. Nicholas J. Bennett, three cases.
Com. vs. John Kennedy.
Com. vs. W. J. Simpson and Wm. Porter.
Com. vs. David Lyle.

Court of Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett and Mellon.

The usual Saturday business was transacted in this Court.

THE TRIAL LIST.

The following is the trial list for to-day:

242. Louer vs. Ihmsen.
61. White et al vs. Kramer.
245. Robinson, admx, vs. Pittsburgh, Allegheny & Manchester Railway Company.
128. Fleming & Co., vs. Bushnell,
252. Robinson & Co., vs. Duncan.
265. DeKnight vs. Scott.
275. Finney vs. Brown.
276. Jacobs vs. Hanna, et al.
277. Lowrie, admnx., vs. Miller.
789. Graham vs. Means, et al.

Allegheny City Engineer's Report.

The annual report of the City Engineer, Mr. Charles Davis, brought before the Allegheny Councils at their last regular meeting, is an interesting and instructive paper, and will repay perusal by every citizen interested in the improvement of that municipality. It is rather too lengthy to be published in full in a daily journal, but the following extracts, regarding some of the more important points discussed, will perhaps be sufficient to give an idea of its scope and general character, the reader being referred for further information to the pamphlet copy of City Reports, to be published in a short time, and in which it will be found in full. It commences with a statement of the

STREET IMPROVEMENTS

during the year, from which it seems the total length of streets graded and paved amounts to six and nine-tenth miles, at a cost of $206,639.78. The total amount expended on street, sewer, wharfage, and park improvements is $277,601.67, an increase of over $3,000 over that of 1867. In the progress of these improvements, in many cases, the streets had never been properly surveyed and located, and the establishment of monuments, or references, at regular intervals, from which to run the lines in the future, is recommended.

THE CONSTRUCTION OF SEWERS

forms the next topic in the report. During the year 3,500 feet of sewerage has been finished, at a cost of $29,154. The work in this department has been rather limited owing to the failure to get it under contract in time. There are at present unexecuted contracts for the extension of sewer mains 5,036 feet, which will be completed next season. Petitions have also been presented to Councils asking for the extension of lateral branches to the extent of nearly two miles in different portions of the city. In the construction of these lateral branches the use of pipes is recommended for its cheapness and better adaptation to the purpose than those of brick. This is based upon the experience of other cities. The efficiency of the pipe sewers depends however, upon the correctness of the lines and curves, and there should be established as early as possible, rules and regulations governing the privileges of tapping and use of the sewers, which would effect the desired end in making them practicable. To provide for the payment of amount expended on this improvement, assessments are made by the superficial foot, which from the present indefiniteness of property plans, render it almost impossible to make them correct. As a remedy for this, the Philadelphia system is strongly recommended, by which an accurate record of all divisions and sub-divisions of property is made and rendered available for information at any time.

SUGGESTIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.

In the latter portion of the report several suggestions and recommendations are made which are worthy of note. One, in relation to the "Smoky Island Bar" in the River district of the First ward, recommends the construction of a series of dams, to catch and retain the material carried down by floods, by which means, in a short time, a large area of the best territory for business purposes might be reclaimed from waste, thus materially enhancing the city's interest.

The appointment of a Committee by Councils is suggested, for the purpose of visiting other cities, to ascertain from their experience and practice the best methods of city improvements, as it is always better to profit by the experience of others than to gain wisdom at the expense of repeated failures.

Attention is called to the unsuitableness of the present City Engineer's office for the purpose, on account of its small size. The duties of the Engineer also, need to be clearly defined. As it is at present there is no regular ordinance establishing his duties, and he is thereby liable to be imposed upon, or perhaps transgress the rights of others. A reorganization of the office would remedy this evil, and the obtaining of a larger room would secure the safe keeping of all the records with much less trouble and in a much more avaiable shape

Lincoln.

Mr. Lincoln is sometimes claimed as an example of a ready-made ruler. But no case could be less in point; for, besides that he was a man of such fair-mindedness as is always the raw material of wisdom, he had in his profession a training precisely the opposite of that to which a partisan is subjected. His experience as a lawyer compelled him not only to see that there is a principle underlying every phenomenon in human affairs, but that there are always two sides to every question, both of which must be fully understood in order to understand either, and that it is of greater advantage to an advocate to appreciate the strength than the weakness of his antagonist's position. Nothing is more remarkable than the unerring tact with which, in his debate with Mr. Douglas, he went straight to the reason of the question; nor have we ever had a more striking lesson in political tactics than the fact, that opposed to a man exceptionally unscrupulous in appealing to those baser motives that turn a meeting of citizens into a mob of barbarians, he should yet have won his case before a jury of the people.

Mr. Lincoln was as far as possible from an impromptu politician. His wisdom was made up of a knowledge of things as well as of men; his sagacity resulted from a clear perception and honest acknowledgment of difficulties, which enabled him to see that the only durable triumph of political opinion is based, not on any abstract right, but upon so much of justice, the highest attainable at any given moment in human affairs, as may be had in the balance of mutual concession. Doubtless he had an ideal, but it was the ideal of a practical statesman—to aim at the best, and to take the next best if he is lucky enough to get even that.

His slow, but singularly masculine, intelligence taught him that precedent is only another name for embodied experience, and that it counts for even more in the guidance of communities of men than in that of the individual life. He was not a man who held it good public economy to pull down on the mere chance of building better. Mr. Lincoln's faith in God was qualified by a very well founded distrust of the wisdom of man. Perhaps it was his want of self-confidence that more than anything else won him the unlimited confidence of the people, for they felt that there would be no need of retreat from any position he had deliberately taken. The cautious, but steady advance of his policy during the war was like that of a Roman army. He left behind him a firm road on which public confidence could follow, he took America with him where he went; what he gained he occupied, and his advanced posts became colonies. The very homeliness of his genius was its distinction. His kingship was conspicuous by its work-day homespun. Never was ruler so absolete as he, nor so little conscious of it; for he was the incarnate common sense of the people. With all that tenderness of nature whose sweet sadness touched whoever saw him with something of its own pathos, there was no trace of sentimentalism in his speech or action. He seems to have had but one rule of conduct, always that of practical and successful politics, to let himself be guided by events, when they were sure to bring him out where he wished to go, though by what seemed to contracted minds, which let go the possible to grasp at the desirable, a longer road.—*Pro. Lowell, in the North American Review for January.*

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—Flour dull at $4,75a5,75. Wheat—sales choice shipping at $1,75, full price. Legal tenders 74. Mining stocks—Alpha 57; Belcher 161; Bullion 30; Chollar 166; Confidence 36; Crown Point 54; Empire Mill 120; Gould Curry 101; Hale & Norcross 58; Imperial 129; Kentuck 230; Ophir 35; Overman 80; Savage 77; Sierra Nevada 33; Yellow Jacket 14,15.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE OLDEST CHRISTIAN HYMN.

[In] *Paed. Lib.* III. of Clement of Alexandria, is given in (Greek) the most ancient hymn of the Primitive Church. It is there (150 years after the Apostles) asserted to be of much earlier origin. It may have been sung by the "beloved disciple" before he ascended to his reward. The following version will give some imperfect idea of its spirit:]

Shepherd of tender youth,
Guiding in love and truth,
Through devious ways;
Christ, our triumphant King!
We come thy name to sing,
And here our children bring,
To shout thy praise.

Thou art our holy Lord!
The all-subduing Word,
Healer of strife!
Thou didst thyself abase,
That from sin's deed disgrace
Thou might'st save our race,
And give us life.

Thou art wisdom's High Priest!
Thou hast prepared the feast
Of holy love!
And in our mortal pain
None calls on Thee in vain;
Help Thou dost not disdain,
Help from above.

Ever be Thou our Guide,
Our Shepherd and our pride,
Our staff and song!
Jesus! Thou Christ of God!
By thy perennial word,
Lead us where Thou hast trod,
Make our faith strong.

So now, and till we die,
Sound we Thy praises on high,
And joyful song
Infants, and the glad throng,
Who to Thy Church belong,
Unite and swell the song
To Christ our King.

EPHEMERIS.

—Peach trees in full bloom beautify Florida.

—Henry Vincent is still lecturing out West.

—Mark Twain rides velocipedes and enjoys it.

—Sojourner Truth has been lecturing in Detroit.

—Max. Maretzek's opera troupe is in Boston.

—Four o'clock tea parties are fashionable in Paris.

—Wade Hampton is in Mississippi hunting bears.

—For $10 one can knock down one's sister in Mobile.

—Hurdle races are popular with the skaters on Boston rinks.

—There was a base ball match in Mobile on New Year's day.

—Nasby is said to be the best paid postmaster in the country.

—There is a grandfather only thirty-one years old in Vermont.

—Ohio has 5,890 miles of railroad track, and Missouri has 1,400.

—The Davenport Brothers are in this country seancing again.

—Rossini is said to have left no unpublished operas behind him.

—Burnett, the funny man, announces his "first annual farewell tour."

—The library of the late Ante-Duke Maximilian is for sale in Leipsig.

—An exchange thinks that most women study in the School of Design.

—A new prima donna named Lanara is soon to appear in this country.

—Venison from Minnesota retails in Chicago for fifteen cents per pound.

—During the past six months thirteen men have been lynched in Indiana.

—Savannah boasts, once more, that her wharves are crowded with shipping.

—England receives her Japanese and Chinese news through the United States.

—A company of English capitalists is going to give New York its long talked of pneumatic dispatch.

—The profits of the New York *Tribune* last year were $180,000, and of the New York *Post* $250,000.

—Bierstadt's picture of the Yosemite Valley won him a gold medal at the recent Berlin art exhibition.

—Audubon and his wife made their bridal trip in 1808 down the Ohio from Pittsburgh to Louisville, on a flat boat.

—The editor of the Springfield *Republican* is said to have become partially insane as a result of his late imprisonment.

—Cincinnati is fortunate in her amusements this week. Mrs. Lander, Mrs. Scott Siddons and Miss Kellogg are all there.

—Tamberlik, the tenor who won so much renown during the wild days of the Spanish revolution, meditates on an American tour.

—Pfan fell in New Orleans, but kissed his hand and said he wasn't hurt. He did the same thing here. It seems to be his habit.

—There is said to be a great deal of eleegant dressing this winter in Washington, done by the wives of statesmen and politicians.

—Two boys, who were recently expelled from school at Andover, Maine, set fire to the school-house in revenge, and it was entirely destroyed.

—A polite philosopher once thanked a lady who had been singing to a party for an hour, by saying, "Madam, you have wasted our time charmingly."

—How pleasant it must be to burn off the toes of one's son with a red-hot poker. A citizen of Williamsburg, N. Y., revelled in this bliss the other day.

—Last Friday week Parepa gave a supper in New York, at which were Mrs. Sequin, Steinway, Weber, Watson, Carl Rosa and other celebrities.

—In Paris there are fifty wealthy negro families living on terms of perfect social equality with the members of the best families of the highest circles.

—An individual in Chicago, for a small salary, allows a "good pistol shot" to put a ball through his hat, the ball passing within an inch of his skull.

—A lady in Salem, Massachusetts, last week, lost about a dozen yards of velvet, which took fire from the rays of the sun passing through a globe of water.

—A new use for velocipedes has been discovered. It is proposed to send a man on a velocipede ahead of every railway train to discover dangers and thus prevent accidents.

—The Boston *Post* is very severe on New York Republicans; it call them Union League blockheads. Such delicate, refined sarcasm must make its victims feel dreadfully.

—At Bath, New York, recently, a boy who was coasting could not stop his sled as a train of cars came along, and shot like an arrow across the railroad track between the wheels of a car, and escaped the slightest injury.

—The Kansas Legislature has a new member who, no doubt, will do honor to the rising reputation of that young State, his name, and there is a good deal in a name, is Joab Epaminondas Squash.

—A young lady in Rochester, who had been standing with her back to hot fire, leaped up and shrieked violently the moment she sat down on a chair. The "Duplex Eliptic" had steel wires in it.

—A party returning from church at Hannibal, Missouri, last Sunday, were attracted by the cries of a colored woman, weighing 800 pounds, who had sunk into a mud hole. A derrick of fence rails had to be raised to get her out.

—At a Neosho, Kansas, dancing party, the other night, the highly perfumed head of a young man ran into the gas light, whereupon his hair blazed up two feet, causing "an awful smell of oil, hair, etc., for a few minutes afterward."

—Wisconsin horsethieves stole a horse from a poor Methodist preacher, and escaped with it. The horse was a good one, and would have been a bitter loss to the poor preacher if the thieves had not murdered him before they stole his horse.

—General Sherman is said to detest new uniforms and never wears one, because when he was a young Lieutenant displaying himself in Washington in all the grandest of new blue and brass, he was mistaken for a fireman and asked where his engine was going to squirt.

—On Thursday a mad dog made his appearance on Broadway, Cincinnati, and before a stop was put to his wild career he bit more than twenty people. So extensive a disaster of this kind has never before come under our notice. Several prominent citizens were among the victims of the rabid animal.

—In justice to that much abused being, the musquito, we are called upon to announce that a savant writes to the American Naturalist that "the male musquito is beautiful, both physically and morally, as they do not bite; their manners are more retiring than their stronger-minded patrons, as they rarely enter our dwellings, and live unnoticed in the woods."

—The London *Church Missionary Intelligencer* states that the Protestant communities at Nazareth and the villages of Galilee amount at the present time to 500 souls. The plan of building a church at Nazareth has been formed since the year 1863, and after considerable delay an Imperial firman was obtained. The site for the church has been bought and surrounded by a wall.

—A Brunswick (Maine) paper tells of a dog who went to church on Christmas day, and when the minister began to pray he raised himself and sat upon his haunches, bending low his fore-paws and his head. This reverend posture he maintained throughout the prayer, coming back to his four-legged position just as soon as the "amen" was pronounced, and running as if to greet the clergyman.

—The luxury of the Romans is being outdone by modern women of fashion. The most celebrated of Paris beauties has inaugurated one of the most extravagant innovations of this extravagant age. Every day she changes the decoration of her boudoir as if by magic. On awakening in the morning, the chameleon-like apartment that was mauve satin yesterday is changed to pink silk to-day, and will most likely be green velvet to-morrow.

—Enterprising local reporters are constantly finding out sensation items and writing them up for the daily papers, but they have allowed one to escape them, and we shall have the honor of first publishing it. Does slavery exist in Pittsburgh? If a man be not a Christian, is it no sin to enslave him? These questions are prompted by a sign which we saw in the window of a large establishment on one of our principal streets, which reads thus: "Good Musslims for sale cheap." Now, why should Musslims be sold? A good Musslim may be a good man, and has certain civil rights which must be observed, and the sooner the police interfere and stop such unholy traffic the better. On second thought, we take this all back. The store referred to is a dry goods store; the sign, a home made one, is possibly the work of a careless or illiterate hand, and Musslims may mean muslins.

Washington Gossip.

A special says it is alleged that about fifteen million dollars of the Government balance that is every month reported as currency in the Treasury, is now and has been for years deposited with a certain banking firm.

Colonel A. K. McClure and a few of his friends had an interview with General Grant on Thursday, in which the subject of Pennsylvania politics was freely discussed. The General gave them to understand that no proscription of Republicans upon the part of Senators would be tolerated by him, and the wishes of the workingmen of the Republican party would be looked to in the selection of any Cabinet officer that may be taken from Pennsylvania.

The State Department is in receipt of further advices from Reverdy Johnson respecting the Alabama negotiations. Though not yet entirely complete, still further satisfactory progress has been made, and the present status of the matter is such as to warrant the belief that a favorite treaty will shortly be submitted to the Senate.

Advices have been received here from trustworthy parties residing in Cuba, which state that the revolutionary party is hourly becoming stronger, and little doubt is entertained by those competent to judge of events that the revolutionists will be successful in shaking off the Spanish yoke and establishing a republican government. These facts have been made known to prominent Senators and Representatives, and it is not improbable that some action will be taken by Congress, showing the sympathy of the United States in the struggle now going on in that country.

THE New York jewelers from whom Mr. Colfax purchased his bridal presents, have given his wife a porcelain vase, a foot in diameter, holding an assortment of artificial flowers. The top is of apple-blossoms, and nestled among them is a blue bird. This bird sings for half an hour at a time, with a loud and clear note, turning his head, using his mouth, and performing other antics similar to those specimens of Swiss mechanism so common at Geneva, and exhibited there to the great delight of shoddy Americans.

DENTISTRY

TEETH EXTRACTED

WITHOUT PAIN!

NO CHARGE MADE WHEN ARTIFICIAL TEETH ARE ORDERED.
A FULL SET FOR $8,

AT DR. SCOTT'S.

378 PENN STREET, 3D DOOR ABOVE HAND.

ALL WORK WARRANTED. CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF GENUINE VULCANITE. my9:d&T

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

We are now prepared to supply TINNERS and the Trade with our Patent
SELF-SEALING
FRUIT CAN TOP.
It is PERFECT, SIMPLE and CHEAP. Having the names of the various fruits *Stamped* upon the *Cover*, radiating from the center, and an *Index* or pointer stamped upon the Top of the can. It is clearly, distinctly and PERMANENTLY LABELED by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner.
HOUSEKEEPER No preserver of fruit or good will use any other after once using it.
Send 25 cents for sample.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
139 Second avenue, Pittsburgh.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &C.

BUY THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PIANO AND ORGAN.
Schomacker's Gold Medal Piano,
AND ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN.
The SCHOMACKER PIANO combines all the latest valuable improvements known in the construction of a first class instrument, and has always been awarded the highest premium wherever exhibited. Its tone is full, sonorous and sweet. The workmanship, for durability and beauty, surpass all others. Prices from $550 to $150, (according to style and finish,) cheaper than all other so-called first class Piano.
ESTEY'S COTTAGE ORGAN
Stands at the head of all reed instruments, in producing the most perfect pipe quality of tone of any similar instrument in the United States. It is simple and compact in construction, and not liable to get out of order.
CARPENTER'S PATENT "VOX HUMANA TREMOLO" is only to be found in this Organ. Price from $100 to $550. All guaranteed for five years.
BARR, KNAKE & BUETTLER,
No. 12 ST. CLAIR STREET.

PIANOS AND ORGANS—An entire new stock of
KNABE'S UNRIVALLED PIANOS;
HAINES BROS., PIANOS;
PRINCE & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS and TREAT, LINSLEY & CO'S ORGANS AND MELODEONS.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
des 43 Fifth avenue, Sole Agent.

CONFECTIONERIES.

H. RUH, Practical Cook,
Respectfully announces to the public that he will
On Saturday and Monday Next,
Open to the public the
DELMONICO RESTAURANT,
FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY.
It will be his earnest endeavor to furnish his patrons at all times with the most palatable viands which the market or the season affords. The LIQUORS, WINES of various dates, ALE, BEER, etc., will be their own recommendation.
Orders for Fine Cooking for Weddings, and other Festivals, will, as heretofore, be promptly and cheaply attended to, requesting patronage.
oct8:y66 H. RUH.

GEORGE BEAVEN,
MANUFACTURER OF
CREAM CANDIES AND TAFFIES,
And dealer in all kinds of FRUITS, NUTS, PICKLES, SAUCES, JELLIES, &c., &c.
se4 112 FEDERAL ST., Allegheny.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:y21

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c.
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE GREAT AMERICAN COMBINATION.
BUTTON-HOLE OVERSEAMING
AND SEWING MACHINE.
IT HAS NO EQUAL,
BEING ABSOLUTELY THE BEST FAMILY MACHINE IN THE WORLD, AND INTRINSICALLY THE CHEAPEST.
Agents wanted to sell this Machine.
CHAS. C. BALSLEY,
Agent for Western Pennsylvania.
Corner FIFTH AND MARKET STREETS, over Richardson's Jewelry Store. se4

WALL PAPERS,

NEW
WALL PAPERS,
For Halls, Parlors and Chambers,
NOW OPENING, AT
107 Market St., near Fifth Ave.,
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
se18:

DYER AND SCOURER,

H. J. LANCE,
DYER AND SCOURER.
No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET
And Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS,
FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

FALL ASSORTMENTS
OF
DESIRABLE GOODS
AT
JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S.
TRIMMING SATINS,
IN BLACK, ORANGE AND ALL COLORS.
PLAID AND STRIPED SATINS,
BLACK AND COLORED RONET VELVETS,
BONNET AND NECK RIBBONS,
HANDSOME SASH RIBBONS,
SILK SCARFS,
LACES AND LACE GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES. New design. Another lot.
BOULEVARDE SKIRTS,
IN STRIPED AND BRAIDED. Just received.
WOOL AND MERINO UNDERWEAR, all sizes and quantities.
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS
MEN'S MERINO AND WOOL ½ HOSE.
LADIES' PLAIN AND FANCY WOOL and MERINO HOSIERY,
FLEECED COTTON HOSE.
WOOL GLOVES AND MITS.
ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
WOOLEN GOODS,
HOOP SKIRTS AND CORSETS,
AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.
77 and 79 Market Street.
ja13

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE,
THE NEW SKIRT,
"LE PANIER PERFECTION."
"THE FAVORITE," "THE POPULAR,"
"THE RECEPTION,"
THOMPSON'S TWIN SPRING,
"WINGED ZEPHYR,"
"GLOVE FITTING," CORSETS AND PATENT "PANIERS."
THE NEW GORED OVER SKIRT, "BELLE HELENE," richly embroidered; an elegant street or Skating Skirt.
RICH RIBBONS FOR BOWS, SCARFS AND SASHES.
ROMAN STRIPES AND PLAIDS.
SATINS, all shades and widths.
FLOWERS, PLUMES, HATS AND BONNETS.
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S MERINO UNDERWEAR.
The richest and latest novelties in GIMPS, FRINGES AND BUTTONS.
We especially direct attention to the great excellence of the HARRIS SEAMLESS (Rouillon) KID GLOVES" over all others, and for which we are the Sole Agents.
A complete line of GENTLEMEN'S "STAR" SHIRTS, SUSPENDERS, GLOVES, HALF HOSE, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
SELLING AGENTS FOR LOCKWOOD'S PAPER GOODS, and all other popular makes.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 19 FIFTH AVENUE.
no25

A MERRY CHRISTMAS!
NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
DENNISON & HECKERT,
NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,
Have just received a large and judiciously assorted stock of
EMBROIDERIES, LACE GOODS,
TRIMMINGS, HOSIERY,
Kid Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Slipper Patterns, Zephyr Goods, Scarfs and Gents Furnishing Goods,
and Notions generally.
A splendid selection is afforded in special novelties suitable for
HOLIDAY PRESENTS,
to which the attention of lady readers is specially called.
DENNISON & HECKERT,
des NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE.

PRICES MARKED DOWN.
BARGAINS IN ALMOST EVERYTHING.
REAL HEM STITCH, all Linen, HANDKERCHIEFS, 17c, 19c, 22c and upwards.
TAPE BORDERED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS 6¼c, 8c to 50c.
All our HATS at one-half regular prices.
All the new BALMORAL SKIRTS and Bradley's latest styles of HOOP SKIRTS, at the Lowest Prices in the City.
GENTS' MERINO VEST and DRAWERS, 40c to $5.00.
AT EATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Avenue.
de5

CEMENT, SOAP STONE, &c.

HARTMAN & LARE, No. 124 Smithfield street, Sole Manufacturers of Warren's Felt Cement and Gravel Roofing. Material for sale. ja5:30
HYDRAULIC CEMENT DRAIN PIPE.
Cheapest and best Pipe in the market. Also, ROSENDALE HYDRAULIC CEMENT for sale.
R. B. & C. A. BROCKETT & CO.
Office and Manufactory—240 REBECCA ST., Allegheny. Orders by mail promptly attended to. le22:r93

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
No. 5 FOURTH STREET,
(Between Liberty and Ferry streets
Orders promptly attended to. ap15:

DRY GOODS.

54. — 54.
KITTANNING
EXTRA HEAVY
Barred Flannel,
A VERY LARGE STOCK,
Now Offered,
IN GOOD STYLES.
M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS,
54
WOOD STREET.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS
AT EASTERN PRICES,
NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
FULLERTON'S FREEPORT BARRED FLANNELS,
GREENVILLE FLANNELS AND BLANKETS.
DRY GOODS
AT COST.
FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY,
TO CLOSE STOCK.
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS,
87 MARKET STREET.
de23

CLOSING OUT SALE OF
DRY GOODS
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S.,
NO. 52 ST. CLAIR STREET,
All Wool Grey Twilled Flannel for 37 worth 62c.
Delaines for 20c, worth 25.
Slightly Soiled Blankets $4,00 worth $6,00.
Waterproof for $1,25 worth $1,50.
Poplins for 37½c, worth 50.
Kid Gloves for $1,50 worth $2,00.
Paisley Shawls $13,00 worth $20,00.
Velveteens 2,00 worth $2,75.
Bleached Muslin 12½c. worth 16.
Unbleached Muslin 12½c. worth 17.
Cheapest and best stock in the city. No. 52 ST. CLAIR, near Liberty street. de23

168. 168.
NEW GOODS.
NEW ALPACCAS.
NEW MOHAIR.
BLACK SILKS.
HOSIERY and GLOVES.
F. SOUCY,
No. 168 Wylie Street.
168. 168.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

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BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS.
SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 73 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

CARPETS!
REDUCTION CONTINUED
FOR A FEW DAYS.
Taking advantage of the extreme depression in the Eastern Market during the Holidays, we have added largely to our stock at much below Market Rates. We will continue to sell at our present reduced prices for TEN DAYS longer.
M'CALLUM BROTHERS.
ja7

REDUCTION!!
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
&c., &c.
We offer our stock at reduced prices for a SHORT TIME before commencing to take stock. Now is the time to buy.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
de4:d&wF

JANUARY, 1869.
CARPETS.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE
TWO WEEKS LONGER.
Greater Bargains than Ever will be offered to close out Special Lines of Goods, at
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
SECOND FLOOR.
ja6

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.
100 WOOD STREET.
HOLIDAY GIFTS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA,
NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS, TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, January 16, 1869.

There is but little that is really new or important to be said in regard to the markets in a general way. Trade in general merchandise has been dull throughout the week, the volume of business having been unusually light, which was owing in part to the inclement weather; business, however, is usually dull at this season of the year as many of the large manufacturing suspend operations about the first of the year to take stock, and make repairs. The demand for almost everything is restricted to supplying immediate wants, while in regard to values there are no important changes.

APPLE BUTTER—Dull; 70 to 80 cents.

APPLES—In fair demand, and steady with regular sales at $3,50 to $5,50 per bbl, as to quality.

BUTTER—Continues dull, with liberal arrivals, and a supply considerably in excess of the demand. We continue to quote, however, at 35 to 37, for prime to choice Roll.

BEANS—$3,50 to $3,75 per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Dull at 4 cts.

CHEESE—Sales Hamburg at 16 to 17; and Goshen at 19 to 20c.

CRANBERRIES—$20 to $22 per bbl.

CARBON OIL—Standard white, in a jobbing way, may be quoted at 29½ to 30.

DRIED FRUIT—Steady with a fair local demand but unchanged; Peaches at 12 to 13 for quarters, and 16 to 17 for halves. Apples, 10 to 11c.

DRESSED HOGS—Sales at 13 to 14c.

EGGS—In good supply and dull; may be quoted at 25 for pickeled, and 30c for fresh packed.

HAY—There is no improvement to note in the demand for baled, and the market is dull, and prices unchanged, ranging from $18 to $25, for inferior to prime Timothy.

HOMINY—Sales at $6,25 to $6,50.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is firm with jobbing sales 15 for Shoulders, and 19 to 19½ for Hams. Country Lard, 18 to 19 and prime City at 20. Mess Pork, $30,50 to $31.

LARD OIL—Is held firm at $1,35 for No. 2, and $1,65 for No. 1.

SEEDS—Small sales of Cloverseed at $9, and Timothy at $3,25 to $3,50. Flaxseed, $2,35 to $2,40.

SALT—Is steady but unchanged; Allegheny River brands quoted at $2 by the car load, and 10 to 15 cts higher for small lots in store.

POTATOES—Dull but unchanged; sales by the car load at 73 to 75c, and in store at 80 to 85c.

POULTRY—Sales of Dressed Chickens at 12 to 12½c, and Turkeys at 16 to 17c.

GRAIN—We can report a sale of 70 sks Red Winter Wheat $1,80, and 2 cars Spring—price not given. Oats quiet but steady with light receipts; we continue to quote at 64 to 65c on track, and 67 to 68c for small lots in store. Sale of 300 bushels Ear Corn at 80c; prime Shelled can be sold at 82c, in round lots. Rye is steady at $1,45 to $1,47 for No. 1. Barley may be quoted at $2 for prime Penna. and Ohio Spring, and $1,80 to $1,85 for No. 2 Chicago.

ONIONS—$5 to $5,50 per bbl.

MILL FEED—The following are the Pearl Mill prices: Bran, $1,10; Shipstuffs, $1,30; Middlings, $2, Screenings, $1, and Rye Shorts, $2.

VENISON—Dull—market overstocked. Sales Saddles at 15 to 20c, and whole carcas at 5 to 8c.

FLOUR—Market quiet and unchanged. We quote Spring Wheat, $7,00 to $8,00, and Winter Wheat, $8,50 to $9,00 per barrel. Rye Flour, $7,75 to $8. The Pearl Mill quote their best brands, made of the best Wheat, as follows: Extra Family Flour, in barrels, at $9,10, and, in sacks, $8,80 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $9,80, and, in sacks, $9,50 per barrel; Spring Wheat Flour, in barrels, $7,60, and, in sacks, $7,30 per barrel. The City Mills quote prices as follows: Extra Family, (Winter) in barrels, $9,30, and, in sacks, $9,00 per barrel; Double Extra Family, in barrels, $9,80, and, in sacks, $9,50 per barrel, and Spring, $8,00, in barrels, and $7,70, in sacks, per barrel.

FEATHERS—Live Geese Feathers quoted at 80 to 85 to the trade, and 90 to 95c, in a retail way.

WHISKY—Sales Highwines, in a jobbing way, at 98 to $1.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 136⅜.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, January 16, 1869.

MONEY.

The money market shows an increasing ease and offerings of capital are more liberal day by day. At the opening this morning 7 per cent. was the general rule on call, but before the close of bank hours money was very plenty at 6 per cent.; prime discounts dull at 7@9.

The Gold market was quiet and firm to the close; the two extremes of the day were 136¼ and 136⅜.

BANK STATEMENT.

The Bank Statement is favorable; Banks are expanding their loans freely but there is a large increase in specie, legal tenders and deposits. Loans, $262,338,831; increase, $3,546,269. Specie, $29,258,553; increase, $3,873,806. Circulation, $34,279,153; decrease, $65,003. Deposits, $195,484,843; increase, $7,576,304. Legal Tenders, $52,927,083; increase, $1,785,955.

The *Commercial* says: The receipts of currency from Chicago and the northwest have increased materially during the week, while the remittances to the South have ceased within the last two or three days. Very little is coming from Cincinnati, owing to the fact of that city having to remit freely to the South. The currency balance in the Treasury has, probably, been reduced somewhat below the $13,000,000 held January first, the amount at present in the Sub-Treasury being about $9,000,000. The deficiency in the Internal Revenue receipts will require the Treasury to resort to some means for replenishing its declining balance. We have good reason for believing the Secretary is strongly disinclined to resort for that purpose to the sale of bonds or gold. The Secretary hopes to be able to supply his wants by the issue of 3 per cent. certificates to banks, of which over $19,000,000 remain unissued on the first instant, a course which would at the same time increase the legal reserve of the banks and supply the Treasury with money at a low rate of interest.

BONDS AND STOCKS.

Government bond market shows considerable firmness under the denial of the Secretary of the Treasury of the story of the new issue of bonds. Coupons of 1881, 112½@112¾; do. '62, 112¾@112⅞; do. '64, 109¼@109¾; do. '65, 109¾@110; new do., 108¾@108¾; do. '67, 108⅝@108¾; do. '68, 108¾@109; Ten-Forties, 107¾@108.

State bonds active and higher. Virginias rose to 59½@59¾ for old and 63 for new. There was a large business in new North Carolinas and price advanced to 64¼. Louisiana bonds 74; Levees were 69a59½ for sixes and 81@81½ for Eights; Alabama Fives sold at 64¼ and Eights at 91; New Tennessees steady at 69¼@69¾.

The Railway market in the forenoon was feverish and excited, with New York Central and Northwestern as the special features. The first named opened at 160¼, and steadily advanced to 162. This upward movement is attributable to the defeat yesterday afternoon in the State Senate of the bill to investigate the affairs of the Company, and more particularly in the matter of the recent scrip dividend. The probability of an early settlement of the Jencks' injunction is also urged as a reason for the rise. Northwestern fell about 1 per cent. from the opening price. The immediate cause is a report that the Illinois Legislature is about to reduce the rates of passenger fares on all the roads in the State to 2½ cents per mile. This report is founded on private dispatches from Chicago, which say the bill has passed the Senate and will pass the other branch to-day. The remainder of the Western list was slightly affected by this report. Rock Island was active and variable, having ranged between 129¼ and 128¾. Michigan Southern ruled between 91 and 89¾. A semi-annual dividend of four per cent. has been declared on this stock, but official notice has not yet been made. St. Paul is without special interest. Fort Wayne showed a noticeable firmness, the highest sales being at 121¼, and the lowest at 120⅝. Reading steady at 96@96¾. After the opening of the one o'clock Board there was a general decline, but later the market became active and excited, and New York Central was run up to 163, but there was a very unsettled feeling, and the frequent excitement ran high on Western shares, which had great fluctuations, and at the close were feverish and lower. Miscellaneous list higher. Express shares steady, with an advance in Adams.

The *Express* says the scenes in Wall street are now being shifted once more and the "bears" this time are making their appearance in public, after a long retirement, and they will make an effort at least to retrieve their lost fortunes. The leading "bears" have been secretly at work for some time past in the west, organizing for the campaign in railways through the legislatures in several western States. The first effort has been made in Illinois, and already a bill has passed the Senate which reduces the rate for passenger travel on railways of that State to three cents per mile. It is reported this will pass the House and be signed by the Governor. A similar movement is on foot in Iowa and Wisconsin, and the "bears" calculate this scheme will be successful, reduce the earnings of the Western roads, and thereby depreciate market values on Stock Exchange. It is reported on the street that some roads will increase their capital stock for equipment, and it is rumored that the Michigan Southern directors have already authorized fresh issues for this purpose. The "bears" calculate upon demoralizing the "bulls" on any new issues of stocks, and take comfort from this. The foregoing is the "bear" campaign as far as developed, and it seems from this the "bears" are not to remain mere passive observers of events in Wall street any longer. The "bulls" will of course resist this attack of the "bears," and the battle between the contending forces, commenced to-day on Stock Exchange. This is the situation in Wall street at present and we are likely to see lively times in the immediate future.

Five-thirty Prices:—Cumberland, 37¼@38½; Wells Express, 25¼@25¾; American, 38¼@39; Adams, 52¼@52¾; United States, 46@46½; Merchants Union, 14@14½; Quicksilver, 25; Canton, 54¾@55; Pacific Mail, 122¾@122¾; Western Union Telegraph, 33¾@34; Mariposa, 6@8; do. preferred, 22½@23; New York Central, 163@163½; Erie, 38¾@38¾; do. preferred, 62@64; Hudson, 131¼@132½; Harlem, 130@131; Reading, 95¾@95¾; Terre Haute, 40@41; do. pref., 66@67; Wabash, 62½@62¾; do. preferred, 76; St. Paul, 75@75¼; do. preferred, 94@94¼; Fort Wayne, 121¾@121⅝; Ohio and Mississippi, 33½@32¾; Michigan Central, 117½@118½; Michigan Southern, 90¾@91; Illinois Central, 144½; Pittsburgh, 87¾@88¼; Toledo, 103¾@104; Rock Island, 128½@128¾; Northwestern, 82¼@82¾; do. preferred, 88@88¼.

Mining shares dull; Gregory, 365.

Copper Stocks at Boston—Copper Falls, 14¾; Franklin, 13¾; Hecla, 70; Hancock, 3½; Minnesota, 2; Quincy, 22½.

Export of Gold to-day, $147,000; for the week, $405,700. Clearances at Gold Exchange Bank, $55,000,000.

SUB-TREASURY.

Receipts at the Sub Treasury, $1,788,072; payments, $733,070; balance, $83,115,122.

Imports for the week—Dry Goods, $1,869,336; General Merchandize, $4,374,002.

Markets by Telegraph.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Cotton opened quiet and firm and closed dull and lower, with sales of 2,500 bales at 29½c for middling uplands. Flour receipts, 8,869 barrels. Flour dull and lower; sales of 6,800 barrels at $5,70a6,20 for superfine; state and western $6,65a7,25; extra state 6,50a7,60; extra western $7,80a9,50; wheat extra $6,80a9,10; round hoop Ohio $8a9; extra St. Louis $9,50a12,50, good choice do. closing dull and heavy; included in the sales are 300 barrels choice extra southern Illinois, taken for South America, at $9,25; California nominal. Rye flour dull and heavy, with sales of 180 barrels at $5,50a7,60. Cornmeal quiet. Whisky quiet at $1,50 for western; $1,04 for free and $1,05 for retail lots. Receipts of wheat none. Wheat dull and lower; sales 38,600 bushels at $1,57½a1,60 for No. 1 spring in store and delivered, and $2,15 for very choice white California. Rye dull. Barley is more active and a shade firmer, with sales of 39,000 bushels Canada West at $2,15a2,16. Barley Malt quiet. Corn; receipts 46,951 bush; shade firmer with a moderate demand, partly speculative; sales 83,000 bush at 93a95½c for new mixed western, 89a90c for white western, 96a97c for western yellow, 97c for southern yellow, 97a98c for white southern, and $1,09½ for old mixed western delivered. Oats; receipts 3,794 bush; nominal, at 76a76½c for western in store, and 78c for do afloat. Coal quiet. Leather steady at about previous prices. Wool quiet and firm, with sales forty thousand pounds at 46a58c for domestic fleece, 60c for combing, 65c for pick lock, $1,17 for fine scoured, 29¼a42½c for pulled, and 34c for tubbed. Rice quiet. Coffee quiet. Sugar steady, with sales two hundred hhds Cuba at 11¼a11¾c. Molasses quiet at 70a74c for New Orleans. Hops quiet. Petroleum firm at 21c for crude, and 31c for refined bonded. Linseed Oil firmer at $1,01 a1,02 in casks and bbls. Turpentine 52½c. Metals—Sheathing Copper quiet at 33c. Ingot Copper scarce and firmer, at 24½c 24¾c for Baltimore and 24¾a24¾c for Lake Superior. Pig Iron dull and declining, at 38a42c for Scotch and 35a40c for American. Bar Iron dull, at 90a95c for refined English and American. Sheet Iron quiet, at 10a 11½c for Russia. Nails dull, at 5¼a5¾c for cut, 6¾a7c for clinch and 27a30c for horse shoe. Pork quiet; sales of 500 bbls, at $29a29,50 for new mess; $28,25a28,50 for old do.; $24a25,50 for prime and $27,75a 28,75 for prime mess. Beef steady; sales of 145 bbls, at $9,00a16,50 for new plain mess and $14a19,50 for extra mess. Tierce Beef quiet; sales of 280 tierces, at $27a30 for prime mess and $30a36 for India mess. Beef Hams dull; sales of 150 bbls, at $30a 34. Cut Meats quiet; sales of 430 packages, at 12a13c for shoulders and 14a17c for hams. Dressed Hogs heavy and lower, at 13a13¾c for western and 14½c for city. Middles quiet. Lard quiet and heavy; sales of 600 tierces, at 17¾a18¾c for steam and 18¾a19c for kettle rendered; also 1,250 tierces of steam for sellers for January, February, March and April at 18⅝a18¾c. Butter quiet and steady, at 33a40c for Ohio. Cheese firm at 16a20c. Freights to Liverpool a shade firmer; engagements of 30,000 bush of corn per steamer at 7¾a8d., and 500 bbls flour per sail at 1s. 9d.

LATEST.—Flour closed quiet and steady, low grades dull and declining. Wheat dull and 2c lower. Rye quiet, at $1,50 for western. Oats dull and heavy, at 76¼ for western in store, and 78c afloat. Corn steady; at 93a96c for new mixed western, and nominal at $1,09 for old mixed western afloat. Pork more active; sales 750 bbls Mess, seller three months, at $29, closing with buyers at $29 for cash and future delivery. Beef steady and quiet. Cut meats in moderate request and unchanged. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard very firm and rather excited, at 18¾a19c for good to prime steam; sales 7,000 tierces 18c. Eggs dull at 32a34c.

Dry Goods—The demand for cotton fabrics continues fairly active and the market is strong at the advance, with a tendency toward higher rates, in sympathy with raw material. Heavy brown sheetings are firm at 17 for the best makes and 16¼ for seconds; 47½ for heavy brown drills, and 9½ for printing cloths, 7 yards to the pound. Ginghams have advanced 1c per yard, as have the best makes of ticks. New styles command 13½ for good brands like Allens, American and Pacific Mills; 14 for Cocheco and Dunnells; 14½ for Spragues and Merrimack D, and 13 for Amoskeags.

CHICAGO, January 16.—Eastern Exchange is less firm at 1-10 per cent. off buying and 1-10 per cent premium selling. Flour is quiet at $5,50a6,50 for superfine extras. Wheat is active, unsettled and irregular; sales of No. 1 were made at $1,18½a1,20; No. 2, $1,12a1,13, closing with buyers at $1,12½. Corn is in fair request and is ¼a½c lower; sales were made of No. 2 kiln dried at 55c; new; 52½a53c; no grade, 48a49c, closing at 52½a52¾c; sales were also made of No. 1 at 67a67½c, seller, last half in April; there was nothing done in Corn this afternoon. Oats are moderately active and steady at 47¼a47¾c, closing steady at 47¾c. Rye is dull and 1c lower; sales were made of No. 1 at $1,15; No. 2, $1,63a1,67, in regular houses; $1,68a1,69 in northwestern, closing at $1,63a1,65, regular. Highwines are firm and in demand at 95c, closing with sellers at 96c. Provisions opened dull and heavy, but towards the close a little better feeling prevailed, with sales Mess Pork at $28,50 for cash, and $28,50a29,50 for future delivery; closing at $28,50. Lard is steady at 18¼c. Short Rib Middles at 14½c seller for February. Receipts for the past twenty-four hours were—11,017 bbls flour, 40,253 bush wheat, 51,435 bush corn, 19,064 bush oats, 2,931 bush rye, 1,312 bush barley, 10,728 head hogs. Shipments—16,234 bbls flour, 6,725 bush wheat, 11,556 bush corn, 4,033 bush oats, 1,861 bush rye, 2,869 bush barley, 6,684 head hogs.

Dressed Hogs active and steady; closing at $11,50a12, dividing on 200; Live Hogs are dull and weak and 25a30c lower, with sales at $9,30a10,40 for fair to choice. Beef Cattle are quiet and less firm, with sales at $4,25a 5,87½ for cows and stock steers.

ST. LOUIS, January 16.—Tobacco unchanged, with good demand for manufacturing grades. Cotton in good demand, but supply small, low middling to middling at 28a28½c. Flour dull and unsettled, superfine sold at $5,50a6,25, extra $6,50a7, double extra $7,25a7,50 double extra to fancy $8a10. Wheat very dull, with scarcely any demand for fair to prime, red fall in bulk sold at $1,40a1,55. Corn dull and holders ask 65a70c. Oats firm. Barley unchanged at $1,80a1,90 for fair to prime spring, $2,46 for fall. Rye firm at at $1,25a 1,28. Whisky unchanged at 95c. Pork nominal at $29a29,50. Bulk Meats dull, order lots sold at 12c for shoulders, 15¼c for clear rib sides, 16c for clear sides. Bacon lower at 13¾c for shoulders, 17c for clear rib sides, 17¾c for clear sides, 18c for sugar cured hams. Lard dull and drooping, country made sold at 17½c. Receipts, flour, 2,000 bbls; wheat, 5,000 bush; corn, 13,000 bush; oats, 6,300 bush; barley, 1,800; hogs, 1,283.

Cattle Market.—Hogs easy; the only sales made were at $9,40a$9,60 for light. The number packed to date was 218,185, about 12,000 thousand less than last year. Cattle in good supply, and fair demand at $3,50a $7,00, gross, for common to good.

NEW ORLEANS, January 16.—Cotton less firm and quotably unchanged, with middlings at 28a28½c; sales 3,000 bales; rec'pts 4,446 bales. Gold 136¼. Exchange: commercial 147a147¾; bank 148; New York sight ½ discount. Sugar active and higher—common 10¼a10¾c; prime 12¾c; yellow clarified 13¾a14½c. Molasses active, with common at 58a60c, prime 67a68c, and choice 70a72c. Flour firmer with superfine at $6,87a7,00, double extra $7,36a7,40, and treble extra $8. Corn firm, with white at 76a78c, and yellow 80a82c. Oats dull at 68c. Bran dull at $1,15. Hay dull; prime $24a25. Pork dull with no sales; asking $30. Bacon dull; shoulders 14¾c; clear rib sides 18¼c; clear sides 19c. Lard dull, with tierce at 19¼c, and keg 20¼c. Whisky quiet, with western rectified at $1,05a1,10. Coffee steady, with fair at 14¼a14¾c, and prime 16¼a16¾c.

CLEVELAND, January 16.—Flour; market steady and quiet; city made treble extra white $11,00a11,25, double extra amber $9,50a9,75, double extra red winter $8,25a 8,50, double extra spring $7,75a8,00; country made double extra red and amber $7,50a 8,00, double extra spring $7,00a7,50, double extra white $9,25a10. Wheat in moderate milling demand and market quiet and easy; No. 1 red winter held at $1,75, No. 2 do. at $1,63, No. 1 spring at $1,55. Corn quiet but a shade better, with sales at 69c for new shelled; at the close held at 70c. Oats dull and nominal; held at 63c for No. 1 State. Rye quiet but steady at $1,30a1,32 for No. 1, $1,25a1,28 for No. 2. Barley dull and nominal at $2,00a2,05 for No. 1 Canada; State held at $1,70a1,75. Petroleum; market firm and buyers and sellers apart; held at 32a33c for refined by car lots; trade lots 32a35c.

MILWAUKEE, January 16.—Flour dull; city double extra $6,00a6,25. Wheat quiet at $1,17 for No. 1 and $1.10 for No. 2. Oats, 47½ for No. 2 in store. Corn steady. Rye weaker at 51 for No. 1. Barley nominally unchanged. Provisions dull and lower; city mess pork $27,50. Lard 10a10¼. Dressed Hogs lower at $11,50a12,00. Receipts, 3000 barrels Flour; 9000 bushels Wheat; 2000 do Oats; 1000 do Corn; 2000 do Rye; 1000 hogs. Shipments—2000 barrels Flour; 1000 bushels Wheat; 200 barrels Pork.

LOUISVILLE, January 16.—Sales 48 hhds tobacco plugs to low leaf at 5a12½c. Cotton, 28¾c. Flour, superfine, $5,50a5,75; wheat, $1,85a$2,00, Corn, 60. Bulk meat, 6c, Oats, 58. Rye, $1,40. Mess pork, $29. Lard, 19¼. Bacon shoulders, 14c; clear ribbed sides, 17c; clear sides, 17½a17¾. packed fancy hams, 18½c; bulk shoulders, 12¼c; clear sides, 16¼c, packed. High wines at 98c.

BUFFALO, January 16.—Flour neglected. Wheat 5c lower; $1,45 asking for No. 2 Chicago spring. Corn quiet, with sales 7 cars new at 79c, on track; also, 30,000 bush in store at 79c. Oats nominal at 65c. Rye neglected. Barley held at $2,05. Pork firm at $30. Lard firm at 20c. Dressed Hogs firm. Clover Seed at $8,50. Timothy Seed at $3,75.

BALTIMORE, January 16.—Flour quiet, steady and unchanged. Wheat dull; sales of Pennsylvania red at $1,75a2,00, and Maryland prime at $2,10a2,25. Corn dull; white 85a87c. Oats dull at 70a75c. Rye dull at $1,40a1,50. Mess Pork firm at $30a 30,25. Bacon quiet; rib sides 17a17½c; clear sides 17½a17¾c; shoulders 14½a14¾c; hams 19a20c. Lard quiet at 20c.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 16—Flour dull, weak and unchanged, except extras, which sell at $6a6,25. Wheat dull; red $1,80a1,90; amber $2a2,05; white $2,30a2,40. Rye unchanged. Corn firmer; new yellow 87a92c. Oats steady; western unchanged. Petroleum firm; refined 24c on the spot. Provisions unchanged. Whisky steady at $1,01a 1,03.

TOLEDO, January 16.—Flour quiet. Wheat, white unchanged; amber holds at 191½, do seller January $1,72½, buyer do 1,73, February $1,73½; No. 2 red $1,33. Corn firm and 1c better; new 63½a64; new rejected 60a 60½. Oats unchanged; sales No. 1 at 57. Rye steady; Michigan $1,35. Cloverseed $9,25.

MEMPHIS, January 16.—Cotton quiet at 29c for common; receipts were 1,120 bales; exports, 223 bales. Flour: low grades are scarce and firm; superfine, $7,25a7,75. Corn sells at 66a68c. Oats, 70c. Hay, $25, Bran sells at 25c, Cornmeal, $3,75. Pork, $13. Lard, 21c. Bulk Meats firm; shoulders, 12½c; clear sides, 16¼c; dressed hogs, 11c.

NASHVILLE, January 16.—Cotton market closed weak for low middling and 28½ for good ordinary.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, January 16.—9 cars metal, Superior Iron Co; 8 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 7 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 300 bbls flour, T C Jenkins; 55 bbls highwines, Shipton & Wallace; 1 car middlings, J B Dorrington; 200 green salted hides, M Delange; 4 half bbls butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 7 pkgs tobacco, Atwell & Lee; 10 bbls spirits, L H Watson; 200 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 50 bbls spirits, Jas Adler & Co; 2 cars limestone, 8 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 336 bdls spokes, H Parh; 16 bbls eggs, L H Voigt; 264 bgs malt, John Gangwich; 6 bbls apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 44 do do, W H Graff & Co; 10 do do, Graff & Reiter; 10 do do, Carter, McGrew & Co; 2 dressed hogs, Keil & Ritchart; 20 tes hams, F Sellers & Co; 1 car corn, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 45 bgs rye, W J Meek; 10 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 57 green hides, G N Hoffstott; 10 bgs buckwheat flour, Jas Glenn; 1 car corn, Woodworth & Davison; 20 bdls broom handles, W Mardorf; 3 bbls tallow, H Rea Jr; 4 pkgs, H Riddle; 1 car corn, Scott & Gisal.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, January 16.—10 cars iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 5 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 2 do do, Graff, Byers & Co; 1 do paper, Gofrey & Clark; 1 do clay, S M Kier; 1 do oil, S B Floyd & Co; 20 bbls white lime, Ecker & Caskey; 50 hf bbls herring, 15 do white fish, M W Rankin & Bro; 14 cases handles, J Woodwell & Co; 1 book case, 3 bxs mdse, Rev H B Ensworth; 3 kgs butter, 1 bx glass, E Heazleton; 7 kgs apple butter, 1 bx butter, 1 kg eggs, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 16 bbls dry apples, Culp & Shepard; 7 bbls apples, 8 do dry apples, 2 kgs lard, 18 sacks rags, 1 box tallow, J J Pettit; 1 bbl apples, 1 keg butter, Graff & Reiter; 5 bbls dry paint, B L Fahnestock & Co; 48 sks rye, Dean & Pattersok; 52 sacks malt, Hitchcock, McCreery & Co; 1 bbl copper, J Dunlap; 31 bbls bone dust, Seward & Campbell.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, January 16.—320 bbls oil, Fisher & Bro; 160 do do, R H Palmer; 480 do do, Owston & Sowers; 69 sks oats, 42 do corn, 17 do wheat, 7 do rye, Scott & Gisal; 12 bgs rags, 1 bbl butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 14 bgs oats, 9 do rye, Blayne & Moore; 44 bgs oats, Wm Miller & Co; 31 bgs rye, 12 do oats, Gay & Welsh; 3 cars limestone, Shoenberger & Blair; 205 oil bbls, Citizens Ref Co; 1 car coal, Buffum, Kehew & Co; 2 cars metal, McKnight & Porter.

ALLEGHENY STATION, January 16.—2 cars iron ore, Spang, Chalfant & Co; lot shipstuffs, 80 sks oats, Jas Stewart; 14 bgs rye, Joseph Craig. 51 bgs barley, Munday & Lunday; 30 bbls flour, W C Brown; 4 bgs corn meal, Jas O'Hanlon; 20 doz brooms, Schleefer & Son; 1 c r middlings, M Steel & Son; 250 pigs lead, T H Nevin & Co; 1 car staves and barrel headings, J M Hemphill; 1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam.

RIVER NEWS.

The river appeared to be a at stand last evening with ten feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather was cloudy and raw with indications of snow. Mercury stood at 30 during the greater part of the day.

The Camelia, from Nashville, is the only arrival we have to report. As will be seen by card, she re-loads for that point again, and will return during the latter part of the week.

The Grey Eagle and Bayard departed for Parkersburg, and the New York for Cincinnati.

The Messenger, Captain Jesse Dean, will be the first boat out for New Orleans, as will also the Maggie Hays, Captain B. C. Martin, for St. Louis.

The Glendale left Cincinnati on Friday with 800 tons in boat and barge, and the *Commercial* says that she had hard work stemming the current while coming under the bridge.

The towboat Ajax, New Orleans to Pittsburgh, passed Cincinnati on Friday.

—The Leonidas arrived at Cincinnati, en route for New Orleans, on Thursday.

—The Thompson Dean, on her recent upward trip, made the run from Cairo to St. Louis in 23 hours.

—The Importer left Little Rock for New Orleans on the 7th, with 300 bales of cotton and engagements below to fill her out.

—Captain Heminway has chartered the Galatea for one year, and will run her between St. Louis and some contignous point.

—The Glide, which exploded 50 miles above New Orleans, on Tuesday night, had just been thoroughly overhauled and repaired.

—Snow fell at Vicksburg, Sunday, to the depth of 14 inches. This was the first storm of the kind which occurred there for many years.

—Cotton is scarce along the Arkansas and White rivers. The crop which has been picked has already come to market and but little of what is left in the fields will be gathered.

—The little steamers Fairy Queen and Argos are playing regularly from Augusta to Jacksonport, Pochahontas, and other points on the tributaries of White river. They are, we learn, doing well.

—P. J. Kennedy, of Vicksburg, almost bought the Mystic the other day for $5,000. The Board of Commissioners of Louisiana want such a boat for traveling from point to point on their tour of inspection.

—The Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company have purchased the Vicksburg and St. Louis Mail Line, together with the steamers Julia and Luminary. The two will form a continuous line to Vicksburg and New Orleans.

—A St. Louis telegram, under date of Monday, says: The Julia, Luminary, Rubicon and Mary E. Forsyth will run in the Vicksburg trade the coming season. Rumor says the Julia and Luminary have been sold to the Memphis Packet Company, for some $10,000.

—The Nashville *Banner*, of Thursday, says: Captain Ben. F. Egan yesterday purchased T. R. Morris' one-fourth interest of the A. Baker, at the rate of $4,800 for the whole boat. The Emma Floyd yesterday maintained her old rates on cotton, $1 per bale, and was receiving at that price.

—Penn Wright, a well-known Kanawha river pilot, is ill with the small-pox on the the towboat Echo, lying in quarantine in the Kanawha river, just above the mouth. The people of Point Pleasant and vicinity, we are informed, will not permit the crew of the Echo to come ashore.

—Captain Dryden, telegraphs to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, as follows: On Tuesday night I piloted the Dexter over the falls safely, without disturbing the locality of the bridge piers, notwithstanding the big scare of the reporters of the *Courier* and *Democrat*, and discomfiture of a certain man who would be king of the fraternity, and who has more ambition than brains.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Saturday, says: The insurance companies of Cincinnati, which had risks on the America and United States, had a meeting at the office of the American Insurance Company, yesterday afternoon. The Crescent Company, having already notified the United States Mail Line that it would pay its proportion of the loss, was not represented at the meeting.

—A St. Louis dispatch, under date of Friday, says: Captain Pepper designs next spring to take the Thompson Dean to Cincinnati, and load her for Omaha, just to prove that she can navigate the Missouri with a proper stage of water, as safely as a smaller boat. It is reported that the Omaha Packet Company and the Star Line Company, have consolidated and will run during the coming season a daily line to the latter point, and a tri-weekly line to Omaha.

—The pilot of the Era No. 9 has been suspended by the Board of Local Inspectors, of New Orleans, for sixty days, for sinking the Era No. 10, near Trumbull's sugar mill, on Red river, December 17. Pilots generally are not careful enough in adhering closely to the rules laid down for their government in thick or foggy weather. Rule 7, referred to, reads as follows: "When a steamer is running in a fog or thick weather, it shall be the duty of the pilot to sound the steam whistle at intervals not exceeding two minutes.

—The Idaho which sunk the other day in the Onachita, was built at Cincinnati in 1863 by Captain J. N. Newcomb, John Swasey and David Gibson, at a cost of $32,009, and was for a long time chartered to the Government for the transportation of supplies between that place and Nashville. When General Rosencrans issued his famous order banishing a certain class of females from the latter city, a large number of them were placed aboard the Idaho to be sent North. Arriving at Louisville she was ordered to Cincinnati. On arriving at Cincinnati, she was not allowed to land. After several days' delay, during which time she lay anchored a short distance above the city, she was ordered back to Nashville, with her passengers. Afterward Captain Newcomb sold his interest to Captain Mackey, of Mount Vernon, Ind., who ran her in the Evansville and Nashville trade. She was afterward sold to parties South, who placed her in the Ouachita River trade. Some time during the month of November, 1867, she exploded her boilers at New Orleans, by which accident a number of lives were lost. She was repaired, and resumbed her trips in the Ouachita River. She was valued at $10,000, and probably insured in New Orleans.

Rivers and Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, January 16.—The river is rising an inch per hour: fifteen feet of water on canal; weather cloudy and cold.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR EVANSVILLE and NASHVILLE. The fine steamer CAMELIA.....Capt. JESSE DEAN

Will leave for the above ports on SATURDAY, the 23d inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK, or J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents. ja18

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS—The steamer MESSENGER.....JESSE DEAN, Commander.

Will leave for the above ports THIS DAY, the 18th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to J. FLACK, & D. CO. LONGWOOD, JAMES COLLINS, CHARLES BARNES, and GRIEST & HAZLETT.

Through receipts given on the above boat to Selma, Eutania, Benton, Montgomery, Ala., and all other points on the Alabama river and Texas ports at the lowest rates by Jail GRIEST & HASLETT.

FOR CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS.—The steamer MAGGIE HAYS.....Capt. B. C. MARTIN.

Will leave for the above ports THIS Day 18th inst.

For freight or passage apply on board or to. JOHN FLACK, J. D. COLLINGWOOD, GRIEST & HAZLETT, or JOHN FLACK, Agents. jal

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING, Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood street, DAILY, AT 12 M.

TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS, BAYARD..... A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS, GREY EAGLE..... C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by sel4 JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

MEDICAL.

"MANHOOD."—Another New MEDICAL PAMPHLET, from the pen of DR. CURTIS. The *Medical Times* says of this work "This valuable treatise on the cause and cure of premature decline, shows how health is impaired through secret abuses of youth and manhood, and how easily restored. It gives a clear synopsis of the impediments to marriage, the cause and effects of nervous debility, and the remedies therefor." A pocket edition of the above will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, by addressing Doctor CURTIS, No. 58 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md. jy11:d1

MANHOOD: HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! *Just published in sealed envelope. Price, six cents.* A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self Abuse, &c., by Robt. J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & Co., 127 BOWERY, NEW YORK, POST OFFICE BOX 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. my9:D&WT

ADVICE to YOUNG MEN ABOUT TO MARRY,

Essays for Young Men,

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NOTICE.—All Persons Having claims against the FEDERAL OIL COMPANY are requested to present the same duly authenticated for settlement. And all persons holding certificates of stock will please have the same properly transferred on the books of the Company to enable them to draw dividend from proceeds of the property which has been sold, and of which dividend will be awarded when debts of the Company are paid or ascertained.

A. B. MILLS, Secretary, Corner Duquesne Way and Hand street. Pittsburgh, Jan. 5, 1869. ja6:c70

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS CO., January 9th, 1869.

COKE.—REDUCTION IN PRICE. On Monday, January 11th, and until further notice, the price of Coke will be FOUR (4) CENTS per bushel in the yard at the works, and FIVE (5) CENTS per bushel delivered within the usual limits. By order of the Board of Trustees. ja12:d8 W. H. MCCLEL

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS,

DR. ASHBAUGH'S "WONDER OF THE WORLD" is warranted to cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia—sold on the Package System. No one is required to pay until fully tested. I pay $60 per month, a large commission, to good men to distribute these packages. Call at No. 10½ St. Clair street.
ja18 D. C. TILTON.

PROPOSALS—With Plans and Specifications for a BRIDGE to be erected across the ALLEGHENY RIVER, from the mouth of FORTY-THIRD (Ewalt) STREET, will be received at the office of SILL & SHUTTERLY, Real Estate Agents, Lawrenceville, and GRAFF, BENNETT & CO., Water street, until the 25th of JANUARY, where a plat and survey of the river can be examined and all other information obtained. By order of the Committee.
J. J. SHUTTERLY.

WESTERN DISTRICT of PENN- SYLVANIA, ss.
At Pittsburgh, the 16th day January, A. D. 1860.
The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of ARTHUR EVENBURGH, of McKeesport, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.
JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
ja18:d27-M Attorney-at-Law, 89 Grant street.

BANK and INSURANCE STOCKS; CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD BONDS.—TUESDAY EVENING, January 19th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street,
15 shares Coal wen's Trust Company.
20 " Pittsburgh Savings Bank.
15 " Second National Bank.
5 " National Insurance Co (Allegheny City.
5 " Pennsylvania Insurance Co
$4,900 Connellsville R. R. Bonds, Turtle Creek division
ja18 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE AND LOT AT SEWICKLEY,

on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway, convenient to the station. The house contains 11 rooms, bath room and closets. The lot contains two acres, with choice varieties of fruit and two graperies, stable and coach house. This property, if not sold by the middle of February, will be rented.
Also, a good house with eight rooms and good cellar. The house is substantially built and will be ready for occupancy by the first of April. The purchaser can have from one to four acres, as he may desire. The lot has an excellent apple orchard on it. Apply to JOHN THOMPSON, on the premises, or at 135 Third avenue, Pittsburgh. (ja18:d25

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.
JOSEPH R. DICKEY, a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 26th day of February 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
S. C. McCANDLESS,
Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.
ja18:d26-M

GRAND CLOSING OUT SALE
Of a First-Class Dry Goods Store.

ALL THE GOODS in the corner store, No 100 Ohio street, Allegheny City. Sales positive to quit business. Fixtures and two years' lease from April 1st, 1862, for sale, and the entire stock composing a general variety of Dry Goods, Notions, Furs, Carpets, Window Shades, Oil Cloth, &c. The above stock will be sold positively without reserve. The sale to commence forthwith, and continue from day to day until all is sold entirely out. One $85 Singer Sewing Machine, warranted, for sale cheap. Don't forget the place, No. 100 Ohio street, Allegheny City. Also one brick house with four rooms for rent, on East Lane.
ja18:d1. JAMES GOSLING.

WATER RENTS
ON NEW BUILDINGS.

All persons who have used hydrant water in erecting or repairing buildings, during the year 1868, are requested to call at the office of the Water Works, Market Building, and settle their accounts. Contractors who have made arrangements with mechanics to settle for the same will oblige by sending in statements without delay.
EDW. S. WRIGHT,
ja18:d17 Assessor.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO MEET THE GENERAL DESIRE OF THOSE who have been deferred from purchasing until after the first of the year, we have concluded to continue our

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

FOR A FEW WEEKS LONGER. This is positively the last opportunity to secure bargains in

CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.

Good Carpets for 25 cents a Yard.

OLIVER
M'CLINTOCK
AND COMPANY
No. 23 Fifth Street.
ja18

FEBRUARY MAGAZINES.

THE ATLANTIC MONTHLY.

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The Doorstep. By EDMUND C. STEDMAN.
Our Postal Deficiencies. By E. HASKETT DERBY.
Co-Operative Housekeeping. (Fourth paper.)
Charles Baudelaire, Poet of the Malign. By EUGENE BENSON.
Consumption in America. (Second paper.) By HENRY I. BOWDITCH M. D.
The Bee and the Rose.
Ritualism in England. By ARTHUR PEMBER.
Proud Music of the Sea-Storm. By WALT WHITMAN.
The New Education. By CHAS. W. ELIOT.
Birth of the Solar System. By JAMES D. WHELPLEY.
Love in Mount Lebanon. By J. W. DEFOREST.
Coronation. By HELEN HUNT.
Tribute of a Loving Friend to the Memory of a Noble Woman. By Mrs. H. B. STOWE.
Our Four Servants.
Reviews and Literary Notices.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS.

CONTENTS:

The Story of a Bad Boy. (Chaps. IV., V.) By T. B. ALDRICH.
Among the Glass-Makers. (Second Paper.) By J. T. TROWBRIDGE.
The Cat's Diary. By Mrs. A. M. DIAZ.
Dunie and the Ice. By SOPHIE MAY.
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HEARTH AND HOME.

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY OF 16 PAGES.

FOR THE

FARM, GARDEN AND FIRESIDE

EDITED BY

DONALD G. MITCHELL

AND

HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.

NO. 5 NOW READY.

In this number is begun the publication of a new story of domestic life, written expressly for HEARTH AND HOME by Mrs. REBECCA HARDING DAVIS, author of "*Life in the Iron Mills*," entitled

THE TEMBROKE LEGACY.

It will be copiously illustrated by STEPHENS, and will run through several numbers. The genius of Mrs. DAVIS, in its intensity and sombreness, strongly resembles that of JANE EYRE, and "THE TEMBROKE LEGACY" will be found to possess the highest interest.

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VIII. BURNS' DAISY. (Illustrated.) "Wee, modest, crimson-tipped flower."
IX. A GOOD GROWL FROM DIOGENES. C. A. BAKER.
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XVI. PROFIT OF SHELTER FOR ANIMALS. H. A. SHELDON.
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PETTENGILL, BATES & CO.,
PUBLISHERS,
37 Park Row, N. Y.
ja18

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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MONDAY, JANUARY 18, 1869.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, *issued on Wednesdays and Saturdays, is the best and cheapest family newspaper in Pennsylvania. It presents each week forty-eight columns of solid reading matter. It gives the fullest as well as the most reliable market reports of any paper in the State. Its files are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county for reference in important issues to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute. Terms: Single copy, one year, $1.50; in clubs of five, $1,25; in clubs of ten, $1,15, and one free to the getter up of the club. Specimen copies sent free to any address.*

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Poetry, "The Oldest Christian Hymn," Ephemeris, Washington Gossip. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Markets, Imports, and River News. Seventh page: Interesting Miscellany, Clippings, Amusement Directory.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 56@56½.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 79⅛@79¼.

GOLD closed Saturday in New York at 136⅜.

WE are glad to learn that GOV. GEARY, whose illness had assumed, a day or two since, a very menacing type, is now so much better that his recovery is no longer considered doubtful.

WE announce this morning the joint standing committees of the City Councils. Being acquainted with a majority of the gentlemen appointed, we can safely say that the Presidents of Councils used clear judgment and care in the making up of the various committees.

LARGE payments are made this month from the Treasury, in the way of interest, more than absorbing the current excess of receipts over the ordinary expenditures. The next monthly statement will, therefore, show a marked increase in the net balance of the public indebtedness, which the months to follow will speedily work off again.

CONGRESS should have credit for its good works when done. The SUE MURFEY claim was virtually defeated in the Senate on Friday, while the House, on the same day, dismissed the twelve million job, known as the Niagara Ship Canal bill, from any further consideration at this session. We hope to see the same disposal made of all the rest of the long catalogue of "grabs" which the lobby are trying to push into legislation.

NO MATTER what the solution of the difficult questions in her internal polity, Spain, whether monarchical or republican, despotic or progressively enlightened, will never yield her hold upon Cuba. That is the one point upon which Carlists and Moderados, Bourbon and Democrat, are equally agreed. DULCE understands this and sends home for more troops, to put down the insurgents. He will get them, and in due time will prove to the world that Cuba is to follow the fortunes of Spain, loyally and no matter whither.

THE HOUSE BILL repealing the Office-Tenure-Act will not pass the Senate in its present shape. The law as it stands may be amended by excluding Cabinet officers from its provisions—wherein Congress will return to the original draft of the law itself—but no other change is probable, in the present temper of the Senate. Apropos to this situation, we quote and adopt the remark of the New York *Tribune:*

"Believing as we do that the principle of the act is wise, we hope to see at least its essential features retained on the statute book, and therefore trust that the disposition of the Senate is correctly reported."

THE ACTION OF THE HOUSE in dismissing the proposition for a Haytien protectorate will be supplemented in the Senate by the rejection of the St. Thomas treaty. And a similar fate awaits the expected movement for an active sympathy with Cuba. The friends of West Indian annexation must possess their souls in patience for the present. When they shall move again, it will be well for them to remember that the Haytien affair has the best show for success; through that island, if at all, lies the road to American sovereignty in any part of the Antilles.

IN OUR LOCAL COLUMNS to-day we publish the full testimony adduced by Coroner CLAWSON in his searching examination into the cause of the recent terrible accident on the Panhandle road, together with the verdict of the jury. We are clearly of the opinion that the accident was one which no human foresight could have prevented, and resulted from causes over which the managers of the road had no control. A short time ago we took occasion to express feelings of distrust in the management of that road, based on a frequency of accidents; but the managers were prompt in effecting reform, discontinuing trains to their own pecuniary loss and inconvenience in order to insure the greater safety of passengers, and since we believe the Panhandle to be as secure as any other route inviting the patronage of travelers. The late terrible accident, not being the result of either negligence or want of knowledge as to the condition of the track on the part of those charged with the management, but clearly attributable to the wintry weather, should not weaken the confidence which their efforts had revived.

RAILWAY MATTERS.

It is reported that the Erie clique, whose filibustering upon the C. and P. stock made a recent sensation, have also secured the control of the "Cross Cut" road, from Buffalo to the oil-regions.

There is really very little cause for any apprehensions that this railroad-snatching game will be successfully played upon the Fort Wayne Company, which holds its annual meeting on the third Monday of March. But two or three, out of the twenty-four millions of this Company's stock and bonds—either of which qualifies the holder to vote—are accessible to these filibusters through the ordinary channels of the stock market. At least eighty per cent. of the total capital is held, in blocks, out of the market, for a permanent investment, so that no peril can come from that direction through a temporary change of ownership. Nor, in view of recent events, are the holders likely to disregard the fair warning against the probable abuse of proxies, entrusted to improper hands by such as may be unable to give their personal attendance at the next meeting. Friends of the Fort Wayne feel very reasonably confident that forewarned they are amply forearmed against any repetition of the C. & P. programme. Other companies will do equally well to heed the lessons of that experience.

THE ALABAMA TREATY SIGNED.

From London, it is telegraphed that the treaty for the settlement of the Alabama claims has at last been perfected and signed by the diplomatists of both nations, "on the basis of the original protocol." This statement can scarcely be altogether accurate, since it is known that our Minister had been expressly instructed to insist upon certain amendments to the first understanding, and that the English government assented to these alterations. It is probable that these amendments were not regarded, on either side of the Atlantic, as affecting the essential principles involved, and that their actual incorporation in the completed treaty does not discredit the substantial accuracy of the later report.

We shall soon have the full text of the treaty as finally settled at London last week. It will, at the latest, come to hand by the regular mails, in all of next week, while possibly the Cable may be used to transmit the entire document at once. Having heretofore explained our own views, upon the merits of the various issues which have been evolved while the whole question has been pending, the GAZETTE need only now reaffirm its sincere confidence that a large progress has been made toward the adjustment of this interesting controversy, and that the treaty just signed will substantially merit the satisfaction of our Senate and the approval of the country. If modified in any of its details, we believe that its essential features will remain unaltered.

THE SENATORIAL ELECTIONS.

The Republicans of the New York Legislature nominate Ex-Gov. FENTON for the Senatorial seat which Mr. MORGAN holds until March next. The vote in caucus—52 to 40—was a decisive one against the renomination of Senator MORGAN, who may thank his gratuitous opposition to the aspirations of his competitor in the National Convention at Chicago, for this defeat of his otherwise very strong claims upon a re-election. Of CARL SCHURZ, it is declared by his opponents in Missouri that he has not been nine years a voter, as constitutionally requisite for a seat in the Senate. But this is altogether false; he took his "final papers" in Wisconsin in 1857.

Our own Legislature will elect Hon. JOHN SCOTT, to-morrow, to succeed Mr. BUCKALEW. SCHURZ in Missouri, RAMSEY in Minnesota, and FENTON in New York, will also go through without difficulty. And we see no reason to doubt the election of CUMBACK, the Republican choice of Indiana, although a strong push is in progress, in disaffected but limited quarters, to defeat him. The Maine Republicans are so evenly balanced between HAMLIN and MORRILL as to render a long contest likely, but its result will probably favor the former.

There are some of our readers who did not act with the Republican party, and are weary of hearing from all quarters so much of late touching the election of Republican Senators. It will gratify these to learn that the opposition also are permitted sometimes to choose a Senator, as they will to-morrow in New Jersey. Let it further console them to know that a prominent Democrat, like Mr. STOCKTON, is to be the successor of the Republican FRELINGHUYSEN. Here is a crumb of solid comfort for the other side!

WHO OWNS THE RIVER?

The House Committee talks of amending the Ohio River bridge bill, from the Senate, by agreeing on four-hundred feet spans and reporting a general law on that basis. As a compromise, this conclusion is most illusory. Practically, a triumph for the railway interest, this width of span does not afford that freedom of navigation which our river-men are entitled to. Anything less than five hundred feet will impose such practical restrictions upon that method of carriage as to entail a considerable increase of cost upon river freights, to say nothing of the enhanced peril to life. The merits of this question have been heretofore thoroughly discussed. We need not revive that discussion, no more than we should doubt that all intelligent and disinterested people have been amply convinced than a span of five hundred feet, small enough in itself, is the minimum for the safety of floating property and life.

As to any conflict of interests, Congress has no call to go behind the paramount rights of the entire community in the free—and, because free, not to be obstructed—use of all navigable streams. The river is the highway of nature for the use of all men alike; the poorest may enjoy its privileges with as good a title, and equally according to their means, with the wealthiest. Whether its current bears the rude ark of the farmer emigrating to a distant State, the flotilla which conveys to far off regions the products of our soil or of our workshops, or the splendid and costly vessels which are freighted with luxury and opulence, there exists nowhere the constitutional right to obstruct the natural freedom of its use, with perils of this sort which are far greater than any which nature has interposed. Foresight, prudence and diligence will escape the latter, but the piles of masonry which may closely dot the river-bed from shore to shore threaten too often a destruction which no prudence or care may safely challenge.

A public right, common to all citizens under the Constitution, as in the view of all public law, is sought to be abridged for the advantage of a special interest. We are all willing to concede that the latter has merit, but we do not grant its claims. The restriction to five hundred feet is the extreme limit of safety for our concession; as a railway span it is entirely practicable, and nothing less ought to be asked for. If Congress shall restrict that limit still more, an irreparable damage will be thereby inflicted upon the public rights of this and future generations.

VIRGINIAN DICTATION.

It is said that Virginia will accept a Constitution ensuring impartial suffrage. But it is also known that this acceptance must couple with it, for their satisfaction, an universal amnesty. We have seen reports that such a proposition has been made to Congress by leading ex-rebels of that State, and that the idea finds favor with members.

Nevertheless, no one need doubt that Virginia will accept the same suffrage without the amnesty. She will do just what her sister States of the rebel South have done,—provided she finds no better terms are to be had. It is smart, but "cheeky," in her politicians to make their present demand, but neither smart nor creditable in those Republicans who incline to agree to the amended conditions. We have looked at the situation carefully, but fail to discover a single valid reason why Virginia should ask or receive terms better than were granted to the Carolinas or Louisiana. In truth, the influence of Virginia was paramount for mischief among all the seceding States in the outbreak of the rebellion. To Virginian principles and politicians may be traced back, with a singularly undeviating accuracy, the fatal path which led a third part of the Republic from their loyal allegiance down through treason and rebellion to an abyss of dishonor and disaster. We would not visit severer penalties upon this influential State, but we would thank her present friends to tell us wherein she should now ask for exemption, from any of those consequences which have been justly visited upon the lesser States—States that may frankly lay much of their own criminality at the door of the Old Dominion.

The reconstruction which eight of the penitents have accepted is good enough for the still recusant three. Time enough to ameliorate the stern but just conditions with which the mercy of the Republic has been tempered for all of them, when it shall be asked for by way of appeal to our mercy, and not demanded as the rightful condition precedent of a still arrogant self-assertion! Time enough to grant better terms when the last rebel has conceded our absolute right to impose any! Time enough to be considerate for Virginia, when Georgia and Louisiana, to say nothing of Texas or Mississippi, have submitted themselves in hearty good faith! Then it will be time enough to ease off the strong hand of power, from all the populations which bring satisfactory evidence of their conversion to a loyal republicanism. Then it will be time, when the loyalty, which has never yet flinched from its love for the Union, no matter how dark the hour, shall come to hold up our hands in a generous forbearance; when in this work we shall have the sustaining counsel of our always true friends, and not the insidious advice of a generation of traitors who have illustrated nothing but their hereditary jealousy of Federal power. At present, only these have been heard from; not a sound comes to our ears, from loyal tongues throughout the South, to second the ex-rebel appeal to the generosity of Congress. We know that even the South has loyal hearts and can speak nobly if need be; let us wait until we hear those utterances which cannot mislead us.

Was the rebel spirit less malignant in Virginia than in Tennessee? Or has the Virginian heart been more radically reconstructed by a wholesome chastisement? Grant this,—which you cannot,—or confess that what Tennessee needs is what Virginia also wants. What that is let Tennessee tell us. This very question has been the issue of their local politics for two years, an issue overshadowing and thoroughly discussed. We presume they understand it. And so, last week, their legislature indefinitely postponed the proposition to enfranchise their rebels by a vote of two to one. They postpone it because they think the time has not yet come for a change of policy, because the hour of an absolute freedom has not yet dawned; because rebel proscription still dominates, if not over the legal authority, at least over the public mind; because the unburied bones of loyal citizens murdered for their devotion to the Union, lie this day bleaching in the woods of every county of their State. What is so well said by the Memphis *Post* of Tennessee, holds equally true of Virginia. Read:

When Radicals from any quarter of the globe can settle in any county in Tennessee, pursue whatever honest calling they please, entertain and express whatever religious or political opinions they please, take whatever papers, vote for and argue the claims of whatever party they please, without fear or prejudice, and when those who saved the nation are honored—then we are in favor of immediate enfranchisement of every rebel in Tennessee. Let rebels hasten that day of freedom and of becoming patriotism, and their enfranchisement is ensured. They were disfranchised from high patriotic considerations, and not from personal spite. Every one who makes any pretense to being a Republican, and who now favors the enfranchisement of the rabels, assents to the proposition th was then a matter of right, prudence necessity. Has the situation now cha sufficiently to warrant a change of poli Certainly not until the rebel element fully learned at least obedience to the la will it be prudent to trust the administrati of the laws to them. When they hav ceased their war upon loyal men and upo the State authority, it will be time enoug to talk of their enfranchisement.

There is no need for any hurry on ou part. Virginia has chosen to wait her own pleasure. She can therefore consent, and with a better grace, to await ours. She has but small title to better terms, in the sullen pride with which she has neglected our present offers of re-admission. Let her get a better stomach and more grace, before she asks for a higher clemency. She will hold her election this summer at any rate. Give her the new registration which she asks, and which the lapse of a considerable period since the first was made renders really necessary. For the rest, let us remember that the suffrage is her lot by our terms, and that the amnesty is to be in our merciful grace and not in her demands.

The XLth Congress owes it to itself, to the country and to history to preserve its record on reconstruction consistent and unsullied. The expiring term in March will not leave the Republic without a Congress for eight months. The same hour in which the present body shall disappear forever into the annals of a momentous past, witnesses the assemblage of its successor. The XLIst Congress and a purified Executive meet each other at the Capitol, on that day, to inaugurate the new era of peace and of good will for all men. That Congress will sit long enough to consider and settle the many grave questions which await it. One of these is presented in the incomplete reconstruction of the South. To the two departments which, fresh from the people, are to be then inaugurated, it is eminently fit that the responsibility should be left, for the proposed changes of policy. It is neither wise nor even decorous for the present body, in its last expiring hours, to forestall by its altogether needless anticipation, the duties which the people have imposed on their successors.

[From the Birmingham Post.]

Largest Cast Iron Rolls in the World.

On Tuesday I visited the Phœnix Works, Millfields, Bilston, for the purpose of witnessing the process of casting the second of a pair of leviathan rolls, for rolling the increased size of armor plates at Sir John Brown's works, Sheffield. It may be well to state, by way of preface, that hitherto a roll of ten tons in weight has been deemed prodigious; and when, some years ago, Messrs. Claridge & Co., produced a pair weighing thirteen tons, for a foreign copper mill, the event was regarded as quite an era in the history of the trade. The largest plate mill in America cannot boast a roll of more than eleven tons, although in the Western World everything is done on so large a scale. Some idea, then, of the pair of rolls now being produced at the Phœnix Foundry may be gleaned from the fact that in extreme length they are fifteen feet six inches, in diameter nearly three feet, and in weight eighteen tons, or thirty-six tons the pair.

The process of casting the roll on Tuesday occupied four furnaces, each connected by a channel in sand, called by the work people a "runner." The largest of these furnaces was tapped at 2:35, and a stream of molten iron, liquid as water, come hissing on its fiery way, and after a rapid flow of forty feet emptied itself into a huge iron mould—which at 2:50 was filled to the brim with the seething metal. This mould was then hoisted by a powerful crane, some six or eight feet, and then tilted so as to discharge its contents into a second channel, in connection with two similar "runners" proceeding from the other furnaces.

By this time the smaller furnaces had been tapped, and now three rivers of fire were bounding to mingle their tributary streams into one vast channel in the direction of the monster mould in which the mass of iron was to shape itself and cool. This mould, seventeen feet deep, was at 2:38 full to the brim, and the work was successfully completed amid a loud and general "Hurrah" from the anxious and excited throng of work people who had crowded to see the "finish" of a roll-casting unequalled for dimension in the whole world.

THE Wheeling *Intelligencer* says: "A gentleman, whose information is, no doubt, authentic, communicates the curious fact that Charles Anderson, who was recently lynched with the Renos, at New Albany, Indiana, was a native of Washington county, Pennsylvania, and lived in Claysville up to 1865, and that his real name was Charles Anderson Gunning. During the war, being alarmed about the draft, he went to Canada, and, on returning, professed to have expatriated himself. During the campaign, he committed a gross assault on a citizen of Claysville, and again left the country to avoid arrest. Subsequently, he lived in Canada, Michigan, and led a somewhat predatory life elsewhere under the name of Charles Anderson. He seems to have formed a connection with the Renos several years ago, and is said to have confessed that he and Frank Reno were the parties who had robbed the express office at Claysville a year or two ago. Anderson's wife and sister-in-law now live at Claysville, and the people there know all about him and his early history."

THE circulation of some of the principal periodicals in the country is given as follows: New York Weekly Tribune 190,000, Harper's Weekly 100,000, Harper's Monthly 112,000, Harper's Bazar 70,000, New York Weekly 200,000, Atlantic Monthly 50,000, Independent 80,000, The Little Corporal 80,000, American Agriculturalist 160,000, Our Young Folks 40,000, Putnam's Magazine 15,000, Frank Leslie's Chimney Corner 85,000, Frank Leslie's Illustrated 45,000, Frank Leslie's Ladies' Magazine 50,000, Galaxy 20,000, Phrenological Journal 30,000, Riverside Magazine, 20,000, Our School Visitor 20,000, Peterson's Magazine 140,000, Godey's Lady's Book 106,000, Round Table 7,000, La Crosse Democrat 300,000, North American Review 2,000, Lippincott's Magazine 10,000, Nasby's Toledo Blade 80,000.

THE extensive use of wire rope in the construction of bridges gives interest to a series of experiments lately made at the Havre Exhibition for testing its tensile strength. A piece of steel wire rope four inches in circumference (the diameter of course about one third of that) upheld the immense weight of forty tuns, and then slipped through the splice without breaking. A piece of iron wire-rope, three and one-eighth inches in circumference, resisted the strain of thirty-five tuns without breaking. A little iron wire-rope, only two and one-fourth inches in circumference, broke at fourteen tuns, its guaranteed breaking strain being but nine tuns. These were all English rope, and fairly beat all competitors, including the contractor to the French navy.

Joint Standing Committees of the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, appointed by the Presidents thereof, January 12th, 1869.

FINANCE.
Select Council.
Wm. Phillips, Second ward,
James M. McEwen, Eleventh ward,
A. M. Brown, Seventh ward,
James B. Murray, Twenty-second ward,
David Holmes, Eighteenth ward,
Matthew Edwards, Twenty-first ward,
James McAuley, Fourth ward.
Common Council.
T. W. Welsh, Twelfth ward,
George F. McCleane, Fourteenth ward,
Charles W. Batchelor, Twentieth ward,
Edward House, Second ward,
Charles Lockhart, Nineteenth ward,
B. W. Morgan, Twenty-first ward,
W. A. Gildenfenny, Thirteenth ward,
W. A. Tomlinson, Fourth ward.

WATER.
Select Council.
George W. Coffin, First ward,
John Shipton, Third ward,
David McClelland, Twelfth ward,
John D. Scully, Twenty-third ward,
Henry Lloyd, Fourteenth ward,
Charles A. Kehew, Eleventh ward,
Peter Zern, Ninth ward,
James McAuley, Fourth ward.
Common Council.
James G. Weldon, Fifth ward,
D. W. C. Carroll, Second ward,
Joseph Caskey, Sixth ward,
John Rebman, Seventh ward,
Andrew Scott, Seventeenth ward,
James Verner, Fourth ward,
J. J. Albeitz, Fifteenth ward,
John P. Penny, Twenty-first ward,
W. A. Tomlinson, Fourth ward.

STREETS.
Select Council.
Henry E. White, Sixth ward,
T. J. Gallaher, Third ward,
Chas. A. Armstrong, Twelfth ward,
Jacob Ahl, Tenth ward,
John Wilson, Seventh ward,
Henry Ahlborn, Fifteenth ward.
Common Council.
James G. Weldon, Fifth ward,
Wm. R. Boggs, First ward,
James Vick, Second ward,
N. P. Reed, Eleventh ward,
Andrew Scott, Seventeenth ward,
James Verner, Fourth ward,
George Booth, Eighth ward,
Thomas Dain, Ninth ward.

CLAIMS AND ACCOUNTS.
Select Council.
John Wilson, Seventh ward,
Robert Dickson, Nineteenth ward,
T. J. Craig, Fourteenth ward,
G. W. Hailman, Twentieth ward.
Common Council.
Thomas Rosewell, Twelfth ward,
Henry Daub, Third ward,
William Wilson, Tenth ward,
Joseph Nixon, Twenty-third ward,
J. McClaren, Fifth ward,
David Hutchison, Sixth ward,
J. J. Albeitz, Fifteenth ward.

MONONGAHELA WHARF.
Select Council.
Samuel Morrow, Sixth ward,
G. W. Coffin, First ward,
B. Rafferty, Fifth ward,
David McClelland, Twelfth ward.
Common Council.
Edward House, Second ward,
Wm. J. Moorhead, Eleventh ward,
David Sims, Third ward,
James B. Palmer, Twenty-third ward,
David L. Fleming, Seventh ward,
G. Gerner, Fourteenth ward,
Randal Morton, Twenty-second ward.

ALLEGHENY WHARF.
Select Council.
James Littell, Fourth ward,
Henry Ahlborn, Fifteenth ward,
P. Kane, Tenth ward,
Levi Rush, Ninth ward.
Common Council.
J. E. McKelvy, Twelfth ward,
R. R. Bulger, Seventh ward,
W. G. Dunseath, Eighth ward,
A. G. McCandless, Eleventh ward,
S. A. Vetter, Fifteenth ward,
David Hutchison, Sixth ward.

ORDINANCES.
Select Council.
A. M. Brown, Seventh ward,
E. P. Jones, Thirteenth ward,
Joseph Hartman, Eighth ward,
Hill Burgwin, Twenty-third ward.
Common Council.
John Barton, Twentieth ward,
F. E. Kremer, Ninth ward,
John Jahn, Third ward,
John B. Bell, Eighteenth ward,
John McClaren, Fifth ward,
S. A. Vetter, Fifteenth ward,
Benj. Waughter, Thirteenth ward.

GAS LIGHTING.
Select Council.
John Shipton, Third ward,
S. Morrow, Sixth ward,
John Quinn, Fifth ward,
J. D. Scully, Twenty-third ward,
Z. Wainwright, Seventeenth ward.
Common Council.
John Rebman, Seventh ward,
J. W. Welsh, Twelfth ward,
Joseph Moore, Eighth ward,
P. Weisenberger, Fifteenth ward,
J. K. Lanahan, Ninth ward,
W. C. Barr, Sixteenth ward,
John Barton, Twentieth ward.

NIGHT POLICE.
Select Council.
Wm. Phillips, Second ward,
James Rees, First ward,
Charles A. Kehew, Eleventh ward,
Joseph Marshall, Eighth ward,
Henry Lloyd, Fourteenth ward.
Common Council.
John H. Hare, Fourth ward,
W. H. Berger, Twelfth ward,
John Chislett, Jr., Seventeenth ward,
J. C. McCarthy, Fifth ward,
Ben. W. Morgan, Twenty-first ward,
David Sims, Third ward,
Chas. W. Batchelor, Twentieth ward.

FIRE ENGINES AND HOSE.
Select Council.
T. J. Gallaher, Third ward,
Z. Wainwright, Seventeenth ward,
John Quinn, Fifth ward,
R. G. Herron, Thirteenth ward,
T. J. Craig, Fourteenth ward.
Common Council.
W. R. Boggs, First ward,
Thomas Rosewell, Twelfth ward,
James Vick, Second ward,
Henry Meyer, Sixth ward,
Peter Shott, Tenth ward,
P. Weisenberger, Fifteenth ward.

MARKETS.
Select Council.
James M. McEwan, Tenth ward,
Jacob Wainwright, Fifteenth ward,
Hill Burgwin, Twenty-third ward,
James Littell, Sixteenth ward,
Peter Zern, Ninth ward.
Common Council.
Joseph Caskey, Sixth ward,
John Seiferth, First ward,
Geo. Booth, Eighth ward,
Thos. P. Houston, Second ward,
E. F. Anderson, Fourteenth ward.
Henry Daub, Third ward,
J. B. Meanor, Sixteenth ward,
James Potts, Twelfth ward.

CITY PRINTING.
Select Council.
A. H. Gross, Twentieth ward,
P. H. Laufman, Nineteenth ward,
Samuel McMahon, Seventeenth ward,
Jacob Ahl, Tenth ward,
Matt. Edwards, Twenty-first ward.
Common Council.
N. P. Reed, Eleventh ward,
John Jahn, Third ward,
James Potts, Twelfth ward,
J. K. Lanahan, Ninth ward,
W. C. Barr, Sixteenth ward,
John Jamison, Twenty-second ward,
A. W. Rook, First ward.

WOODEN BUILDINGS.
Select Council.
H. E. White, Sixth ward,
B. Schmidt, Sixteenth ward,
Levi Rush, Ninth ward,
Joseph Hartman, Eighth ward,
John Murdock, Jr., Twenty-second ward.
Common Council.
W. H. Berger, Twelfth ward,
W. Wilson, Tenth ward,
A. G. McCandless, Eleventh ward,
A. Black, Fifteenth ward,
John C. McCarthy, Fifth ward,
J. McMasters, Eighteenth ward,
D. W. C. Carroll, Second ward.

APPEALS FROM CITY ASSESSMENTS.
Select Council.
B. Rafferty, Fifth ward,
P. H. Laufman, Nineteenth ward,
David Kirk, Eighteenth ward,
T. J. Craig, Fourteenth ward,
Common Council.
F. P. Case, Sixth ward,
B. Waughter, Thirteenth ward,
W. J. Moorhead, Eleventh ward,
Thos. Dain, Ninth ward,
Evan Jones, Fourteenth ward,
Joseph Moore, Eighth ward,
P. Shott, Tenth ward.

CITY PROPERTY.
Select Council.
Wm. Phillips, Second ward,
Finley Torrence, Twenty-first ward,
Joseph Marshall, Eighth ward,
G. W. Hailman, Twentieth ward,
J. B. Murray, Twenty-second ward.
Common Council.
John H. Hare, Fourth ward,
Evan Jones, Fourteenth ward,
G. R. Pearson, Seventeenth ward,
A. W. Rook, First ward,
F. Ardary, Nineteenth ward,
J. B. Bell, Eighteenth ward,
H. Meyers, Sixth ward.

RAILROADS.
Select Council.
W. N. Ogden, Second ward,
J. Wainwright, Fifteenth ward,
David Kirk, Eighteenth ward,
Matt. Edwards, Twenty-first ward,
Chas. H. Armstrong, Twelfth ward.
Common Council.
John Seiferth, First ward,
David L. Fleming, Seventh ward,
W. A. Gildenfenney, Thirteenth ward,
F. P. Case, Sixth ward,
F. E. Kremer, Ninth ward,
John Jamison, Twenty-second ward,
G. R. Pearson, Seventeenth ward,
G. Gerner, Fourteenth ward.

FIRE ALARM TELEGRAPH.
Select Council.
James Rees, First ward,
W. N. Ogden, Second ward,
Samuel McMahon, Seventeenth ward,
Patrick Kane, Tenth ward.
Common Council.
John H. Hare, Fourth ward,
J. E. McKelvey, Twelfth ward,
J. B. Meanor, Sixteenth ward,
E. F. Anderson, Fourteenth ward,
R. R. Bulger, Seventh ward.

ROADS.
Select Council.
E. P. Jones, Thirteenth ward,
David Holmes, Eighteenth ward,
John Murdock, Jr., Twenty-second ward,
B. Schmidt, Sixteenth ward.
Common Council.
Geo. F. McCleane, Fourteenth ward,
Chas. Batchelor, Twentieth ward,
John P. Penny, Twenty-first ward,
Joseph Nixon, Twenty-third ward,
Frank Ardary, Nineteenth ward.

SURVEY.
Select Council.
R. G. Herron, Thirteenth ward,
A. H. Gross, Twentieth ward,
Robert Dickson, Nineteenth ward,
F. Torrence, Twenty-first ward,
Joseph Hartman, Eighth ward.
Common Council.
John Chislett, Jr., Seventeenth ward,
Thos. P. Houston, Second ward,
John McMasters, Eighteenth ward,
James B. Palmer, Twenty third ward,
Randal Morton, Twenty-second ward,
Frank P. Case, Sixth ward.

Bank Failure in Havana.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, January 16.—The bank Del Commercio, known as Fesser's bank, which for some time past has been in a weak condition, suspended payment yesterday. Liabilities heavy. The share-holders will be the principal sufferers.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS.

The most efficient DIURETIC, for treatment of all complaints resulting from weakness and derangement of the Kidneys such as pains and weakness in the Back or Loins; Gravel, Dropsy, Incontinance of Urine, Stranguary, Inflammation of the Kidneys, &c., &c. DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS can be used with perfect safety in all cases in children as well as adults. Upwards of thirty-seven years' experience has proven this medicine to be the most uniform and efficient Diuretic ever discovered, besides being in the form of sugar coated Pills, making them easy to take, and not being a purgative, never interferes with the regular discharge of duties. These Pills can be had at wholesale and retail from the Proprietor

GEORGE A. KELLEY,
Wholesale Druggist,
CORNER OF WOOD STREET AND SECOND AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

and from all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
50 cents per box. ja16

THE MACHINE, CALLED MAN,

Is a very complicated and delicate one, and is more liable to get out of order, and much more difficult to repair, than any combination of wheels, and cranks, and levers made by the hands of man. As a rule, it is *tinkered too much*, and *badly tinkered* at that. It is often calomelized, narcotized, depleted, and otherwise misused, when all that it really needs is a whole some tonic and restorative like HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS to put it in proper trim and keep it so. The stomach is shamefully maltreated. In the first place, the food which its juices are intended to dissolve, is too frequently *thrown into it hastily*, and in a half masticated condition, in which state the gastric acid cannot properly act upon it. The result is *dyspepsia*. Then comes the doctor, and finding the digestive organs in a weak and the bowels inert, he proceeds to weaken and paralyze still more with drastic purgatives. These failing—as they always do—to produce a salutary change, he tells the invalid that medical science can do no more for him. This, with all due deference, is a mistake, one of those mistakes which Talleyrand said were tantamount to crimes. What the dyspeptic needs is *invigoration*. Strengthen the stomach with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, and the stomach will strengthen every other part of the human machine, and make it, in common parlance, as good as new. Upon the state of the digestion depends, in a measure, the condition of the whole system. Now, the Bitters are the most admirable tonic known. They consist of the finest vegetable invigorants and restoratives, combined with an unadulterated stimulant. The dyspeptic needs nothing else to effect a cure, except a light, nutritious diet, and a fair amount of exercise. Even in the absence of these last mentioned accessories, the tonic and alterative properties of the preparation will work wonders, enabling the dyspeptic to digest inferior fare with comparative ease, and to maintain a good habit of body, in spite of the drawbacks of a sedentary occupation

THE SOUND OF THE LUNGS.

One of the most accurate ways of determining whether the lungs are in a healthy or diseased condition, is by means of listening to the respiration. To those experienced in this practice it becomes as plain an index to the state of the lungs, and is as well known to the operator as are the voices of his most intimate acquaintances. The belief that long standing coughs, and diseases of the lungs upon which they are dependent, are incurable, are fast becoming obsolete. One great advantage to be gained from this advance in medical knowledge is the earlier application of those who become afflicted with these diseases to some one competent to afford relief. The error which had taken hold of the public mind in regard to the curability of consumption, or rather non-curability, is fast becoming obliterated, and it is well that it should be so, not that persons should lose that salutary fear which would make them apply for a timely remedy, but that all might be induced to use remedies while there is any hope. It is the delay in these cases that fills us with apprehension and alarm, for if every one would make timely application of DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE in the beginning of a cold or cough, few cases would go so far as to become irremediable.

Sold at the Doctor's great Medicine Store, No. 140 Wood street. WILL SHORTLY REMOVE TO HIS NEW STORE, NO. 16 LIBERTY STREET, SECOND DOOR FROM ST. CLAIR.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 140 PENN STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA. Office Hours from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M., and from 7 to 8 at night.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO CAPITALISTS.—Parties engaged in organizing the ownership of proposed extensive works for the convertion of the Iron Ores of Michigan, at a locality which possesses many peculiar advantages for economising cost of ore, fuel, transportation, market, &c., are in correspondence with one of the publishers of the GAZETTE, who will be glad to communicate with any capitalists in Pittsburgh with a view to investment in an enterprise that presents rare prospects of proving very lucrative. Reference, Mr. KING, GAZETTE OFFICE. ja18

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY.

The LARGEST STOCK of prime new seed in Western Pennsylvania. Dealers and others are invited to examine or address

W. W. KNOX,
Successor to J. Knox,
ja16:d21 137 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.

SAMUEL LOGAN,

HOUSE CARPENTER,

AND BUILDER. All kinds of carpenter work done to order. Orders left at the shop, No. 33 FULTON STREET, near Webster, will be promptly attended to. ja9:e34

REMOVAL.

DR. HEWITT

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE from 36 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny, to the office occupied by the late Dr. Joseph A. Herron, 16 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh. All calls after 8 o'clock P. M. must, for the present, be made at his boarding house, No. 128 Washington street, near Fifth avenue. ja9:e37

PERSONAL.—Julius F. Zoller, formerly for a number of years translator to the State of Pennsylvania, furnishes promptly and *at reasonable terms*, translations either in the English or German language, as for instance, Books, Pamphlets, Constitutions of Societies, Circulars, Recommendations of Patents and Patent Medicines, Official Documents, Accounts, Letters, &c.

He also attends to the correct and neat printing of most of the above translations, when desired.

Orders may be left at the Job Office of Errett, Anderson & Co., Gazette Building, Fifth avenue, nearly opposite the Postoffice. ja12:d14

LANDS TO EXCHANGE.

NEARLY ONE THOUSAND ACRES OF LAND

In Chase county, Kansas, will be exchanged for an improved farm in Beaver, Washington, Allegheny, Lawrence, or Westmoreland county, Pa., on or near a railroad. These lands lie in a body, are near the flourishing town of Emporia, and are represented to be well watered, suitable for either stock or grain raising, and near the Atchison & Santa Fee Railroad.

Address, "EXCHANGE,"
ja15:d37-F Box 641 Pittsburgh, Pa.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

We have this day admitted

LEVI DILLON AND GEO. S. GRISCOM

as members of our firm. The style of the firm will continue unchanged.

BISSELL & CO.
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1869. ja7:e89

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THAT LARGE BUILDING,

Situated on Lacock street, near Sandusky, Fourth Ward, Allegheny, and known as "Dr. Sproull's Church."

The building is admirably suited for manufacturing purposes, such as a Woolen Factory, Machine Shop, Cabinet Warehouse, Chair Factory and Flouring Mill, is sufficiently strong for any amount of machinery, and has both front and side entrance.

The location is excellent, in the business part of the city, close to market, depots, federal street, &c., &c. A lease will be given on favorable terms for a number of years. For further information inquire of J. B. McKEE,
Nos. 43 and 45 Federal St., Allegheny city, Pa.
ja16:d11

TO-LET—THE

LARGE AND SUBSTANTIAL WAREHOUSE,

NOS. 91 AND 92 WATER STREET,

Between Market and Wood streets, (fronting on Water street 45 feet and running through 160 feet to First avenue,) is now for rent. Possession to be given on the 1st of April next. This warehouse is now occupied by Spang, Chalfant & Co. Inquire of

JAMES McAULEY,
At Iron City National Bank, Fourth avenue,
SPANG & CO.
PITTSBURGH, December 21, 1868. ja8:e35

WALL PAPER,

At 107 Market Street.

Near Fifth avenue. To make room for new goods we will sell

FOR THIRTY DAYS

The stock now in store, at prices that will pay buyers to invest. Call and see.

JOS. R. RUGHES & BRO.
ja16

47. HEADQUARTERS 47.

FOR

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Gray & Logan,

NO. 47 ST. CLAIR STREET,

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

WALL PAPER—REMOVAL.

THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,

W. P. MARSHALL

Has removed from 87 WOOD STREET to

NO. 191 LIBERTY STREET,

a few doors above ST. CLAIR. fdel8

PAPER. PAPER.

Printing, Straw, Rag, Glass, Carpet,

ROOFING, HARDWARE AND MANILLAS,

Manufactured and sold by

FRAZIER, METZGER & CO.,

82 THIRD AVENUE.

CASH PAID FOR ROPE, RAGS AND OLD PAPERS. oc28:z56MF

SUNDRIES.—197 Bags Ear Corn.
1 Sack Feathers.
5 bbls wrought and 4 bbls cast scrap iron.
now landing from Steamer Camellia, for sale by
ja15 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

SCRAP IRON.—60 Tuns Heavy now landing from steamer Camelia, for sale by
ja15 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BALED HAY.—293 Bales to Arrive on steamer Sallie, for sale by
ja15 ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES

OF

DRY GOODS,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 AND 182

Federal Street,

Allegheny City,

At 12½ cts. Good Yard Wide Bleached Muslins.
At 12½ cts. Heavy Yard Wide Unbleached Muslin.
At 10 cts. Good Shirting Muslin.
At 9 cts. Dark Calicoes.
At 12½ cts. Fast Colored Calicoes, choice styles.
At 12½ cts. Wide Linen Toweling.
At 12½ cts. Linen Towels.
At 25 cts. Yard Wide Feather Ticking.
At 12½ cts. Good Dark Ginghams.

WE HAVE PLENTY OF

BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED

MUSLINS AND SHEETINGS,

CALICOES AND GINGHAMS,

TICKINGS, CHECKS,

And all Kinds of

Domestic Cotton Goods.

Customers need be in no hurry making their purchases, fearing an advance in prices, similar to what occurred a year ago, as we have plenty of goods to offer them, bought before the late advance.

ALL DEPARTMENTS

OF THE HOUSE

Well Supplied With Goods,

AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

180 AND 182

Federal Street,

Allegheny City.

ja18

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Woolen Goods at a Great Sacrifice.

LARGE STOCK OF YARNS,

In all Colors and Qualities.

LADIES' AND MISSES' WOOL HOSIERY.

GENTS' AND YOUTHS' ONE-HALF HOSE.

GLOVES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Ladies' & Gents' Wool & Merino Underwear,

HOOP SKIRTS.

FINE VARIETY OF EMBROIDERED AND LACE

Handkerchiefs and Collars.

PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS

OF EVERY VARIETY, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Jobbers will especially do well to call on us now, as we wish to sell most of our goods before commencing to take stock.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

ja16

SKATES, SKATES, SKATES.

American Rink,
New York Club,
Empire, Starr, &c.

All other styles and sizes at the very lowest rates at

WHITESIDES & DRUM,

de11 79 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES each will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED—HELP—At Employment Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Pleasant room, with board, suitable for gentleman and wife, or two young gentlemen at 68 FOURTH STREET. Also, a few day or dinner boarders can be accommodated. Reference required.

WANTS.

WANTED—TO RENT.—Two or THREE ROOMS OF A SMALL HOUSE, in a pleasant location, by a man and wife: no children. Good reference. Address C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

$25,000 TO LOAN ON BOND and mortgage on Allegheny County Property. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

LOST.

LOST SPECTACLES.—A Pair of gold spectacles on Hand street, SATURDAY, January 16. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving them with the Collector of the Hand Street Bridge. ja18

LOST.—A Diamond Cross Breast PIN. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Dr. McMEALS office.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—Warehouse No. 299 Liberty street, now occupied by S. EWART & CO. For terms enquire of Teller of Keystone Bank, corner Garrison alley. ja15

FOR RENT.—A FIRST CLASS ALE VAULT. Capacity 1,000 barrels. Apply at 204 PENN STREET. ja15

TO-LET—HOUSE.—Brick House of four rooms and kitchen. Possession given February 1st. Apply at 107 Clark street. (ja13

TO LET.--TWO HANDSOMELY furnished rooms, with gas and fire, one on first floor, and one front up stairs. Inquire at 199 Third avenue.

TO-LET.—Dwelling House, No. 94 Wylie street, containing 12 rooms, STORE ROOM, No. 96 Wylie street, corner of Federal Street. Apply to A. M. BROWN, 96 Wylie street, and 114 Fifth Avenue.

TO LET.—WAREHOUSE.—The large Four Story WAREHOUSE, 38 Smithfield street, at present occupied by Messrs. T. B. Young & Co. in the furniture business. Inquire of SIMON JOHNSTON, corner of Smithfield street and Fourth avenue.

TO LET—WAREHOUSE, No. 188 Smithfield street, occupied by V. Dissen as an upholstring and furniture store.
Also, to let: A large oil warehouse on Hancock street.
Also, a dwelling with 7 rooms.
Also, a well finished house with 11 rooms, No. 25 Hancock street, both opposite christ Church.
Also, a large house on the corner of Penn and Hancock street. Suitable for offices
Enquire at 277 PENN STREET. ja13

FOR RENT.—HOUSE.—A large BRICK DOUBLE HOUSE, containing large Double Parlors, Library, Dining Room, Kitchen and Wash House on lower floor, and 5 bed rooms and bath room on second floor. Also finished attic, good cellar with bake-oven in it, together with large yard planted with shrubbery and fruit trees. Hot and cold water and gas through the house. The house is in good order, finely papered and painted throughout. Marble mantlepieces in parlors, library and dining room. Possession given at once. Location in Eleventh (old Seventh) ward. For terms, &c., address, D. Z., care Box W. Gazette Office.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE WES- TERN AVENUE RESIDENCE, located on Western avenue, Allegheny city, between Bidwell street and Irwin avenue. Residence—brick of 11 rooms, hall and good cellar, gas throughout and all finish of a first class style. Lot 48 by 120 to a 20 foot alley, will be sold on easy terms. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue. ja16

FOR SALE—BUSINESS STAND— A well known and prosperous wholesale business stand, with stock and fixtures, is offered for sale. Satisfactory reasons are given for the disposal. Apply at 77 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE—That fine two story brick warehouse, 24 by 64 feet, situated on OHIO STREET, Allegheny city, No. 95, now occupied as a flour and Grain Warehouse. Also, that two story brick dwelling house, 20 by 64 feet, adjoining the above containing six rooms For further particulars enquire on the premises of M. STEEL & SON.

FOR SALE—FARM.—200 acres of good Land, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland county, two miles from Irwin Station, on the Penna. R. R. Improvements, hewed log house in good repair, bank barn and other outbuildings. Terms moderate. Enquire of W. WILSON, Larimer's Station, or R. A. HOPE, Penn Station.

FOR SALE.—Engine and Boiler and Smoke Stack, all in good running order.
ja11 H. SWOYER, 543 Penn street.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERE- tofore existing between E. HOUSTON, JOHN BIGLEY and W. H. HOUSTON, under the name and style of E. HOUSTON & CO., was dissolved by mutual consent on the first day of November, 1868, JOHN BIGLEY retiring. All business of the late firm will be settled by the remaining partners. Those indebted are urged to settle their accounts on or before February 1st, 1869, as the business of the late firm must be closed by that time.

E. HOUSTON,
JOHN BIGLEY,
W. H. HOUSTON.
PITTSBURGH, Dec. 31st, 1868.

E. HOUSTON. W. H. HOUSTON.

E. HOUSTON & CO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

No. 107 Fifth Avenue,

Respectfully inform their patrons and the public generally that they have on hand a large supply of GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING, of all the latest fashions, which they intend to close out at greatly REDUCED PRICES, to make room for a Spring stock. Prices on regular custom work have also been greatly reduced to suit the stringency of the times.

Call and examine the stock and inquire the prices.

E. HOUSTON & CO.,
ja5:e37 107 Fifth Avenue.

J. E. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT.

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING, of all descriptions, done. oc8:v36

QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
QUEEN OF ENGLAND SOAP.
For doing a family washing in the best and cheapest manner. Guaranteed equal to any in the world Has all the strength of old rosin soap, with the mild and lathering qualities of genuine Castile. Try this splendid Soap. Sold by the ALDEN CHEMICAL WORKS, 48 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.
oc2:v87-MWF&F

ROSADALIS

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

de7:b10-MWF

FOR SALE,

FINE SEED WHEAT,

AT 349 LIBERTY ST.

an29 HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS—We have in stock a large assortment of styles and various widths of thoroughly seasoned Floor Oil Cloths, which we are offering to the wholesale and retail trade at prices lower, taking quality into consideration, than can be had in this city.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
no30 26 and 28 Sixth street.

500 BUSHELS
PRIME SOUTHERN RED WHEAT
To arrive and for sale by
se18 McBANE & ANJER.

FOR RENT.—THE DWELLING PART OF HOUSE No. 48 FOURTH AVENUE, adjoining the Bank of Pittsburgh, suitable for a dentist, or physician or some public office. Apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
ja 5 85 Smithfield street.

2,000 BUSHELS OF PEACH BLOWS.
ja5 DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

40 BARRELS OF SORGHUM MOLASSES.
ja5 DILLINGER & STEVENSON.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO.,
Pittsburgh, January 14th, 1869.

THE BOARD of MANAGERS of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a dividend on the stock of said Company of

THREE PER CENT.,

for the past six months, or ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF A SHARE, free from U. S. Revenue Tax, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after MONDAY, the 18th inst.

W. BAKEWELL,
ja15:d19 Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, January 13th, 1869.

THE BOARD of Directors of the COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY have this day declared a dividend, No. 32, of four (4) per cent. (two dollars per share) on the capital stock, payable MONDAY, January 18th.

ja14:d16 A. P. McGREW, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS CO.,
January 11, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—

The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, out the capital stock previous to December 15th, 1868, payable on demand at the office of the Company.

ja12:d7 W. H. McCLELLAND, Treasurer.

NATIONAL TRUST CO.,
Pittsburgh, January 6, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have to-day declared a dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.,

Payable on the 13th, free of tax.

ja7:e88 ROBERT GRIER, Cashier.

BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 45 Ohio Street,
Allegheny, Pa., January 5, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Company have this day declared a dividend of

TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS

per share, to be credited on the Stock Notes.

ja7:e87 GEO. D. BIDDLE, Secretary.

MERCHANTS AND MANUF'RS NATIONAL BANK,
Pittsburgh, January 5, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.,

On the capital stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all taxes.

ja6:e75 JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE OF ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO.,
No. 37 Fifth Avenue.
PITTSBURGH, January 4, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of

TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS

per share, free of tax, payable in cash on and after Monday, the 11th inst C. G. DONNELL,
ja6:e77 Secretary.

OFFICE OF ARTISANS INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, January 4, 1869.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of

TWO DOLLARS PER SHARE,

out of the earnings of the last six months, to be credited on the Stock Notes. J. G. COFFIN,
ja6:e71 Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, corner of Federal street and Stockton Avenue, Allegheny.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Company have declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS per share, free of tax, payable in cash to the Stockholders on and after MONDAY, January 18th.

ja12:d9 JAMES E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, January 4th, 1869.

THE BOARD OF DIREC- TORS of this Bank have declared a dividend of five per cent. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith free of all tax.

ja6:e40 W. M'CANDLESS, Assistant Cashier.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.— FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, Pa., late PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY. The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of three per cent. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government tax.

ja5:e32 J. D. SCULLY.

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, January 2, 1869.

A DIVIDEND OF EIGHT PER CENT., free of taxes, will be paid to the Stockholders of the Bank, on and after January 12th, inst.

ja5:e44 JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.

MANUFACTURERS & MERCHANTS INSURANCE CO.
JANUARY 4th, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE, payable to Stockholders on and after the 11th inst., free of tax.

ja5:e65 WM. P. JONES, Secretary.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1869.

DIVIDEND---The President, Managers and Company for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS on each share of the capital of the Company, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives, by the Treasurer, forthwith.

ja4:M.W.F. WM. ROSEBURG, Treas'r.

THE LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD CO
Temperanceville, Dec. 26, 1868.

THE LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD CO.—Have this declared a dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of Government tax on the profits of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 1869, at the office of the company.

de30:e9 WM. ESPY, President.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. CO
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
PITTSBURGH, December 15, 1868.

THE BOARD OF DIREC- TORS of this Company have declared the regular QUARTERLY DIVIDEND, (No. 20) of 2½ per cent. free of Government Tax, on the capital stock for the quarter ending December 31, 1868, and semi-annual interest of 3½ per cent., less Government Tax, on the Third Mortgage Bonds, payable on and after MONDAY, the 19th day of January, 1869, at the office of WINSLOW, LANIER & CO., No. 27 PINE STREET, to those registered at New York, and at the office of the Treasurer, to those registered at Pittsburgh.

The Transfer Books will close on SATURDAY, 26th instant, at 3 P. M., and re-open TUESDAY, the 20th of January, 1869, at 10 A. M.

F. M. HUTCHISON,
de28:b100 Secretary.

NOTICES.

PITTSBURGH & CONNELLS- VILLE RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.—The Coupons of the above Bonds, due JANUARY 1st, will be paid after that date on presentation and delivery at the office of the Treasurer, Pittsburgh, or at the Merchants' National Bank of Baltimore.

JOHN H. PAGE, Jr., Treasurer.
Office P. C. R. R. Co., Pittsb'h Dec. 18, 1868.
de21:b71-MWF

OFFICE PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO.,
Pittsburgh, January 14, 1869.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS. —Notice is hereby given that COUPON No. 19 TURTLE CREEK DIVISION CONSTRUCTION BONDS, due on the first day of February next, will be paid on and after that date upon presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh. JOHN H. PAGE, JR.,
ja15:d20 Treasurer.

WANTED—ON COMMISSION,

ONE HUNDRED TONS OF

POULTRY,

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

The highest market prices and quick sales guaranteed. Mark

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

THE BEST STOVES.

A. BRADLEY & CO.

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE.

Sole Agents for the celebrated Base Burning Oriental Stoves and Furnaces for Hard Coal or Coke. Best in the World for Parlor, Office, Store or Church. Fire needs no rekindling—burns all winter. Do not buy until you see or send for Circular.

No. 30 WOOD STREET

Our Agents for Orientals—DEMMLER BROS., Smithfield St.; GEO. HUBLEY, Allegheny City.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR," COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE, CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

IRON WORKS.

NOTICE.—We have this day associated with us in co-partnership, EDWIN MILES and JOHN S. SLAGLE. The business will be continued as heretofore under the name and style of

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.

Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1869.

DUQUESNE WORKS,

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS. STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINCS,

Duquesne Iron, Sheet and Tank Iron, Juniata Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Charcoal Iron, Cylinder Iron, X L Iron, Flanged Cutter Bars, Guard Iron, Drag and Dropper Bars, T Rail for Coal Roads, Iron Wedges, Flat Rail for Coal Roads, Boiler Iron, Crow Bars, Chain Links, Boiler Heads, Steel and Iron Harrow Teeth, Carriage, Wagon, Seat and Coach Springs, and Axles, all styles; Slab Steel for Plows, Cultivator Steel, Steel Wings and Moulds cut to pattern, Spring steel all sizes, A. B. Steel and Steel Tire, Steel Crow Bars, Steel shafting, &c.

ALL GOODS FIRST CLASS AND WARRANTED.

Offices and Works 16th street and Allegheny river and 77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

ja4:c22

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, PITTSBURGH.

ap24:d6

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE

IRON AND STEEL WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails and Steel, Carriage and Wagon Springs and Axles.

Duquesne, XL, and Juniata Merchant Bar, Round and Square Iron; Band, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron; Oval, Half Oval and Half Round Iron; Cylinder and Wagon Box Iron; Drag and Dropper Bars; T and Flat Rail for Coal Roads; Cut Nails and Spikes; Plow, Spring and A B Steel; Laminated Steel; Cutter Bars, Crow Bars, &c., &c.

Office and Warehouse—77 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS,
ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:

WM. METCALF, GEO. W. BARR, REUBEN MILLER, CHAS. PARKIN.

SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

fe14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, 120, 122, 124 SECOND and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA,

☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE,

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of

General Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

ATLAS WORKS,

MORTON STREET, Ninth Ward,

PITTSBURGH.

THOMAS N. MILLER, President.

These Works are among the largest and most complete establishments in the West, and are now prepared to furnish

Engines, of every description.
Boilers, Oil Tanks.
Sheet Iron Work.
Railroad Castings.
Rolling Mill Castings.
Engine Castings.
Machine Castings.
General Castings.

ORDERS SOLICITED

no9:n69

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, JR.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,

IRON FOUNDERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

FINE LIGHT CASTINGS,

All descriptions, for Plumbers and Gas Fitters; Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c.

All Job Work promptly attended to.

Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Pa.

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office, No. 12, corner First and Smithfield Streets. Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r62

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.

Butler Street, Ninth Ward,

(Opposite Union Iron Mills,)

PITTSBURGH.

Rolling Mill and Bridge Castings,

THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES,

MACHINERY AND CASTINGS GENERALLY.

Orders promptly and carefully executed. Charges reasonable.

EBBERT & MACKLIND.

oct5:128

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv14:q5

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

IRON BROKERS.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM,

IRON BROKER,

124 First Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Doughamore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and C. B. Charcoal

PIG IRONS.

Consignments are most respectfully solicited.

PAPER.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS.

CLINTON MILL—STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL—NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treasurer.
SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H Hartman, John B. Livingston.

Cash paid for Paper Stock. ja29:o88

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR.

PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to

FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.

This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.

PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.

PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.

WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,

Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT,)

Engine Builders, Founders & Machinists,

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horse power.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SEATING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS,
SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:j89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

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White Lead, Window Glass and Glassware at Manufacturers prices. de9

ELECTIC SUMMER CORDIAL,

An infallible remedy for Summer Complaint, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Vomiting, Sour Stomach and Cholera Morbus.

DR. HARRIS' CRAMP CURE,

A specific for Cholera, Cramps and Pain in Stomach, for sale by

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The only green paint that will not deteriorate by exposure. It will look better, last longer and give more perfect satisfaction than any paint in the market

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The cheapest investment now in the market for sale by

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, January 16, 1869.

The closing price of gold after board on Friday was 136⅝, although the principal dealings were at 136¼. On Saturday morning the market opened at 136⅛, and kept steady all day at 136¼. The undertone of the market is too firm to venture on any short contracts where the prospective margins are likely to be small, although the premium is considered high. Coupons are freely presented for payment at the sub-treasuries and depositories, and there is no disposition to hoard gold at present. The future prices is depending on the rapid movements in cotton and the state of political affairs in Europe, which look at present more pacific. It is asserted that should the eastern question be settled by the Paris conference business may be expected to revive in Europe, and large amounts of money temporarily employed at New York by European capitalists would go back and be used there in industrial enterprises, which would lead to a greater demand for gold or exchange.

Bonds were higher at the close on Saturday and the market firm, but the new bear movement in Railroad shares may have a powerful influence on Governments also; the more so since bonds are selling now four per cent. above last years prices.

Stocks are expected to fluctuate much during the next few weeks, and no doubt will settle down at a large decline.

In local stocks we have to report free offerings of Atlantic Telegraph stocks, which has been a favorite with investers at the low rate—it sold from 21 to 21⅜—a demand for Columbia oil stock under advanced prices of oil and good and steady dividends. Allegheny Valley Railroad bonds were also offered at quotations going before the last coupons were detached, but 80 per cent. might purchase all what is on the market at present. Central and Union Pacific bonds are more in demand, and are a decidedly better investment at par and 103 and interest than Tenforty bonds at 108 bearing 5 per cent. interest. Insurance stocks are quiet, and Connellsville Railroad bonds and stocks, freely dealt in here, seem to be out of the market, the former at 80 and the latter 9½ to 10. Steubenville and Indiana Railroad, first mortgage bonds, sold at 75 this week, the only transaction for a long time. Bridge, gas and water stocks are in firm hands and little offered.

Closing quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 136¼; Eighty-one's, 112¼; Five Twenties, 1862, 112¾; do, 1864, 109½; do, 1865, 110; do, 1865, new, 108¼; do, 1867, 108¾; do, 1868, 108⅞; Ten Forties, 107⅛; Railroads—Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 87⅞; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 120¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 120½; Chicago & North Western, 82¼; do Preferred, 88¼; Michigan Southern, 89; Reading, 95½; Erie, 38⅞; New York Central, 163; Ohio & Mississippi Certificates, 33⅞; Western Union Telegraph Co., 33⅞; Merchants Union Express Co., 13; Pacific Mail, 122½; Adams, 51¼; Mining shares—Gregory, 3,65; Quartz Hill, 76; Smith & Parmele, 2,65.

—Says the New York *Times*, of Friday: The activity of rising prices in Cleveland and Pittsburgh stock is ascribed to the fact, announced by telegraph yesterday, that the property has fortunately been rescued from the control of Mr. Frederick A. Lane and his new automaton directors by the Ohio Courts and placed in charge of a responsible and experienced Receiver. It is also a fortunate circumstance that Lane caused Mr. McCullough, the old President of the Company, to be re-elected. This compliment to Mr. McCullough was designed to quiet any opposition which might be made to the designs of Lane and his Erie confederates in New York, upon the credit and usefulness of the road. But they mistook their man. Mr. McCullough and two of his colleagues in the new board, protested against and exposed the rascally measures adopted at the first meeting of the board, and then not only advised a Receivership but promptly turned over the road to the designated Receiver. Meanwhile, it is intimated that the short sales of the stock in this market are believed to have been large, a few days ago, on the too hasty calculation that Lane could, at will, nearly double the capital—as his confederates, Gould and Fisk, and himself had more than doubled the capital of the Erie last year—by the use of bogus convertible bonds of the extraordinary denominations of a million of dollars each! But no such bonds can now be issued or recognized; no such conversions into stock will be permitted. The road, with its proper capital of $6,000,000, reverts to its rightful owners, and its administration now, practically, in the same hands as b fore the revolutionary and fraudulent ele tion of last week. This defeat of the Er trio has sensibly diminished their chanc and designs upon the Fort Wayne Li at the annual election in March. For on they have overreached themselves, ar suddenly discovered the difference b tween the Courts of Ohio and the Courts the city of New York.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKE

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, January 16, 1868.

GENERAL REVIEW.

The week which has just closed h again been characterized by considerab excitement, and with a heavy volume business, in the aggregate, prices ha materially advanced, and up until Fr day, there appeared to be more buye than sellers. There has been an intensi of feeling in regard to the future course the market, unprecedented, we might a most say, in the history of the trade, ar at no time, perhaps, in the last three year has an advance been so rapid and une pected, as during the past two week Crude within that time has advanced ful four cents per gallon, and Refined, in lil ratio, and so excited was the market times, that sellers were almost afraid name a price. And the most remarkab feature connected with the whole mov ment is the fact that short sellers (tl very parties interested in keeping pric down) contributed very largely towa bringing about the excitement, as th bought largely in order to cover, ar continued to buy in the face of the rap advance until the market become red-h and others commenced to buy also. we noted the other day, oil is now high than even the most sanguine bull hop for or expected, and, as we have alrea intimated, the shorts are, to a great e tent, responsible for the agitation which h prevailed, and the unexpected and n terial advance in prices. It is true, t impression has become pretty general th oil is likely to be worth more this year th it was last, unless there shonld be a large increased production, and this has doul less stimulated many outsiders to buy, b to the sudden and unexpected raid by t shorts, may be attributed the exciteme and advance during the past few week They did the very thing the bulls want to accomplish, but were unable of the selves to do. The receipts of Crude t week were unusually large, 25,837 barre against 8,570 barrels last week; recei from January 1st to date, 34,407 barre against 80,460 same time last year. Sh ments of Refined east 5,353 barrels, agai 6,651 last week. Sales this week, 172, barrels, against 82,400 last week.

CRUDE.

The market was again dull, unsettl and irregular to-day, and with compa tively nothing done, prices are a sha lower. January was offered early in t day at 16, and later still at 15¾ witho finding buyers, and we can report a sale 5,000 bbls, first six months, (40 to 45) at 15 and $200 was paid for the privilege of pl ing 1,000 bbls, January to June, at 14 The market was in a peculiar condition day, being considerably mixed, and th were no regular quotations, though th was more of a disposition manifested sell. Private telegrams report an offi ness at Oil City, quotations being given $5,75 to $6, against sales yesterday at $6,

REFINED.

The Refined market, as in the case Crude, was also dull and offish with l comparatively nothing done, and pric especially for early deliveries, were low January is reported as having been s in the east at 32½c, against sales on Thu day at 34c. January and February w offered at 32¾c. Sale of 500 each March May, last half, seller, at 34c, which, al shows a decline. For the late months th were no sales reported, and in the pres condition of the market it is difficult give accurate quotations.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Braun & Wagner, 150 do do to Warin King & Co., Philadelphia.
Citizens Ref. Co., 514 do do to Ta Bro., Philadelphia.
Total shipments Refined.....

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEP

F. A. Bates, 52 do do to Warden, Frev Co., Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKI

PENN'A CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, SATURDAY, January 16, 1869.

CATTLE.

There has been a fair volume of busin in Cattle since the date of our last rep (Wednesday at noon) the sales in the gregate footing up one thousand head, t as a general thing, prices ruled lower, p ticularly for the common grades. Pri to extra shipping steers brought from to 8 cts., and good to medium, 6½ t Stockers range from 4½ to 5½ according quality and condition. The arrivals w unusually large this week, and with fe buyers in attendance, holders were obli to make concessions or else ship furt East, which is considered risky at this ticular season of the year, as all the E ern markets are very sensitive, and ta but little to turn them one way or other.

HOGS

The Hog market was a little offish terday and to-day, and, compared the middle of the week, prices are a sh lower. The sales since the date of last report, (Wednesday noon) foot 2,634 head, and quotations may be fa given at 10 to 10,50 for Yorkers, and to 11,50 for such as are usually shippe Philadelphia. Wesley Hedges sold a load of extra on Friday at 10,80. T were only two car loads in the p noon to-day unsold.

SHEEP.

The Sheep market has been dull all week, and prices have still further clined, We now quote at 3½ to 5½ common to prime mutton Sheep, with s of 4,848 head since the date of our las port, (Wednesday).

Grain in Store at Chicago.

The following were the amounts of g in store on Monday last, as compared the same time in 1868:

	Jan. 9, 1869.	Jan 18
Wheat	1,183,913	73
Corn	391,637	76
Oats	551,584	57
Rye	166,011	4
Barley	281,665	13

CINCINNATI, Jan. 16.—Flour dull; fa $7,50a7,75 Wheat dull, no demand the prices are nominal. Corn in good mand; shelled sold at 70c. Rye firm $1,40. Oats firmer; No. 1 62c. Barley changed and firm. Cotton quiet; mid 28¼a20¾c. Whisky opened dull but c firmer and higher; sales at 97c. Egg clined to 28a29c. Provisions dull and ces drooping. Mess pork offered at $2 29 for country and city packed. Lard country offered at 18¼a18½c; city Bulk meats dull; shoulders 11½a sides 13¾a14c. Bacon dull at 13½c; s ders 16¼a17c; clear rib, clear sides an gar cured hams 17¼a18c, and the de light. Butter firm at 34a40c. Chees 20c. Linseed oil $1,05. Petroleum further advanced to 34a35c. Groceries Gold 135¾ buying. Exchange firmer discount to par buying, and 1-10 pre selling. The money market is uncha

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

A Paris Scandal.

A correspondent of the *World* writes as follows from Paris, under date of December 21:

Another scandal of the hour is the entertainment given by Wirth, the man milliner, at his chateau in Suresnes, a village overlooking the Bois de Boulonge. It did not arise from the insolent luxury of his chateau. This is unbearable to many persons. The chateau consists of five buildings, each added seemingly to the other as the master's wealth increased.

The extensive grounds have almost as many capricious excuses for spending money as Stowe, the Duke of Buckingham's estate. There are terraces, summer houses, bridges, pagodas, filled with bronzes, porcelains, old armor for summer houses or pagodas, statues and vases for bridges and terraces. The tables of the house are covered with the most expensive cashmere shawls. The arms of the chairs are covered with the costliest laces. The scandal consists in his inviting the very same ladies invited to Compiegne and in their accepting his invitation. They durst not do otherwise. Had they refused he would have refused to receive their orders, and for a fashionable lady to go into society unattired by Wirth would be mortifying enough to drive her to suicide. I do not hint fear of his asking for payment of bills had anything to do with the alacrity with which his invitations were accepted. But people with retentive memories will recall the embarassments with which fashionable society was thrown five or six years since upon the announcement of Wirth's retirement from trade, and his successor's intention to be paid all bills or bring suit on them. There were $600,000 or $800,000 due him. Princess de Metternich owed, so the scandalous chronicle said, $50,000, and even quiet Princess Clotilde appeared on the books as debtor to the amount of $20,000. I suspect Wirth was emboldened to this step by the success of his tea during the winter. He has in a private drawing room, next to the trying-on room, tea served every afternoon and evening. He invites none to enter but the most aristocratic customers. This is an honor eagerly sought. In his chateau he has been inviting these princesses and marchionesses to tea at four o'clock P. M., (the new fashion.) He received them wearing flexible boots reaching to the knee, a broad belt around his waist, gloves with cuffs long as a dragoon's, and a flexible hat under his arm. In his vestibule were six footmen dressed as Chasseurs. The tea was served from silver urns in Sever's porcelain cups. I believe Wirth is an Englishman. Is it not odd an Englishman should be the arbiter of fashion in Paris!

The "Prime of Life."

There is a certain vagueness about this expression, for we hear it applied equally to men of thirty-five, or thereabouts, though they manage to look younger. Somebody has well said that "a man is no older than he feels, a woman than she looks." For persons of joyous temperament and good physique, then, the prime of life may last to a late period. A writer in *Cassell's Magazine* speaks of Dr. O. W. Holmes, "at the age of fifty-nine," as being in the prime of life, and so he is, being mentally and physically as sound as ever. Dickens, at fifty-seven is in the prime of life, wielding the pen as vigorously as he did thirty years ago, and walking his twenty miles before dinner whenever the humor takes him. It might have been said of the late Lord Palmerston that he was in the prime of life when past seventy, so vigorous then was he in frame, in intellect so clear. And so of the late Lord Brougham, who could go through a vast amount of mental and bodily fatigue when close upon his eighthieth year. What the prime of Mr. Barton's "Coming Man" is to be, the time has hardly yet arrived for discussion. If we really is to abjure the matutinal cocktail, though, and decline to muddle himself with bad tobacco, he may reman in his prime long enough to solve the problem of the philosopher's stone, or, perchance, square the circle. Women are apt to think that a man must be past the prime when his hair turns gray. Yet we have known many a man venerable as to his locks and beard, who was very much in his prime, indeed, and quite able to wallop the rash babbler who should doubt it. The prime of life is earlier with some persons, later with others. We have known women who were past their prime at forty, and others, who, with grand-children around them, were just in the noonale of their prime. Constitution has much to do with the question, and so have the habits and accidents of life.

The Inquisition of Silence.

The silent system of punishment is now in operation in the Holloway model prison in London. Under its rigid rules it is an offense for a prisoner to speak one word, and he is never addressed, except in whispers, so that he may be in the prison for two years without hearing the natural sound of the human voice! The effect of this is so terrible on the mind that prisoners will speak out in desperation, at the risk of any punishment, rather than endure that terrible silence. The prisoners never see one another, but remain in perpetual solitude. One poor wretch, driven to desperation by nine months' solitude and silence, recklessly broke out, "For God's sake, governor, put me in another cell! Put me somewhere else! I have counted the bricks in the cell till my eyes ache! There is a little hole in each cell, and, as the wardens wear shoes of India-rubber soles, the prisoner can never be sure he is alone. Those condemned to the tread-mill have to ascend twelve hundred steps every alternate twenty minutes for six hours. And this in a place so hot and close that prisoner often sink in perspiration three stone in as many months. Every day the prisoners are taken to a chapel so arranged that they can see no one save the chaplain, and him only through an iron grating. And that is the order of devotion observed. Wardens are constantly on the watch, lest for a single instant they, through the whole of the service, detract from the rigid rule of "eyes right." They must look steadfastly at the preacher; must raise and lower their prayer-books with the elbows squared, and all at once, like soldiers at drill. They may not scrape their feet without having afterward to excuse the movement. They may scarcely look an eye, or sigh, without danger of rebuke or punishment.

PAPER MONEY.—Adam Smith, the great authority on matters of political economy sets down many years ago the following propositions on the subject of an irredeemable paper currency: The commerce and industry of a nation, it must be acknowledged, though they may be somewhat augmented, cannot be altogether so secure, when they are thus, as it were, suspended in the Daedalian wings of paper money, than when they travel about upon the solid grounds of gold and silver. On the whole, therefore, it is plain that whether the power of issuing paper money be vested in the hands of a private banking company or of government, it should be placed under some excellent check or control, such as the obligation to pay it in gold or silver.

CLIPPINGS.

THE Boston *Transcript* says: "William Cullen Bryant, of whom, as a poet and man of letters, America has just reason to be proud, proposes to issue from the press of Messrs. Fields, Osgood & Co. his translation of Homer's Iliad, during the present year. This announcement will be received with great pleasure by every one who takes a just pride in our national literature. Mr. Bryant's qualifications for the task are unusual, and not the least among them is his wonderful mastery of English blank-verse. Judging by the specimens of the Greek poet which Mr. Bryant has printed from time to time, there is every reason to anticipate that he will achieve for Homer what has never yet been achieved, namely, a literal and at the same time a thoroughly practical translation into English. Neither Pope nor Cowper can be said to have left behind him a satisfactory presentation of the great epic. Old British Chapman, in spite of Keat's admiration for him, has the gravest faults; and his rendering of the blind poet, though it is very strong and sonorous, is far from fulfilling the demands of modern taste. Lord Derby and the late translators scarcely deserve mention in this connection. From Mr. Bryant may confidently be expected a version that shall leave little for further attempts in Homeric translation. The present era of American literature will be signalized by the production of the world's two greatest poems—the 'Divine Comedy,' translated by Longfellow, and Homer's 'Iliad,' translated by Bryant."

WOODEN CAR WHEELS, it is reported, have been introduced recently on one of the New York railways. Though these wheels cost three times the price of the ordinary cast iron wheels, the expense, it is contended, is of little compared with the advantages gained. They ride smoothly, making conversation, reading, and even writing, an easy task on the cars. They are made of thoroughly seasoned elm, or teak, with steel tires; are very durable, and will wear, by reason of their elasticity and durability, over four hundred thousand miees of railway, while the average use of the ordinary iron wheel is but fifty thousand nailes, after which it is necessary to break it up. It is also asserted that this is so constructed that it is impossible for the tire to become displaced, and that the wear to the track is is much less than by the cast iron wheel. Wooden wheels are used on the Metropoliton Underground Railway of London, where the frequent and sudden startings and sudden stoppages of the trains are calculated to rack and destroy the material of which they are composed. No accident, it is asserted, has yet occurrred on that road.

ONE may see in front of a hotel in the Bowery, New York, the statute of a man in rags, leaning disconsolately against a stump; hopeless despair and dogged indifference are visible in every lineament. Inquire what it means, and you will learn that many years ago a poor German emigrant stood in that guise on that spot, gazing in misery into an eating-house opposite. He had left the Faderland full of youth and hope, and found his adopted country indifferent and inhospitable, and in sight of food contemplated self-destruction as the dread alternative to theft or starvation. A gentleman observed his unhappy air, and accosted him in his native tongue. Having learned his history and admired his frankness, he gave him food and commended him to a friendly house as porter. By thrift and industry the poor German boy became successively partner and sole proprietor. On the site of his memorable encounter with the good Samaritan, he erected the hotel and placed his own statue upon it. He became one of the largest importers, and a millionaire.

ROUSSEAU IN BATTLE.—At Stone River he commanded the reserve division under General Thomas, and was ordered into action at a most critical period, his division suffering frightfully in the terrible forest of pines, which to-day stand a mournful mausoleum of so many heroic men. There are in Dayton many gallant fellows who saw and admired the splendid figure and inspiring deportment of Rousseau upon that fearful field, and there is not a brave man among them who will not gladly bear testimony to his chivalrous deportment. His personal presence, indeed, inspired his men in an extraordinary degree, and as he dashed along the lines upon his superb sorrel, under the hottest fire, they involuntarily broke into shouts that rung even above the din of battle. He was, indeed, as gallant a soldier as ever wore spurs or won honor on bloody fields.—*Dayton Journal.*

THERE is a woman living in Van Buren county, Michigan, who went there one year ago last spring dressed in men's clothes, representing herself to be a man, and bought forty acres of land. She is about fifty years of age, stout built, has lost the use of one leg, and uses a wooden substitute. She has built a comfortable frame house, grubbed out by hand fourteen acres of heavy oak, worth twenty-five dollars per acre, and fitted it for the plow; chopped and split her own rails, and has eight acres in wheat. She also dug a ditch on one side of her land, all of which is done in a superior manner. She furnishes the most of her neighbors with ax-helves, and splint baskets. About two months after she came she finished her house and moved into it. She came out in woman's clothes. She lives entirely alone, and keeps her own counsel.

THE new harbor of Port Said constitues one of the most admirable specimens of modern engineering science in the world. It is almost finished and when completed, will afford a sure refuge for the ships that will cross the canal. One of the anticipated difficulties attending the practical working of the canal is the probable crumbling of sand from the sides into the middle of the stream by the action of the waves caused by passing vessels. But this trouble will be obviated by dredging. The drifting of sand from the desert is expected to be prevented by the trees and cultivation that will result from the introduction of the full supplies of water in the canal.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PHALON'S

"PAPHIAN LOTION,"

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION. Removes all Eruptions, Freckles, Pimples, Moth Blotches, Tan, etc., and renders the Skin soft, fair and blooming. For Ladies in the Nursery it is invaluable. For Gentlemen, after shaving, it has no equal. "PAPHIAN LOTION" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the skin.

PHALON'S "PAPHIAN SOAP"

For the Toilet, Nursery and Bath; will not chap the skin. Price, 25 cents per cake.

"FLOR DE MAYO,"

A new Perfume for the Handkerchief. Exquisite, delicate, lasting fragrance. Sold by all Druggists.

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Je8:r9-MWF

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world; the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *Black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. au28:p28

GUIDE TO MARRIAGE.—Young Men's Guide to Happy Marriage and Conjugal Felicity. The humane views of benevolent Physicians, on the Errors and Abuses incident to Youth and Early Manhood, sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa. my18:q&eT

INSURANCE.

THE NATIONAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress, Approved July 25, 1868.

Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.

Branch Office: PHILADELPHIA,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

Where the general business of the Company is transacted, and to which all general correspondence should be addressed.

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This Company, National in its character, offers, by reason of the Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and Low Tables, the most desirable means of insuring life ever presented to the public.

The rates of premium being largely reduced, are made as favorable to the insurers as those of the best Mutual Companies, and avoid all the complications and uncertainties of Notes, Dividends and the hazardous liability which the latter are so apt to cause the Policy-Holders.

Several new and attractive tables are now presented which need only to be understood to prove acceptable to the public, such as INCOME-PRODUCING POLICY and RETURN PREMIUM POLICY. In the former, the policy-holder not only secures a life insurance, payable at death, but will receive, if living, after a period of a few years, *an annual income equal in ten per cent. (10 per cent.) of the par of his policy.* The latter the Company agrees to return *the entire total amount of money he has paid in, in addition to the amount of his policy.*

The attention of persons contemplating insuring their lives or increasing the amount of insurance they already have, is called to the special advantages offered by the National Life Insurance Company.

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☞LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed TO THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts.

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For further particulars address B. S. RUSSELL, Manager for General Agent, Harrisburg, Pa.

au23:MW&F

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(IN NATIONAL TRUST CO. BUILDING.)

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el3:MWF

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Will in future against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home Institution, managed by Directors who are well known to the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.

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no27

IMPERIAL

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ESTABLISHED 1803. CASH CAPITAL PAID UP AND INVESTED FUNDS EXCEEDING $8,000,000 IN GOLD.

Insurance against Fire effected on Houses and Buildings, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, Steamboats, &c. Policies issued payable in gold or currency. ☞ United States Branch Office, 40 PINE STREET, New York.

All losses of the United States Branch will be adjusted in New York.

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OFFICE, No. 167½ WOOD STREET, BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING.

This is a Home Company, and insures against loss by Fire exclusively.

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jy4:

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AGAINST LOSS BY FIRE.

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mh29:w15

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INSURANCE COMPANY,

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Office in Franklin Savings Bank Buildings,

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A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who trust by fair dealing to merit a share of your patronage.

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ap10:035

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,

OF THE CITY OF ALLEGHENY.

Office, No. 89 FEDERAL STREET, entrance on Stockton Avenue.

FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.

W. W. MARTIN, President
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oc17:n84

LEGAL.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF Allegheny County, State of Pennsylvania. Partition in Equity, No. 109, January Term, 1869.

Ann Holoship and Agnes Holdship verses Jane Campbell, Henry Campbell, Edward Campbell, Samuel S. Shields and Harriet Shields his wife, James C. Pearson and Wm. Wilson and Emily Wilson his wife, heirs of Jane Campbell; dec'd; George Knox, Wm. B. Knox, E. C. Dewey and Sarah Dewey his wife, James Knox, Martha Knox, Mrs. Ann M. Davidson and Jane K. McAllister, heirs of Hugh Knox, deceased: James Knox, George Knox and Smith Knox, heirs of William Knox, dec'd; James Knox, Samuel B. Knox, George Knox, Ann Armstrong, John M. Kirk, James Kirk, William F. Kirk, John Marshall and Nancy his wife Daniel Kieser and Sarah D. his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Barnes, Philip Deltrich and Mary his wife, George F. Kirk, Aaron Brooks and Ann B. his wife, and William M. Doty and the issue of his wife Jane Doty, dec'd; Mercy Lowell, George Crowmover, John Hodge and Hannah his wife, James Crowmover, Robert Crowmover, Lucretia Peasely, Almira Skenkle and Almira his wife, Mary Mann, John K. Bennett, Josephine S. Bennett, Issac J. Bennett, George M. Bennett, Isaac Jenkinson, Wm. D. Frazee and Rebecca his wife, Thomas Minshall, George K. Minshall, Robt. P. Minshall and Byram L. Minshall, heirs of Geo. Knox, dec'd. Heirs at law of Agnes Knox, dec'd, late of the city of Pittsburgh.

Bill filed by plaintiffs for the partition or sale of the real estate of Agnes Knox, late of the city of Pittsburgh, Pa., who died in 1854. The real estate consist of two lots on Fifth street, (now Fifth avenue,) in the city of Pittsburgh, one fronting on Fifth avenue about one hundred feet and on Market street about thirty feet, and the other fronting on Fifth avenue about twenty-two feet and running back along Market alley about thirty feet; on which are erected one brick and three frame buildings. The heirs of William Knox, dec'd, who was a brother of Agnes Knox, and have the one-fifth interest in said property, are unknown. One of his sons, James, when last heard from, lived near Cincinnati, Ohio.

The defendants above named are notified and required to cause an appearance to be entered for them in said Court and to answer said bill, on or before the 4th Monday of January, 1869, or in default thereof the bill will be taken *pro confesso*, and a decree made against them in their absence.

By order of Court, this the 2d day of January, A. D. 1869.

{L.S.} JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary.

WHITE & SLAGLE, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

ja6:072

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

Will be sold at Public Vendue, at the COURT HOUSE, in the City of Pittsburgh, on

THURSDAY, JANUARY 21st, 1869,

AT 10 O'CLOCK,

The following property belonging to the estate of James Black, deceased. All that lot of ground in Collins township, (now Eighteenth Ward, Pittsburgh,) bounded by lands of Samuel Semple, H. Williams and Wm. Semple, and by a township road; containing 16 acres and 105 perches; and having erected thereon a large double Frame Dwelling House, with a fine barn and other outbuildings and a Coal Bank opened on the premises, and will be sold as a whole or sub-divised to suit purchasers.

Also, Lots Nos. 10 and 11 in P. G. Bailey's plan, in East Liberty, each fronting 60 feet on the Turnpike road, and extending back 198 feet, and having thereon erected a good two story Brick House and Frame Stable.

Terms—One half cash, balance in one year.

A. HILANDS, Trustee, at the Court House.

ja1:c21-MTH

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—Letters of administration on the estate of GEORGE CARNAHAN, late of the Borough of Temperanceville, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly probated without delay to

no16:s3tM MOSES CHESS, Chartiers township.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF UNITED STATES, for the Western District of Pennsylvania.

OLIVER ADAMS,

a Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a Discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all persons who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 28TH DAY OF JANUARY, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before SAMUEL HARPER, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 93 Diamond street, to show cause, if any they have, why a Discharge should not be granted to the said Bankrupt. And further, notice is hereby given that the Second and Third Meetings of creditors of the said bankrupt, required by the 27th and 28th sections of said Act, will be had before the said Register, at the same time and place.

Ja9:c100 S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1869, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the

ESTATE OF ADOLPH RODELHEIMER,

Of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt, on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Pa., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M.

THOMAS A. ROWLEY, U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

ja16:o24

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.—ROBERT P. GETTY, a bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court, notice is hereby given to all Creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 9th day of February, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.

S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk of U. S. District Court for said District.

ja4:e2:2tM

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

WASHINGTON BRITTON, a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, having applied for a discharge from all his debts, and other claims provable under said Act, by order of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons interested, to appear on the 6th day of FEBRUARY, 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M. before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, at his office, No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny city, Pa., to show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.

de21:b77-M S. C. McCANDLESS, Clerk.

BILLIARD TABLES.

STANDARD

AMERICAN BILLIARD TABLES,

AND COMBINATION CUSHIONS.

Undisputably the best in use. NEW IMPROVEMENTS, Patented Nov. 26th, 1867, and April 21st, 1868. Everything relating to billiards of the best quality and lowest prices always on hand.

Our NEW CUE TRIMMER, Patented May 5th, 1868, price $2.50—a great success.

Illustrated price lists sent on application. Address

PHELAN & COLLENDER.

63, 65, 67 and 69 CROSBY ST., New York City

jy8:s81:rWM

MISCELLANEOUS.

$100 A MONTH CAN BE Made by male and female agents. We have nothing for curiosity seekers, but reliable, steady, profitable employment for those who mean business. Address, with 3-cent stamp, C. L. VAN ALLEN & CO., 48 Nassau St., New York. (ja12:4w

SOMETHING NEW AND USEFUL—A new era in Music. POPULAR MUSIC at POPULAR PRICES. "Hitchcock's Half Dime Series of Music for the Million." No. 1 now ready. Music and words of the comic song, "CAPTAIN JINKS OF THE HORSE MARINES." Others to follow rapidly. Price, 5 cents each. Your Newsdealer has it or will get it for you. Mailed on receipt of price. Address,

BENJ. W. HITCHCOCK, Publisher
89 Spring street, New York.

ja12:4w

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—I am now prepared to furnish constant employment to all classes at their homes, for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Fifty cents to $5 per evening is easily earned, and the boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. Great inducements are offered. All who see this notice please send me their address and test the business for themselves. If not well satisfied, I will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing me. Full particulars sent free. Sample sent by mail for ten cents.

Address,
E. C. ALLEN, Augusta, Maine

ja11:4w

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL A new book pertaining to Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, edited by Geo. E. Waring, Esq., the distinguished author and agricultural engineer of the New York Central Park. Nothing like it ever published; 200 engravings. Sells at sight to farmers, mechanics and workingmen of all classes. Active men and women are coining money. Send for circulars. E. B. TREAT & CO., Publishers,

ja12:4w 654 Broadway, N. Y.

MONEY EASILY MADE WITH our Complete Stencil and Key Check Outfit. Small capital required. Circulars free. STAFFORD MANFG. CO., 66 Fulton street, New York.

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A WATCH FREE.—Given Gratis to live, energetic agents, male or female, in a new, light and honorable business, paying $30 per day sure. No gift enterprise, no humbug. Address, R. MONROE KENNEDY & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ja12:4w

DR. BURTON'S TOBACCO ANTIDOTE.—Warranted to remove all desire for tobacco. It is entirely vegetable and harmless. It purifies and enriches the blood, invigorates the system, possesses great nourishing and strengthening power, is an excellent appetizer, enables the stomach to digest the heartiest food, makes sleep refreshing, and establishes robust health. Smokers and chewers for sixty years cured. Price, 50 cents, post free. A treatise on the injurious effects of tobacco, with lists of references, testimonials, &c., sent free. Agents wanted. Address, Dr. T. R. ABBOTT, Jersey City, N. J. Sold by all druggists.

Ja42:12w

$1,000 PER YEAR GUARANTEED, and steady employment. We want a reliable agent in every county to sell our Patent White Wire Clothes Lines (everlasting). Address, WHITE WIRE CO., 75 William street, N. Y., or 16 Dearborn street, Chicago, Illinois.

ja12:4w

CARPETS—Don't Pay the High Prices. The New England Carpet Company, of Boston Mass., established nearly a quarter of a century ago, in their present location, in Halls over 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85 and 87 Hanover street, have profitably furnished more houses with Carpets than any other house in the country. In order to afford those at a distance the advantages of their low prices, propose to send on the receipt of the price, 20 yards or upwards of their beautiful Ingrain Carpeting, at 50 cents per yard, with samples of ten sorts, varying in price from 25 cents to $3 per yard, suitable for furnishing every part of any house. ja12:4w

WE ARE COMING,

AND WILL PRESENT TO ANY PERSON SENDING us a Club in our Great

One Dollar Sale of Dry and Fancy

GOODS,

A WATCH, PIECE OF SHEETING, SILK DRESS PATTERN, &c., &c.,

FREE OF COST.

Our inducements during the past few years have been large.

WE NOW DOUBLE OUR RATES OF PREMIUMS.

We have made many important additions to our Winter Stocks, and have largely extended our Exchange List, and we now feel confident to meet the demand of our extensive patronage.

Send for new circular. Catalogue of goods and samples sent to any address free. Send money by registered letter. Address all orders to

J. S. HAWES & CO.,

15 Federal Street, Boston, Mass.

P. O. Box C.

Wholesale Dealers in Dry and Fancy Goods, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Albums, Leather Goods, &c., &c. ja12:12w

THE SUCCESS

Of our One Dollar Sale has Caused Such

A COMPLETE

REVOLUTION IN TRADE,

That in order to supply the demand occasioned by our constantly increasing patronage, we have recently made importations for the Fall Trade, direct from European Manufacturers,

AMOUNTING TO NEARLY $500,000,

So that we are prepared to sell every description of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, SILVER PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, WATCHES, ALBUMS, JEWELRY, &c., of better quality than any other concern in the country for the uniform price of

ONE DOLLAR FOR EACH ARTICLE,

With privilege of exchange from a large variety of useful articles not one of which could be bought for TWICE THE AMOUNT in any other way.

☞The best of Boston and New York references given as to the reliability of our house, and that our business is conducted in the fairest and most legitimate manner possible, and that we give greater value for the money than can be obtained in any other way.

All Goods damaged or broken in transportation replaced without charge.

☞Checks describing articles sold sent to agents in Clubs at rates mentioned below. We guarantee every article to cost less than if bought at any Boston or New York Wholesale House.

OUR COMMISSIONS TO AGENTS

Exceed those of every other establishment of the kind—proof of this can be found in comparing our premiums with those of others FOR CLUBS OF THE SAME SIZE, in addition to which we claim to give better goods of the same character.

We Will Send to Agents Free of Charge,

For a Club of 30 and Three Dollars—One of the following articles: 1 doz. good linen Shirt-Fronts. 1 set solid Gold Studs. All Wool Cassimere for Pants. Fine white Counterpane, large size. 1 elegant Balmoral Skirt. 20 yards brown or bleached Sheeting, good quality, yard wide. 1 elegant 100-Picture Morocco bound Photo. Album. 1 double lens Stereoscope and 12 Foreign Views. 1 silver plated engraved 5 bottle Castor. 1 elegant Silk Fan, with Ivory or Sandalwood Frame, feathered edge and spangled. 1 steel Carving Knife and Fork, very best quality, ivory balanced handle. 1 handsome beaded parasol. 20 yds good Print. 1 Damask Table Cover. 1 pr. best quality Ladies' Serge Congress Boots. 1 doz. fine Linen Towels. ¼ doz. elegant silver plated engraved Napkin Rings. 1 doz. Ladies' fine Merino or Cotton Stockings. Gents' heavy chased solid gold Ring. 1 pr. Ladies' high cut Balmoral Boots. 1 elegant Delaine Dress Pattern. 1 Violin and Bow, in box complete. 1 set Jewelry, pin, ear drops and sleeve buttons.

For a Club of 50 and Five Dollars—One black or colored Alpaca Dress Pattern. 1 set Lace Curtains. 1 pr. all Wool Blankets. Engraved silver plated 6 bottle Revolving Castor. 1 beautiful writing desk. 1 solid Gold Scarf Pin. 3½ yards very fine Cassimere, for Pants and Vest. 1 set ivory balance handled Knives, with silver plated Forks. 1 elegant Satin Parasol, heavily beaded and lined with silk. 1 pr. Gents' calf Boots. 30 yards good Print. 30 yards good brown or bleached Sheeting, yard wide, or 40 yards ⅞yd wide, good quality. 1 Ladies' elegant Morocco Traveling Bag. 1 Square Wool Shawl. 1 plain Norwich Poplin Dress Pattern. 1¼ yards double width cloth for ladies' Cloak. 1 elegant engraved silver plated Tea Pot. 3 yards double width waterproof Cloth for cloaking.

For a Club of 100 and Ten Dollars—One rich Merino or Tulbet Dress Pattern. 1 pair fine Damask Table Cloths and Napkins to match. 1 pair gents' French Calf Boots. 1 heavy silver plated engraved Pitcher. 1 very fine all Wool Cloth for Ladies Cloak. 1 web very fine best quality brown or bleached Sheeting. 7½ yds fine Cassimere for suit. 1 elegant Poplin Dress Pattern. 1 elegant English Barege Dress Pattern. 1 beautiful English Barege Shawl. 1 set ivory balanced handle Knives and Forks. 1 ladies' or gents' Silver Hunting case Watch. 1 Barnes' Hand Port

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The present population of Allegheny is estimated at 54,000.

Gough delivers his third and last lecture before the Young Men's Mercantile Association this evening at the Academy of Music. The subject is "Habit."

Allegheny Councils.—The new Allegheny Councils will meet in their chambers to-morrow evening for the purpose of electing city officers for the ensuing year.

Parade.—The Pittsburgh police are drilling preparatory to a parade of the force, which will take place on the day previous to the retirement from office of the present Mayor.

Elected.—The Board of Directors of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, Birmingham, have elected George Duncan, Esq., President, and Mr. Voight Cashier, of the institution.

Heavy Sale of Real Estate.—The total value of the property, the deeds for which were filed in the Recorder's office on Saturday, amounted to $232,125. An accurate list of all the deeds filed will be found in another column.

In justice to John R. McKee of this city we would state that he was not the prosecutor in the information made against Williams for keeping a gambling saloon. John N. McKee, who alleges he was victimized, resides in Birmingham.

There were three hundred and ninety new buildings erected in Allegheny during the year 1868. It is stated that "fully one half of these are spacious bricks, with pressed brick fronts, and cut stone dress sings, with the most elaborate appointments throughout."

The Pittsburgh Christian Advocate of last week had one of its editorial columns draped in mourning, and devoted to an obituary notice of Rev. Charles Elliott, D.D., late one of the most distinguished divines of the Methodist Episcopal denomination, who died a few days ago in Mount Pleasant, Iowa.

Robbed.—A gentleman by the name of R. L. Brittin, of New Orleans, was robbed of $400 in money on the Panhandle express train from Pittsburgh, which arrived at Cincinnati at 11 o'clock night before last. The money was taken from the pocket of Mr. Brittin's coat, which hung in his apartment in the sleeping car.

Bakery Robbed.—The bakery of Messrs. Ray & Brother, on Irwin street, was entered by burglars at an early hour on Saturday morning and robbed of some forty dollars in nickels, which had been left in the drawer. This is the second time this establishment has been robbed within a few months. No clue has been obtained of the perpetrators.

Taken Over.—Edward Nau, convicted of horsestealing and sentenced to one year and six months imprisonment, William Mahl, sentenced to two years and nine months for a similar offense, and Wm. Edgerly, sentenced for fifteen months for engaging in the riot at O'Neill's coal works, were all taken over to the Western Penitentiary on Saturday afternoon.

To Street Contractors.—The attention of the grading and paving street contractors is called to the City Engineer's advertisement, on our third page, for grading, paving and curbing of Wylie street extension and Duncan street, from Crawford street to Kirkpatrick street. We understand it is the intention of the Street Committee to put this under way at once and have it finished by July, if possible.

Coal Works at Public Sale.—We direct the attention of our readers to an advertisement in another column of a Coal Works at public sale on the 20th, situated on the B. & O. Railroad, in Guernsey county, Ohio. To those seeking a good investment this is a rare opportunity, as the sale is positive and without reserve. Messrs. Croft & Phillips, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue, will give full particulars.

Professor Slean's Lecture on American Liberty.—The Allegheny Library Association announces to the public that the eminent theologian, Professor J. R. W. Sloan, has prepared a lecture on American Liberty, to be delivered for the benefit of the Library, on Tuesday (to-morrow) evening, at Dr. J. B. Clark's Church, corner of Stockton avenue and Sandusky street, Allegheny. The doors will be opened at seven and the lecture bagin at eight o'clock,. Tickets 50 cents each, for sale at the Library or at the door.

A Suit of great importance to the oil trade was decided in Philadelphia on Tuesday last. The case was that of the National Refining and Storing Co. vs. Lockhart, Frew & Co., of this city. The defendants failed to deliver two thousand barrels of refined oil during the alleged corner in May last, and the action was brought to recover the difference between contract and market price. Several important points were at issue, all of which were decided in favor of plaintiffs, and a verdict in their favor given for $4,169.

More Meat Seizures.—Assistant Health officer Williams, on Saturday morning, confiscated four sheep and a portion of a beef alleged to be tainted and offered for sale in the Diamond market by Patrick Brannon. He also confiscated several dressed geese at the huckstering stand of Patrick Loge. Subsequently he made information before Alderman Humbert against Brannon for selling tainted meat. A hearing in the case was appointed for Tuesday. The penalty prescribed in such cases is a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than two hundred.

Alleged False Pretences.—Recently Mr. S. H. Watson, liquor dealer at the corner of Liberty and Wayne streets, came to the Mayor's office and made information, charging Patrick Gibbson with false pretences. He alleges the defendant bought liquors of him on credit, to the amount of sixty dollars, by representing that he owned property to the amount of four thousand dollars. This representation, it is alleged, proved false. A warrant was issued and placed in the hands of officer Messner. On Saturday the officer arrested the accused at Sharon, Pa, and brought him to this city. The prisoner is in the watch-hoouse awaiting a hearing.

Shooting Affray.

Yesterday morning, about one o'clock, as Mr. David Bennett and Mr. James Sims were passing along Wylie street, near High, some unknown person fired a pistol at them, the ball taking effect in the groin of Mr. Bennett, inflicting a very painful wound. He was removed to Neeland's hotel, in the First ward, and the ball was extracted by Dr. McGann. It is thought that the wound, though severe and painful, will not prove serious.

Slight Fire.

On Saturday morning, about 3 o'clock, the floor of the grocery store of W. G. Miller, on Webster avenue, near Seventh, was discovered to be on fire. An alarm was sounded from box 35, which brought the engines promptly to the place, and the fire was extinguished before it had gained very much headway. The loss will probably be five hundred dollars, which is covered by insurance in the Cumberland Valley Insurance Company. The fire is supposed to have originated from a coal from the stove dropping on the floor. Messrs. Sutton and M'Kelvy owned the building.

PANHANDLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Coroner's Investigation--Testimony Adduced--Verdict of the Jury.

Saturday morning the jury impannelled by Coroner Clawson to investigate the circumstances attending the late accident on the Panhandle Railroad at Cork's Run, by which Rev. J. G. Archer, of Clearfield, Pa., J. C. McPherson, of Springfield, Ohio, and John Aland, of Pittsburgh, were killed, assembled at the Coroner's office, when the following testimony was adduced:

Dr. R. L. Walker, sworn—On Tuesday morning received a dispatch to attend the persons injured by the accident. Went to Mr. Wycoff's and found Henry C. Burnett. Found on examination that he had severe bruises on his chest, and also a contusion about the left eye and left side of his face, which he said were caused by accident to the sleeping car at Cork's Run. Afterwards the body of John C. McPherson was brought in. Found severe cuts and fractures on various parts of the body, and severe contusion on the base of the skull. The concussion of the brain caused by this contusion undoubtedly caused his death. Afterwards examined the body of John Aland. (A hypercritical juror, demanded from witness proof of the identity of the body. This having been given the witness was permitted to go on.) Could find no external injuries sufficient to have caused death. There were no bruises visible.

Dr. A. C. Murdock, sworn.—Was called on Tuesday evening to examine the body of a stranger, who was said to have been taken from the wreck at Cork's run. Did not know his name. The body was lying at Devore's undertaking establishment. Compound fracture of the left leg had been sustained, and severe bruises on the lower part of the abdomen and on the chest. These bruises, I think, caused death. Think the body had been in the water, but the bruises would have caused death in any event.

J. B. Dorrington, sworn—The body brought to Devore's was that of Rev. J. G. Archer, of Clearfield, Clearfield county, Pa. Have heard that he was about forty years of age. The names of the men who were taken to Mansfield were John Aland, of Pittsburgh, conductor of sleeping car, and J. C. McPherson, of Springfield, Ohio. Aland was about twenty-seven years of age, and McPherson thirty-five. Had the body of Mr. Archer taken in charge of by one of my men to Clearfield, about twenty-four hours after the accident. I arrived at the scene of the accident about half-past nine o'clock on the morning of the occurrence. Found our men watching the bodies of the killed. I had two of the bodies removed to Mansfield. The body of Mr. Archer was found in the run after I had left with the others. Think the accident was caused altogether by the heavy rains, and the alternate freezing and thawing, causing the earth of the embankment to settle. We had been troubled to some extent with slides on the track. This train took the siding to avoid a slight slide that had occurred on the other track. The siding was used frequently, and is intended to be used, eventually, as a main track. The accident occurred twelve or thirteen hundred feet from the place where the train passed upon the siding. The siding had been in daily use for over a month, and there was no suspicion that it was unsafe.

John Blair, sworn—Am conductor on train No. 6, on the Panhandle Railroad. Left Pittsburgh at three o'clock on the morning of the accident. Passed upon the siding at 3:35. Was a little delayed by having to clean snow from the switches. Was signalled that there was a slip on the main track. The engineer and myself went forward and saw the slip, and to avoid delay I concluded to take the siding, and did so. Were going from four to six miles per hour at the time of the accident. Was on the engine at the time. While the engine was passing over the fill I felt what I thought was a low joint. Shortly afterwards the bell on the engine rang. Looked back and saw the car going down the bank. Stopped the engine immediately. Had considered the siding as safe as the main track. Were passing over it very slowly. The track was covered with snow and we could see no defects. After the car had jumped the track, it went no more than ten or fifteen feet before going down. Don't know how many persons were in the car, but the brakeman told me that when we left Pittsburgh there were six passengers, all men.

George C. Pickerell, sworn—Am engineer on engine No. 24, Panhandle Railroad. Left Pittsburgh on time Tuesday morning. Near where the accident occurred was signalled by the track watchman. Stopped and waited. He said there was a slip on the main track, and stones were still falling. He thought we could not get through. The conductor and I went and ascertained that we could not get by without delay. We backed to switch and took siding. In passing over fill felt only a low joint. Then felt a jerk. Looked back and saw car going down. Stopped the engine instantly, and the conductor and myself went down. Searched all about for bodies. There was some fire in the wreck, and I put it out as soon as possible. Other men found two bodies. Took them from the wreck and left them on the ground. Some portions of the wreck had fallen into the run. At the time of the accident we were running hardly six miles an hour. Stopped in less than two car lengths.

John S. Edwards, sworn—Am baggage master on train No. 6. Left Pittsburgh on time Tuesday morning. After passing upon the siding heard a crash. Looked back and saw car going down the bank. On going back I found brakeman of the wrecked car coming up the bank. We were running very slow at the time of the accident; not over five miles an hour. Consider that the accident was unavoidable.

Wesley Gates, sworn—Am brakeman and was on the sleeping car that was wrecked. Was in the car at the time of the accident. The conductor was sitting by the stove, on the hind seat. We occupied these positions when we passed upon the siding. We pulled on the siding very slowly. Felt a slight jar; knew something was wrong, and pulled the bell rope. Then threw myself on the floor and grasped the arm of one of the seats. The car had not gone more than half its length before it turned over. The front end started down first, as if it were going down end foremost. It surged around, however, and rolled over and over. Saw nothing of the rest of the train until I got out of the wreck. The conductor told me before that there were six passengers in the car, all men.

Jno. S. Barnard, sworn—Am brakeman on train No. 6. Was braking in front at the time of the accident. After being flagged we backed about a car length to the switch, and ran upon the siding. About three hundred yards from the mouth of the swith felt a jar, as if we had passed a low joint Looked back and saw what I supposed was a car going down the bank, and heard a crash. Were running about four miles and a half an hour. Ran not more than two car lengths after the accident. The truck frame and other portions of the wreck were burning, and we went down to see whether there were any persons in danger of burning. No person was injured by the fire. I helped get Mr. Barnett out of the wreck. The jar I felt, I suppose, was caused by the breaking of the coupling. Have ran over this siding many times. Have considered it just as safe as the main track. Know of no other accident occurring in the immediate vicinity of this place.

M. J. Becker, sworn—Am Resident Engineer of the Panhandle Railroad. The embankment, at the place of the accident, is ninety feet high from the rail to the bottom of the run. When I came upon this road in April, 1867, the embankment was not completed. The track was supported on trestle work. Since then we have been constantly at work there filling up the trestle with solid embankment. About the end of November last the embankment was completed up to grade, and of width sufficient to carry two tracks. It was built in a very careful manner by carts, being constructed in regular layers from the bottom up. The constant hauling over it as it was being built made it very solid, and at the time the track was being laid over it, I considered it as safe as any other place on the road. It had never before been in so good a condition. The curve here is rather less than a six degree curve.

A. B. Covey, sworn—Am Roadmaster on the eastern division of the Panhandle Railroad. Was called upon to lay the track on which the accident occurred, and considered the embankment safe to lay the track upon. Before laying any ties we spread fine ballast to the depth of ten inches. Placed first class ties on this, two and a half feet apart. Iron, sixty-four pound rail, joined by fish plates. Filled in, after spiking, with stone ballast. Had used the siding about four weeks before the accident. It is intended to use the track as one of the main tracks. The heaviest engines on the road have been passing over the track. Was at the place of the accident the day before the accident, and discovered nothing out of the way with the track. Considered it perfectly safe. Was over the track the morning after the accident. Found that the track had settled about a foot at the place where the car went over. There were no signs of anything having been washing away. It was merely a sinking of the ground caused by the excessive rains. Have been in charge of the road as Roadmaster eleven months, and the day before the accident considered the track even safer than at any previous time.

O. Brashear, sworn—Am agent of the road at Birmingham; was sent to Cork's Run on the morning of the 12th to examine the condition of the wreck. Mr. Card, the Superintendent, sent me; reached there about nine o'clock; examined the track and found that the *wreck had been caused by the slipping away of the embankment under the track*; think it had given away about six feet; the track had sunk about six inches, I think; the lowest point had settled about nine inches under the right hand rail, going west; the car had, I think, run twelve or fifteen feet beyond the sink before it left the track entirely; part of the wreck lay in the run, and part of it on top of the arched culvert; the entire embankment for twenty-five feet of the culvert had settled; but the greatest was at the point where the accident occurred; at the time the train passed along the siding, it would, I think, have been dangerous for it to have passed over the main track, even after the slide had been removed, as the slides still continued; consider it unsafe for trains to run along beside that hill on a wet day, on the main track.

Nathan Rook, sworn—Am the watchman on the Panhandle Railroad, from the west side of the Cork's run dump to the Saw Mill run bridge. Was on the road all of Monday night; saw nothing wrong with the siding; there was a fall on the main track, and I had to flag the train down; there had been three or four during the night, but they had all been cleaned away except the last one; was over the siding several times, the last time not more than an hour before the train came along; think it would have been unsafe to pass a train over the main track, as the slides were liable to occur at any time.

John Mangar, sworn—Am division boss on the road; on the 11th inst. I had been working on both tracks on the fill. principally on the main track; wherever I would find the road at all out of line I repaired it; where the accident occurred the track seemed all right; No. 19 freight, the heaviest on the road, passed over the place between five and six o'clock, and produced no effect; the company takes every precaution to prevent accidents here; felt no apprehensions of accident when I left the place at night.

Michael Maddigan, sworn—Am contractor. I commenced and finished the filling up of the Cork's Run embankment, and carried it on strictly according to directions, and built it of excellent materials. My instructions were given positively several times in the month, and were correct, according to the best of my knowledge.

The testimony here closed and the jury retired. After a protracted absence they returned and rendered the following verdict:

"That the deceased came to their deaths on January 12, 1869, at or near Cork's Run, in Chartiers township, by an accident on the Pittsbnrgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad, and we further believe that said accident was caused by an embankment giving way, owing to the severe rains which allowed the track to settle, and that from the evidence before the jury, all due caution was observed by the employes of the road to keep the track in order."

Another Bank Robbery--Escape of the Perpetrator.

We have to record another bold bank robbery this morning. Saturday afternoon about two o'clock, a gentleman named Fergus, doing business at Elizabeth, Pa., on the Monongahela river, entered the Union National Bank, corner of Market street and Fourth avenue, for the purpose of getting the coupons on four thousand six hundred dollars worth of United States five-twenty bonds, which he had deposited with the bank. The coupons were detached by the Cashier, Mr. Smith, and the bonds folded in a common envelope and laid on the counter. Mr. F. said he wished the coupons to be exchanged for more bonds. While Mr. Smith stepped back to make the change, the original bonds were left lying on the counter in the envelope. At this instant Mr. F. was suddenly jostled by some one, and upon turning round, faced a young man who apologized for his rudeness, and of inquired "where is Brady's Banking House." Upon being directed he disappeared and Mr. F. turned to the counter again to find the envelope with the bonds missing. Suspicion at once attached itself to the young man who had disappeared a few moments before, and as soon as possible the detectives were made acquainted the circumstances. Mr. F. could give no description of the chap, further than he was a young man without whiskers. There is a great many young men without whiskers, none of them would relish being taken for bank robbers or rogues of any sort. The detective will be sharp who secures the thief on such a clue. The success of the bold robber at the Peoples National Bank seems to have encouraged the fraternity and opened for them a new and highly profitable field for operations, although it is somewhat hazardous, and will in the end, probably, lead some of them into trouble.

Caught at Last.

Our readers will remember that some months ago George Seigrist, who was at one time the proprietor of the hotel at the corner of Seventh avenue and Grant streets, was charged with certain irregularities of conduct while acting as agent for an insurance company. It was alleged that, when called upon to render an account of his stewardship, he was "short" several hundred dollars. He was arrested and requested the officer to wait until he should go and put on his coat. The officer waited and George went in. The supposition is that he came out again also, but the waiting officer had no cognizance of that fact. After tarrying a good while he went to look for his prisoner and found him not. Nothing further was heard of Seigrist until about a month ago. At that time a man came to the Mayor's office, and told officer Messner that one of his boarders had "done" him out of about five hundred dollars and had gone to Chicago. Officer Messner wrote to officer George Shuman of that city concerning the man. He received an answer to the effect that no such man was to be found there, but a man named George Seigrist was keeping a tavern in Chicago, and that the man inquired for would be likely to stop at his house. Officer Messner showed the letter to the boarding house keeper. A few days since officer Dressler proceeded to Chicago with a requisition and on Saturday arrested Seigrist. He arrived here yesterday afternoon with his prisoner, whom he lodged in jail,

The Birmingham Sensation—More About the Encounter With the Burglar—A Rumor Exploded and one in the Shell.

In Friday's GAZETTE, under the caption of "an encounter with a burglar," we furnished the full particulars of a thrilling and desperate struggle between Mr. John J. Davis, of Franklin street, Birmingham, and an unknown burglar who had effected an entrance into the dwelling of the assailant. The fight was close and desperate, and, worsted in the combat, with his body almost cut into mince meat, the thief beat a retreat. The next morning blood stains on the snow revealed the route taken by the burglar in making his escape, but the carmine trace was lost at a certain point, and the search for the thief was abandoned. Rumor was busy yesterday in circulating the story that a butcher, beautifully illustrated with choice cuts, had been discovered, and that the evidence of his guilt was conclusive. It was told that the butcher had made a dying declaration that he was cut on the same night the bloody encounter took place, not by Davis, but while engaged in defending his own sausage shop from the ravages of a hungry thief who had gained ingress. The belied butcher lived convenient to Mr. Davis, and, of course, was much incensed that such a report should obtain circulation, for it was no pleasant thing to have said that he was a burglar and had been cut by an acquaintance in such a serious manner. There is no truth in the story about the butcher, and we presume the wag who started the canard had reference to the choice cuts of beef adorning the hooks and pins of his shop.

In order to discover the truth or falsity of the story just disposed of, we visited Birmingham last night and were informed by a responsible gentleman of a quite different rumor which had reached his ears, which may possibly resolve itself into fact to-day and thus unravel what is now a mystery regarding the identity of the cut thief. The story has two parts. On the morning after the desperate encounter a weak and feeble man, with his head tied up in a bundle of rags, and his hand clenching the lapel of his coat as though stuffing his inner shirt into a gaping wound, might have been seen tottering along the snow covered road leading to Brown's coal works and other places on the Monongahela river. He was not tottering alone, however, for two stalwart men, with benevolent countenances and seedy clothes, supported him between them, bearing him forward tenderly and kindly. Out from a pretty little snow covered hut—all the little huts along the Monongahela are pretty, in a story—came a woman who, with a burst of inquisitiveness not peculiar to her sex, timidly inquired where the man had been so badly handled. One of the guides replied that he was a poor man just from the country, who had been to the city at a ball and several roughs had cut him out. The lady desisted and made no more inquiry, as it was nigh breakfast time and she was afraid to detain the patient and his party, not that she was selfish, but that a walk was a good thing for the wounded. So the first chapter of the rumor closes. The sequel will disclose what became of the wounded gallant, but won't say anything about the companions, who rumer lost in looking after the horb. At Beck's run on the Monongahela river, with his face turned towards the heavens, his gory locks frozen to the earth, all his wounds bound together with blood ice and his feet dangling through a worm fence, our wounded friend turns up, if it is proper to say that a dead man can go through that gymnastic performance. So ends the story. In out next edition we will learn how much truth there is in the rumor, and we only hope that it may prove that a real burglar has been caught by the South Side police, for it would reflect much credit to their shrewdness and sagacity, qualities that have hitherto been unappreciated by the citizens whose lives and property they guard.

Attempted Mail Robbery—A Cool Proceeding, but Unsuccessful, and the Perpetrator Secured.

On Saturday evening, about half-past seven o'clock, a man was seen to walk up to the mail car, at the Union Depot, attached to the fast line express on the Pennsylvania Railroad, pass his hand through the open door into the car, while the attention of the mail agent was called in another direction, draw out one of the mail boxes, take it to the fence near by, shove it through the railing to the other side and walk back again right into the hands of officer Johnston of the depot. who had been informed of his movements by depot master Henry Keggy who had been watching him throughout. The man was at once taken to the lock up, where he gave his name as John Barnes from New Haven, Connecticut, on his way to Cleveland. He was well dressed, claimed to be a respectable citizen and stoutly denied having been about the mail car at all. No information has been made against him, but doubtless will be made this morning. It is thought that the intention of the robber was to wait until the departure of the train and then carry the box away. Several times boxes have been missed from the car and afterwards found broken into pieces on the hillside near the depot. The punishment to offenders of this class one would suppose severe enough to deter them from engaging in the pratice, but some persons will engage in any enterprise promising good pay if successful, no matter how dishonorable it may be. If the party arrested be really guilty he should receive the severest penalty of the law. The operation was one of the coolest we have recorded for some time, and such a bold operator is safe only behind the penitentiary walls, and hardly there.

Teachers' Institute.

According to adjournment at Madison School House, the Plum Township Teachers' Institute met at New Texas.

The school, taught by Miss M. J. Joyner, was in session during the forenoon, and both teachers and pupils conducted themselves in a very creditable manner.

Society then adjourned for one hour, during which time all partook of a sumptuous repast, prepared by the ladies of the district.

Afternoon session consisted in class-drills in Orthography by Miss K. M. Junk, M. A., J. M. Carpenter, and reading by F. M. Johnson.

A lively interest was manifested throughout all the exercises.

A number of the citizens of the district showed their interest in the cause of edution by turning out and witnessing the performances.

Adjourned to meet in two weeks at Center School House.

Obsequies of a Clergyman.

Saturday afternoon the funeral of Very Rev. John Stoepel, of Allegheny, whose death we noticed on Thursday morning last, took place, and was attended by an immense concourse of friends who had learned to love him while living. On Friday morning previous Solemn Requiem Mass was said at St. Mary's Church for the deceased, and vespers for the dead in the afternoon. A Solemn Pontificial Mass of Requiem was rendered over the remains, which lay in state in St. Mary's Church on Saturday. The funeral took place after this mass, the Bishop of the Diocese and a number of Beneficial Societies taking part in the procession, which proceeded to the German Catholic Cemetery on the hill in the rear of Allegheny. The funeral procession was one of the largest of the kind which ever took place in Allegheny. It numbered over one thousand persons.

New Crop Raisins, Currents, Citrons, Prunellos, Dates, Figs, Prunes, &c., &c., at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. 4t

A Pleasant Occasion.

On Friday evening a sumptuous supper was spread in the magnificent public school house of the Eleventh ward by the teachers in honor of the Board of Directors. The supper was very magnificent, reflecting much credit to the ladies under whose auspices it was prepared, and we have but to say if they can teach as well as cook, and we firmly believe they can, there should never be any change made in the faculty of the Eleventh ward, unless by marriage or death. The outgoing directors, Mr. James Robb and Capt. William Mays, have contributed largely towards advancing the educational interests of the ward, and much of the credit of the elegant and commodious new school building is due their energy, enterprise and zeal in the cause of popular instruction. However, as much as the tax payers, teachers and scholars will regret their withdrawal from the Board of Directors, they will have cause to be thankful that Messrs. Shannon and Ford will prove most worthy successors.

At the supper Prof. George J. Luckey, City Superintendent, presided, and there were present, in addition to the school teachers and directors, a number of invited guests. Entertaining addresses were made by Prof. Luckey, Prof. Taggart, the worthy and efficient Principal, and Messrs. Max. K. Moorhead, Jas. Robb, Captain Wm. Mays, Henry Ford, and others, appropriate to the occasion. Very touching and neatly worded valedictory addresses to the outgoing directors were made by Misses Mathews, Martin, Smith, Taggart and Rutledge. The following preamble and resolutions were read and presented to the directors:

PITTSBURGH, January 15, 1869.

At a regular meeting of the Eleventh Ward Teachers' Association, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

We, the undersigned, Teachers of the Eleventh Ward Public School, Pittsburgh, Pa., do hereby express our regret at the severance of the ties which have been brought about by the expiration of the term of office of James Robb and Capt. Wm. Mays, but notwithstanding the loss of these worthy and tried members, we have every confidence in the ability and integrity of their successors.

Resolved, That we ever keep in grateful remembrance their inestimable services in the cause of public instruction.

Resolved, That we will, to the best of our ability, endeavor to fulfill the high hopes doubtless entertained of us for the advancement of the schools over which we are placed.

Signed: John J. Taggart, M. E. Taggart, L. C. Martin, Irenia Rutledge, H. Mathews, Jennie Smith, Hattie Davis, Maggie Marshall, Aggie Martin, M. E. Irwin, Jennie Moffat, Anna Moore, Lizzie Laughlin.

After supper the party adjourned to the large hall, where a dance was held, in which there was general participation and enjoyment. During the evening some excellent vocal music was rendered by Prof. Hughes and Masters James and Robert Owens. The singing of the boys was very fine, and under training, they would give much promise of becoming very superior musicians.

The Thieves Combination—Look to Your Bonds.

The city is infested with a gang of villains from Buffalo, New York and Chicago, who have entered into a combination to "do up" the principal cities of the country during the coming few months. Of this fact we have ample assurance, and our readers may look out for theft of all descriptions during the present week, as the gang have already entered the city and laid their ropes for operations. Indeed, we do not know but both of the bank robberies so skillfully executed last week were the first pickings secured by the gentry. This combination of thieving talent is said to embrace many professionals who would spurn to do any light jobs, but "lay" for banks, the vaults of heavy business houses and the wallets of those supposed to be sufficiently able to keep them well lined. It is rumored that several of Pinkerton's detectives are on the alert to secure the capture of some of the rogues, but as the thieves are no bunglers, and about as shrewd as the most expert man catchers, it is hardly probable that the gang will lose any one of the members before a large dividend is declared out of the spoils. In view of the fact that so many distinguished and "taking" fellows are in the city it behooves all bank managers and messengers, money carriers and merchants to keep their wits about them in order to avoid being victimized. Our police force are busily engaged in working up the case, but we are not permitted to divulge with what success. It will suffice to say, however, that unless the thieves soon depart for Cleveland, the next city to be drained, Mayor Blackmore will flash upon the community the crowning act of his administration. We shall see what we shall see.

Marriage of a Pittsburgh Clergyman.

The New York *Tribune* has the following:

Another wedding in high life came off yesterday, at St. Luke's Church, No. 383 Hudson street, the parties contracting being the Rev. Joseph D. Wilson, of East Liberty Pittsburgh, Pa., and Miss Catharine Offley, daughter of our fomer Counsel to Smyrna. The officiating clergyman was the Rev. Isaac H. Tuttle, D.D., Rector of St. Luke's, and the bride was given away by her uncle, John Priestley, formerly editor of a prominent Whig journal in this city. About one thousand cards of invitation were issued, and before two o'clock the church was crowded to its utmost capacity. Dr. Tuttle performed the ceremony. Among those present were Bishop Southgate, Dr. Haskins, of Williamsburg, Dr. Van Kleeck, of St. Paul's Church, Broadway, Mr. Kilbourn, of Iowa, and hosts of other prominent gentlemen and ladies of this city. There were no bridesmaids or groomsmen in attendance, and the bride was dressed in a plain travelling dress of lavender poplin, trimmed with satin facings of the same color, and on her head she wore a lavender-colored hat of the same material, with pink roses in it. The happy pair left last night, at five and a half o'clock, for Washington and Georgetown, D. C., whence, after a short stay, they will return in time to receive at Mr. Priestley's on Thursday next. Mr. Wilson has recently been appointed Rector of Christ's Church, East Liberty, and will shortly leave for the scene of his future labors.

Robbery in Allegheny.

On Saturday forenoon, Mrs. Shearen, a milliner, having a shop on Ohio avenue, Allegheny, came to the office of Mayor Drum and stated that her shop had been entered and thirty-five dollars in money stolen from her. She occupied a room adjoining her shop as a sleeping room, and a short time previous to the robbery had changed her dress, leaving the one she took off hanging in the room mentioned. She then left the shop to make a purchase at a place close at hand, and discovered that she had left her pocket book, containing thirty-five dollars, in the pocket of her other dress. She returned to get it and discovered that it had been stolen. She had neglected to lock the door after going out, and some person had entered the shop in her absence, passed into the sleeping room and stolen the money. A lady, living opposite the shop, said she had seen a man, whom she described, enter the shop and leave it shortly afterwards. The description she gave was that of a man named Henry Lotz. On inquiry, it was found that Lotz had been in the neighborhood of the shop at the time indicated. He was arrested on suspicion, and identified by the lady spoken of, as the man she had seen enter the shop. Mrs. Shearen made information against him for the larceny of the money. The case was held for a further hearing.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Mr. and Miss Couldock concluded their engagement on Saturday night at the Opera House, appearing before a very large audience. They are always made welcome in Pittsburgh. To night, the irrepressible Leffingwell, who is known everywhere as the funniest man alive, will appear in Byron's burlesque of Cinderella, and the nonsensical farce of "Too much good Nature."

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—The really excellent and meritorious performances of the Gregory combination troupe from London have made the "Old Drury" a great centre of attraction. The performances are simply grand, and those who fail to attend deprive themselves of a rare entertainment.

ORPHANS' FAIR.—The Fair will keep up till next Saturday night, and the attractions will be increased during the week. The magnificent and very valuable set of silverware, which cost somewhere in the neighborhood of three hundred dollars, to be disposed of by chances at the Altar Society table, excites much attention, and many are investing to secure it for their homes.

BURNELL'S MUSEUM.—New attractions will be offered during the week.

If this Should Meet the Eye

Of persons afflicted with any of the following diseases, by calling at the medicine agency of Dr. Ross, No. 28 Sixth (late St. Clair) street. will be assured of speedy relief and permanent cure. These preparations are compounded from original receipts of Dr. Ross, and have been used by him with great success. Dr. Ross' Rheumatic Remedy has never failed to cure the worst cases in a short time. Dr. Ross' Dyspeptic cure, aged persons and those of weak constitutions, will find this remedy of great benefit. Dr. Ross Tar Compound, for coughs, colds and diseases of the lungs, has no equal. Dr. Ross' Crimea Water is the best remedy for catarrh known. A cure warranted in every case. M.W.F.

The Purest and sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh, healthy livers, upon the sea shore; it is perfectly pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it can take none other. Ask for "Hazard and Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York Sold by all druggists. M

Ask your Grocer for Marvin's superior Spiced Jumbles. eod2w

Good Roasted and Cream Almonds, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. 4t

Prime Canned Fruits and Vegetables, at the lowest rates, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. 4t

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 167 First street.

Kenwood Boarding School for Boys.—Four vacancies on January 6th. Apply to Rev. J. P. Taylor, New Brighton, Pa. 2w.

Superior Walnut Candy, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny. 4t

Extra Fine Cream Bon-Bons, at 112 Federal street. 4t

MARRIED:

FOSTER—JORDAN—On Thursday evening, January 14th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. C. G. Baddock, Mr. LYSANDER FOSTER and SARAH, daughter of Jacob Jordan, Esq., all of Allegheny county.

DIED.

HAMNETT—At one o'clock on Saturday morning, January 16, 1869, SAMUEL HAMNETT, in the 36th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his father near Wilkinsburg Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, on MONDAY, January 18 at 2 o'clock. Carriages will leave Fairman & Samson's, corner of Seventh and Smithfield streets, at 12½ o'clock.

NEWMAN—On Sunday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, JESSEY, daughter of James R. and Julia A. Newman, aged 1 year 8 months and 5 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 179 Webster avenue, TUESDAY, 19th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HYDE—On Sunday, the 17th, Miss LIZZIE HYDE, daughter of the late E. Hyde, No. 83 Robinson street, Allegheny city.

Notice of funeral in evening papers.

HAY—Sunday morning, the 17th inst., CHARLOTTE NELSON, youngest daughter of Malcolm and Virginia E. Hay, in the third year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob H. Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

ROBERT T. RODNEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, No. 45 OHIO STREET, Allegheny, keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of ready-made Coffins of the following kinds: First, the celebrated American Burial Cases, Metallic Self-sealing Air-tight Cases and Caskets, and Rosewood, Walnut and Rosewood Imitation Coffins. Walnut Coffins from $25 upwards. Rosewood Imitation Coffins from $5 upwards, and no pains will be spared to give entire satisfaction. Crape and Gloves furnished free of charge. Best Hearses and Carriages furnished on short notice. Carriages furnished to funerals $4.

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FOR A STYLISH PAIR OF PANTS,
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For all the latest styles cut clothes, made of the best material, and by first-class workmen, and at prices surprisingly low, go to the well known Merchant Tailor,

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